



District Disaster Management Plan

District Dang

Year : 2026-27



Gujarat State Disaster Management Authority
And
District Emergency Operation Center

Disaster Branch, Collector Office, Dang-Ahwa
Control Room No.: 02631-220347 (Toll Free No.: 1077)

N D Parmar (IAS)
Collector & District Magistrate
Dang-Ahwa



Office of Collector And
District Magistrate
District Emergency Operation
Center Dang-Ahwa

FOREWORD

Establishment of the Disaster Management Authority and the Disaster Management Act has erected a new direction about disaster management in the country by creating a scientific structure of it. It has always been learning something from being able to face natural and man-made disasters coming in Gujarat in functional form.

Gujarat State Disaster Management Authority implemented the Disaster Risk Management Program in the State and Dang District, the programme has for DRM components; Capacity Building, Awareness Generation, Mock drill and Plan Preparation. Under the programme Collector office, Dang Preparing the Communities and Government Officials from grass root level to top level for securing quick response mechanism right from bottom to top level. As a part of Disaster Risk management, all the Villages and Taluka Level Disaster Management Plans have prepared and are being updated every Year.

This plan is a necessary document for reducing risks due to hazards and vulnerability; I hope this great document would be really helpful for protecting life and properties as well as sustainable development in future.

N D Parmar (IAS)
Collector & District Magistrate
Dang-Ahwa

Place: Dang-Ahwa

Date:

INDAX

Chapter Sr.No	Description	Page No.
1	Introduction	1
	What is disaster ?	
	Aims and Objectives	4
	Evolution of the plan	5
	How to use the plan	6
	Authority for the plan	
	Stakeholders and their responsibilities	7
2	Hazard Vulnerability and Risk Assessment	11
	Hazard Risk Vulnerability Assessment – Authority that carried out HRVA	
	Capacity Analysis	13
	Tool and methodology used for HRVA	16
	List of Hazards with probability	
	Outcome and recommendations of the Hazard, Risk, Vulnerability and capacity analysis	17
	Earthquake	18
	Flood	20
	Drought:	23
	Tsunami	24
	Heatwave	25
	Cyclone/Strome	26
3	Institutional Arrangements	29

	D.M.organizational structure in the State	30
	D.M.organizational structure in the District	31
	District Crisis Management Group (Task Force)	32
	District Disaster Management Committee (DDMC)	34
	Incident Response System in the District	36
	EOC setup and facilities available with the location	42
	Alternate EOC if available and its location	44
	Forecasting and warning agencies	45
4	Prevention and Mitigation Measures	46
	Prevention measures in development plans and programs	
	Hazard wise structural & non-structural mitigation measures	47
	Summary of mitigation measures	
	Special project proposed for preventing the disasters	53
5	Specific projects for vulnerable group	56
	Preparedness Measures	59
	Formation of persons and training	
	(A) Search & Rescue	65
	(B) Early warning	60
	(C) Evacuation	60
	(D) Damage and Loss Assessment	63
	Training need analyses	64
	SDRN/IDRN data Updating	69
	Community Warning System, Education, Preparedness DRM Programme:	70
	Early Warning Action Plan	74

	During and Post Disaster Advisory Action Plan	75
	Protocol and arrangement for VIP Visit	
	Media Management	76
	Documentation	
6	Response Measures (Multi-Hazard)	77
	Response flow chart	79
	Warning and alert dissemination	81
	Other Departmental plan incorporated in DRMP	85
	Emergency Operation Taskforce Functions	100
7	Recovery measures	122
	Detailed damage and loss assessment	123
	Long-term recovery programme	128
	Short-term and long-term recovery time table	129
8	Financial Arrangements	130
9	SOP (Roles and Responsibilities)	132
10	Guidelines Regarding Rope Way	139
11	Guidelines Regarding Bore Well Safety Measures	143

Annexure

Annexure – 1	Dang District Profile	146
Annexure – 2	Geographical Details	151
Annexure – 3	Rainfall Data of last 10 Years	
Annexure – 4	List of Vulnerable villages(Riverside villages)	154
Annexure – 5	The details of river affected villages	156
Annexure – 6	Other Departmental plan	158
Annexure – 7	Weather Station Operations	175
Annexure – 8	List of Search and Rescue Equipment of Dang District	176
Annexure – 9	Details of Tourism and Public Places of Dang District	178
Annexure – 10	Health Department Plan	181
Annexure – 11	Forest Department Details	195
Annexure – 12	Police Department Details	297
Annexure – 13	NH953 DISASTER TEAM-2025	199
Annexure – 14	Detail of Rescue Relief Team R & B, State Department	201
Annexure – 15	Details of vehicles and machinery used by the lessees of R & B Department	205
Annexure – 16	Detail of Crane	207
Annexure – 17	List of Overtopping roads Panchayat R & B Department	208
Annexure – 18	Details of vehicles and machinery used by the lessees of R & B Department Panchayat	214
Annexure – 19	Detail of Shelter Home	216
Annexure – 20	Damdetails in the district	
Annexure – 21	Details of NGOs in the District	228

Annexure – 22	APDA MITRA LIST	229
Annexure – 23	List of Swimmers of Dang District	230
Annexure – 24	District Collector Office – Dang Contact Details	256
Annexure – 25	District Talati Cum Mantri Details	263
Annexure – 26	Details of President-Vice President-Members of District Panchayat	265
Annexure – 27	Details of President-Vice President-Members of Taluka Panchayat	266
Annexure – 28	Details of Sarpanch	269
Annexure – 29	Dang Rajvishri Name List	
Annexure – 30	Dang District Daily Journalist Association, Dang District	271
Annexure – 31	Details of all Collectors of Gujarat State	272
Annexure – 32	Details of all District Development Officers of Gujarat State	274
Annexure – 33	Details of all Municipal Commissioner of Gujarat State	276
Annexure – 34	Secretaries to the Government of Gujarat	277
Annexure – 35	Contact detail of National and State Government	284
Annexure – 36	Gujarat State Disaster Management Authority (GSDMA)	
Annexure – 37	Gujarat Institute of Disaster Management (GIDM)	285
Annexure – 38	State Level Control Room Numbers	286
Annexure – 39	District Control Room Telephone and Fax Numbers	287
Annexure – 40	Near Dang District Fire Station List	288
Annexure – 41	Dang District Map	290

INTRODUCTION

❖ What is Disaster?

Disaster management is a process or strategy that is implemented when any type of catastrophic event takes place. Sometimes referred to as disaster recovery management, the process may be initiated when anything threatens to disrupt normal operations or puts the lives of human beings at risk. Governments on all levels as well as many businesses create some sort of disaster plan that make it possible to overcome the catastrophe and return to normal function as quickly as possible. A disaster is an event triggered by natural manmade causes that lead to sudden disruption of normalcy causing widespread damage to life and property. The High Power Committee of Government of India has identified 30 major and minor disasters, which frequently occurs in our country. It is now a recognized fact that while natural disasters is primarily due to imbalance in the nature but losses due to them on account of human feelings. Human sufferings and misery from a large number of natural disasters can be minimized by taking timely action, preventing mechanisms and undertaking capital works of long and medium terms.

❖ Concept of Disaster Management

Disaster Management is a continuous and integrated process of:

- Planning and implementing measures to mitigating or reducing the risk of disasters
- Mitigating the severity or consequence of disaster
- Preparedness for emergencies and disasters
- Assessing the effects of disasters
- Providing emergency relief and rescue and post disaster rehabilitation and reconstruction, and
- Building capacities to these ends.

The concepts of all hazard management and empowerment provide the foundation for disaster management plans and efforts. All hazards management involves considering, planning for, and taking actions to avoid or mitigate, all possible hazards, which may affect the district.

Empowerment means that each citizen is enabled, through education, training and support, to be able to address all hazards and disasters, which may threaten their lives or livelihoods. Empowerment does not transfer full

responsibility for dealing with disasters to the individual, but strives to ensure each individual has

The means and support needed to avoid or limit the impact of disaster.

The district and subsidiary plans seek to limit vulnerability and reinforce the resilience of communities in the face of hazards and disasters. Addressing vulnerability generally takes place before a disaster through actions to reduce the opportunities for the disasters to occur. Reinforcing the resilience occurs through actions to reduce the scale or potential impact of a disaster, and building capacities and systems that facilitates (shorten and make less costly) the recovery process.

❖ Levels of Disaster (The L Concept)

The L concept has been developed to define the different levels of disaster in order to facilitate the assistance to State and the Centre.

It has four levels which are as follows.

L0 level: Denotes normal times, which will be utilized for close monitoring, documentation and preparatory activities. Training of Search and Rescue teams, rehearsals, evaluation and inventory updation for response activities will be carried out during this period.

L1 level: Denotes when the disasters which can be managed at the District level where the State and the Centre need to be on guard in case assistance is required for disaster relief operations.

L2 level: Disaster situations that require assistance and active participation of State resources for management of the disaster.

L3 level : Disaster situation arises in case of large scale disasters that have a noticeable impact on a number of districts of states and when the State and District authorities have been overwhelmed with the disaster and require assistance from the Centre for rescue and relief operations.

❖ Approach to Disaster Management-

The Government of Gujarat takes an inclusive approach to disaster management. Disaster impact decrease is divided into two broad areas:

→ Warning, Relief and recovery, focusing on plans and actions necessary to reduce the impact of quick-onset disasters or speed the response of slow-onset disaster,

and,

- Mitigation, Preparedness and Prevention, focusing on plans and action to avoid or eliminate the causes or impacts of hazards or threatened disasters. The overall approach to disaster management is based on six elements;
- Precise risk and Vulnerability assessment
- Planning and efficient allocation of resources,
- Capacity building and training
- Provision of ample resources
- The assignment of disaster management roles and responsibilities which correspond to normal roles and responsibilities (if possible) and,
- Use of diverse legal and operational mechanisms to accomplish disaster management objectives.

❖ Approach to Disaster Management:-

1 Warning, Relief and Recovery

Necessary actions are intended to eliminate the loss of life and property and hardship due to disasters. Plans and SOPs at District level should provide as seamless as possible provision of warning, relief and recovery assistance to avoid or reduce losses and hardship. The focal point for early warning, relief and recovery is the District Collector, who directs and coordinates these efforts within the district. The Collector is also answerable for coordinating warning, relief and recovery with similar activities in neighboring districts and with the GSDMA and Revenue Department. The Collector is further responsible for developing long term relief, recovery and rehabilitation plans during the course of a disaster. These plans will include steps to reduce disaster impact in the future and be coordinate with the GSDMA in terms of policy and implementation.

2. Mitigation, Preparedness and Prevention

Mitigation, preparedness and prevention actions are to be taken before a disaster to reduce the probability of a disaster (risk reduction) or the level of damage (vulnerability reduction) expected from a possible disaster. Vulnerability reduction is given priority over a risk reduction. The district can avail itself of four mechanisms (singularly or together) to reduce risk and vulnerability;

- Long term planning for mitigation, preparedness and prevention investments in the district,
- Enforcement of regulations, particularly building and safety codes and land use plans,

- Review and evaluation of development plans and activities to identify ways to reduce risks and vulnerability, and,
- Capacity building including warning, the provision of relief and recovery assistance and community-level identification of risk and vulnerability. The Collector, assisted by the District Development Officer, is responsible for developing plans and activities to effect mitigation, preparedness and prevention using the mechanism noted above. Based on the interim assessment of risk and vulnerabilities, the District will focus on the following areas for mitigation, preparedness and prevention;
 - Vulnerability reduction in flood-prone areas
 - Vulnerability reduction to high winds
 - Improvement of off-site Preparedness near industrial sites.
 - Reduction in disaster impact on health care facilities, schools and roads
 - Resilience of lifeline systems (water, power and communications)

3. Finance

The finance arrangement as per the fund granted by GSDMA / State nodal agencies to the district. District Collector has authorities to distribute / impart the fund to the counter partners of Disaster management in the District as per required activities, according to the instructions of Government of Gujarat.

❖ Aims and Objectives-

In the absence of a defined plan response to a disaster would be arbitrary leading to over emphasis of some actions or other actions, which would be critical. Moreover, due to absence of a defined response structure and responsibilities allocations there would be mismanagement of resources and overlap of actions among various agencies, which may exacerbate the situation there by compounding the disaster effect. The objectives of the disaster management plan for the Dang District should be listed covering the subject of responsibility of the District administration.

- To ascertain the status of existing resources and facilities available with the various agencies involved in the management of disaster in the District.
- Assess their adequacies and short falls if any in providing a multi-disaster response.
- Suggest institutional strengthening, technology support, up gradation of information system and data management for improving the quality of administrative responses to disaster at the district level and finally
- To evolve DDMP as an effective managerial tool.

- Defines the risks and Vulnerabilities of the citizens of the district to different disasters and Identifies the private and public sector parties with prime and supporting responsibilities to reduce or negate these vulnerabilities.
- Defines actions to be taken by these parties to avoid or mitigate the impact of possible disasters in the district.
- To prevent loss of human lives and property and effective medical response

Subsidiary plan detail the roles and responsibilities of most important and at the bottom of parties (Stake holders) in responding to definite disasters. These plans are developed

- At the Taluka level
- For location specific major industrial sites located in the district and,
- Through Standard Operation Procedures (SOPs) detailing how specific disaster response actions will be accomplished.

Developing and maintaining SOPs are the responsibility of parties with designated prime of supporting tasks assigned by this plan.

❖ Evolution of the Plan

Act No. 20 of 2003, THE GUJARAT STATE DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT, 2003 clearly stated to mandatory provision of the DM plan as per the following clause & sections

Clause 15 of Chapter VI

1. The authority shall develop or cause to be developed guidelines for the preparation of disaster management's plans and strategies and keep them update and shall assist such departments of Government, local authorities and person, as may be specified by the authority in preparation of plans and strategies and coordinate them
2. The plan preparing authority while preparing the plan under subsection (1) shall make suitable provisions in the plan after considering the following namely:
 - (a) The types of disaster that may occur and their possible effects;
 - (b) The communities and property at risk;
 - (c) Provision for appropriate prevention and mitigation strategies;
 - (d) Inability to deal with disasters and promote capacity building;
 - (e) The integration of strategies for prevention of disaster and mitigation of its effects with development plans, programme and such other activities in the State;

- (f) Provision for assessment of the nature and magnitude of the effects of a disaster;
- (g) Contingency plans including plans for relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction in the event of a disaster, providing for-
- (i) Allocation of responsibilities to the various stakeholders and coordination in carrying out their responsibilities;
- (ii) Procurement of essential goods and providing essential services;
- (iii) Establishment of strategic communication links;
- (iv) Dissemination of information; and
- (v) Other matters as may be provided for in the regulations.
- (h) Any other matter required by the Authority.

3. The Authority shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, and maintained a master plan for the State/District

❖ How to use the plan

The present plan is not intended to provide comprehensive explanations and background information about a disaster, or serve as a training manual on how to respond to a disaster or conduct a disaster related task. The approach taken is that plans and SOPs should be limited to the minimum information need to respond to a specific disaster or undertake a disaster related task. Steps to address disaster specific requirements can be covered in procedures related to actions. This approach does require that task forces develop disaster specific procedures where appropriate. In other words, this plan is intended for use by persons who are technically competent in the tasks or responsibilities set out in each plan. The SOPs are intended to be used by persons who are unfamiliar with disaster management topics but are intended to be task specific and not as replacements for full plans.

❖ Authority for the plan-

The requirement for district and subsidiary plans is set by the Gujarat State Disaster Management Authority (GSDMA) under the authority of the Gujarat State Disaster Management Act of 2003. The Act authorizes the collector to secure cooperation and assistance from other parties in efforts to avoid or reduce the impact of disasters. The Collector (Specifically) and Government authorities (generally) are responsible for managing hazards and disasters, which affect a district, with support from GSDMA, the relief commissioner and other public and private parties as, may be needed. The roles, responsibilities and obligation of the

Collector and other parties are set out in detail in the Act and are considered as part of this plan.

❖ Stakeholders and their Responsibilities

At the district level, District Collector is responsible for responding any disaster situation in consultation with other line departments at district HQ are responsible to deal with all phases of disaster management within district. Technical institutions, NGOs, Local authority, private sector, Community groups, volunteer agencies and citizens. According to Disaster Management Act-2003 Stakeholders and their responsibilities are:

❖ District Collector:

During the period, an area is an affected area the Collector may issue directions to the officers of the departments of the Government and the local authority in the affected area, to provide emergency relief in accordance with the disaster management plans.

The District Collector may

1. Make arrangements for release and use of available resources
2. Control and restrict traffic to, from and within the area affected by a disaster
Control and restrict the entry into, movement within and departure from any disaster area or part of it
4. Remove debris
5. Conduct search and rescue operations
6. Make arrangements for the disposal of the unclaimed dead body, by appropriate means
7. Provide alternative shelter
8. Provide food, medicines and other essentials
9. Require experts and consultants in the matters relevant to the disaster to provide relief under his direction and supervision
10. To take possession and make use of any property, vehicles, equipment, buildings and means of communication on such terms and conditions as may be prescribe
11. Procure exclusive or preferential use of amenities as and when required
12. Construct temporary bridges or other structures

13. Demolish unsafe structures which may endanger the public
14. Coordinate with non-governmental organizations and ensure that such entities carry out their activities in an equitable manner
15. Disseminate information to the public to deal with the disaster
16. Direct and compel evacuation, of all or part of the population from any affected area for the purpose of preservation of life and for such evacuation, and for such evacuation use such force as may be necessary
17. authorize any person, to make any entry into any place, to open or cause to be opened, any door, gate or other barrier, if he considers such an action is necessary for preservation of life and property, if the owner or occupier is absent, or being present, refuses to open such door, gate or barrier

The Collector may exercise the powers contained in subsection (2) to the extent only that this is necessary for the purpose of –

- (a) Assisting and protecting the community
- (b) Providing relief to the community
- (c) Preventing or combating disruption
- (d) Dealing with the destructive and other effects of the disaster

The Collector may issue such directions to any person or government agency and take such other steps, as may be necessary to curtail the escalation of the disaster or to alleviate, contain or minimize the effects of disaster.

The Collector

- Facilitate and, coordinate with, local Government bodies to ensure that pre and post - disaster management activities in the district are carried out.
- Assist community training, awareness programmers and the installation of emergency facilities with the support of local administration, non-governmental organizations, and the private sector.
- Take appropriate actions to smoothen the response and relief activities to minimize the effect of disaster.
- Recommend CoR and State Government for declaration of disaster.

Local Authority

- Provide assistance to GSDMA, COR and Collector in disaster management activities.
- Ensure training of its officers and employees and maintenance of resources so as to be readily available for use in the event of a disaster.
- Ensure that all construction projects under it conform to the standards and specifications lay down.
- Each department of the Government in a district shall prepare a disaster management plan for the district. Carry out relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities in the affected area within its jurisdiction.

Private Sector

- The private sector should ensure their active participation in the pre-disaster activities in alignment with the overall plan developed by the GSDMA or the Collector.
- They should also adhere to the relevant building codes and other specifications, as may be stipulated by relevant local authorities.

Community Groups and Voluntary agencies

- Local community groups and voluntary agencies including NGOs should actively assist in prevention and mitigation activities under the overall direction and supervision of the GSDMA or the Collector.
- They should actively participate in all training activities as may be organized and should familiarize themselves with their role in disaster management

Citizen

- It is a duty of every citizen to assist the Collector or such other person entrusted with or engaged in disaster management whenever his aid is demanded generally for the purpose of disaster management.

Approval of the plan-

The District Collector has authority to give approval to DM plan when there are any significant changes in that then it will have to be incorporated by the District Collector / District Emergency Operation Centre. The DM Act authorizes the District Collector to secure cooperation and assistance from other parties in efforts to avoid or reduce the impact of disasters. The Collector (Specifically) and Government authorities (generally) are responsible for managing hazards and disasters which affect a district, with support from GSDMA, the relief commissioner and other public and private parties as may be needed. The roles, responsibilities and obligations of the Collector and other parties are set out in detail in the Act and are considered as part of this plan.

Plan Review and Updation-

The District Collector is responsible for the preparation, revision and updating of the District Disaster Management Plan in collaboration with the line departments and other organizations in the district. The plan should be reviewed annually / half yearly and updated:

- When significant changes in the nature of any hazards
- Lessons learnt following any major disaster or
- When there is any significant change to organization or
- responsibility of primary members of the task forces defined in the

Hazard Vulnerability and Risk Assessment:

'Hazard Risk Vulnerability Assessment- (Authority that carried out HRVA)

Dang faces a number of hazards, which pose the threat of disaster, the threat (risk) and possible impact (vulnerability) which can be actualized from these hazards ranges from minor impacts affection one village to events impaction larger than the state alone. The table below summarize the results of an analysis of hazard, risk and disaster impact in Dang. This analysis indicated that disaster planning at the Dang district level should first focus on the functional response to the High winds and Sea surge. The functional responses to these events have links to the response to floods, hail storms and dam failure. Typical responses to these disaster events also can apply to fire, industrial accidents, failure of critical infrastructure and building collapse. Special plans exist for drought, oil spills and ship breaking. A separate plan for dealing with chemical and industrial accidents also exists and focuses on the technical procedures needed to avoid or address these hazards.

The Hazard technically is not a disaster unless the ' Trigger ' set it off. It could be weak legislation that failed to regulate the functioning of the facility. The Risk and Vulnerability factors analyzed from these Hazards which vary from Minor to Major impacts affecting the smaller or larger areas of the District.

"Risk is a technical concept, which is used by engineering and management specialists to arrive at an estimation of losses in the event of disaster and the expected probability of its occurrence."

Risk = Hazards x Vulnerability

Coping Capacity

"Vulnerability gives the extent to which a community is affected by a disaster".

The idea of danger or threat points out the possibility of physical event capable of causing damage, like earthquake, floods, industrial accidents etc. The vulnerability brings to light, the structural susceptibility of society or social group to suffer harm, based on physical event constituting a "Threat". Vulnerability concerns the relationship between the social, economic and physical elements, on which the wellbeing of the society or the group in question depends. The analysis of vulnerability is specific and based on the type of danger or threat, which is apprehended.

The table below summarizes the results of an analysis of impact of Hazard, risk and

Vulnerability of disaster in Vadodara is as below. This analysis indicates that disaster planning at Vadodara district level should first focus on the functional response to the Flood, Industrial Accidents and Earthquakes which triggers to the other hazards like Dam Failure, Water logging, Fire, Failure of critical infrastructure and building collapse.

Table 1: Risk and Vulnerability Analysis (Dang District)

Hazards	Probability Rating	Impact Rating	Vulnerability Ranking	Vulnerable Areas/Talukas	Vulnerable Population
Industrial Accidents	0	0	(Low)	-	-
A) Fire	2	2	(moderate)	Mostly Month of March, April, May in All Dang areas.	
B) Leakage of Gases	0	0	Nil	Nil	
C) Oil Spill	0	0	Nil	Nil	
Drought	2	2	(Low)	Whole District	Population residing with shortfall of the
Flood	5	3	(Moderate)	Mostly low lying Areas	Causeway Over Topping
Epidemics	3	2	(Low)	Whole District	-
Heat Wave	3	2	(Low)	Whole District	-
Rail/Road/Air Accidents	4	4	(moderate)	Saputara to Waghai Road	-
Earthquake	3	2	(Low)	Zone-2	-
Terrorism 1) Cyber 2) Robbery	2	2	(Low)	District	-
Boat Sinking	2	1	(Low)	Majorly the area surrounded lake Saputara	-
Building Collapse	1	1	(Low)	-	-
Dam Failure	1	1	(Low)	-	-

Capacity Analysis

Traditional Coping Capacity:

It is important to identify and recognize traditional coping capacity of the community to enable them to enhance their capacity to withstand disasters.

Hazard	Early Warning	Preparedness	Early Response
Flood	Monitoring of water resources through community	Identification of high elevation places and rescue teams	Evacuation, Search and rescue and first aid support
Cyclone	Information through fisherfolk	Evacuate to safe place	Search and rescue and first aid support
Earthquake	---	Identification of Safe Places	Search and rescue and first aid support
Drought	Own assessment mechanism	Fodder storage, Food Storage at individual level	Panjrapol
Industrial/Chemical Hazard	Local Administration	OCR, DIS and EOC	Local Response Teams
Tsunami	---	Evacuate to safe place	Search and rescue and first aid support

Hazard Risk Vulnerability Assessment (HRVA)

Complete the hazards column for the following table. Typical hazards have already been identified, but these should be confirmed at this step and additional hazards added as appropriate with latest experiences.

To assess the probability or "livelihood" of each hazard by reaching a consensus on probability and then assign each hazard a "Probability Level," as indicated in the following table. Enter the score for each hazard in the probability column of the table in.

Probability

Table 2-2 Probability assignment

Probability	Score	Description
Almost certain	5	A regular event, on the average at least once in a 12 month period
Likely	4	Will occur at least once every two years
Moderate	3	Will occur at least once every 5 years.
Unlikely	2	Will occur sometime in a 25 years period.
Rare	1	Can be expected to occur sometime in a 50 to 100 year period

Assign the Impact Ratings

Assess the potential magnitude or impact of each hazard and assign each an "Impact Level"

as in the following table. Enter the impact score for each hazard in the table.

Impact Ratings

Table 2-3 Impact rating

Impact	Score	Description
Catastrophic	5	Massive insecurity, substantial loss of life likely. Large and generalized assistance urgently needed for large segments of population. Additional management, administrative, and technical expertise urgently needed. Large volumes of materials inputs needed.
Major	4	Security threatened for large segments of population; substantial impacts on vulnerable groups likely. Some loss of life likely. Lifesaving programs likely needed to handle impact of emergency situation. Large volumes of material inputs and additional administrative staff and technical expertise likely to be needed.
Moderate	3	Security is threatened for potential target groups, some interventions may be needed, particularly for groups who likely face increase in vulnerability. Organization can likely respond with existing country/regional management structures.
Minor	2	Momentary insecurity local groups able to respond adequately to those in need. Some technical assistance by organization may be helpful to local respondents, although not urgently needed.
Insignificant	1	Little or no significant change in conditions, no expected loss of life, injuries or significant loss of property for usual target groups as the result of the hazard Normal operations continue

Assign the "Vulnerability" Ranking

Multiply the probability and the impact scores in the table in Step 1. The resulting score indicates crude vulnerability. Scores above 15 indicate high vulnerability; scores between 7 and 15 indicate medium vulnerability and scores below 7 indicate low vulnerability.

Vulnerability" Ranking

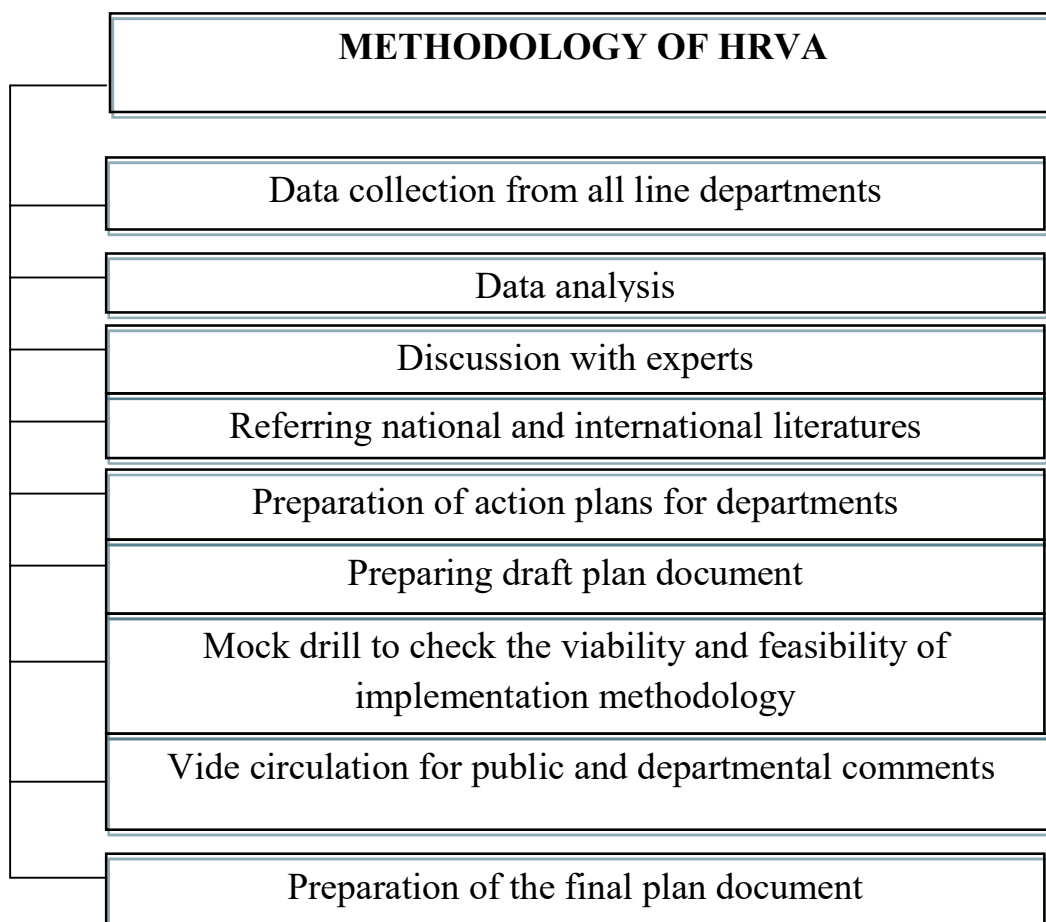
Table 2-4 Vulnerability Ranking

Probability Rating: Class	Impact Rating: Class and (score)				
	Insignificant (1)	Minor (2)	Moderate (3)	Major (4)	Catastrophic (5)

and (score)					
Almost certain (5)	Low-5	Moderate - 10	Moderate - 15	High-20	High-25
Likely (4)	Low-4	Moderate -8	Moderate - 12	High-16	High-20
Moderate (3)	Low-3	Low-6	Moderate -9	Moderate - 12	Moderate -15
Unlikely (2)	Low-2	Low-4	Low-6	Moderate -8	Moderate -18
Rare (1)	Low-1	Low-2	Low-3	Low-4	Low-5

These three classes related to the immediate vulnerability to disaster and provide guidance on disaster response planning. Assessing risk and vulnerability to low likelihood but high impact hazards (e.g., earthquakes) requires a different, more long-term focused, assessment process.

Tool and methodology used for HRVA



List of hazards with probability (frequency and magnitude)

Probability of Occurrence of disaster												
Type of Hazard	Time period											
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Earthquake												
Cyclone												
Strome												
Flood												
Tsunami												
Fire												

Outcome and recommendations of the Hazard,Risk, Vulnerability and Capacity Analyses

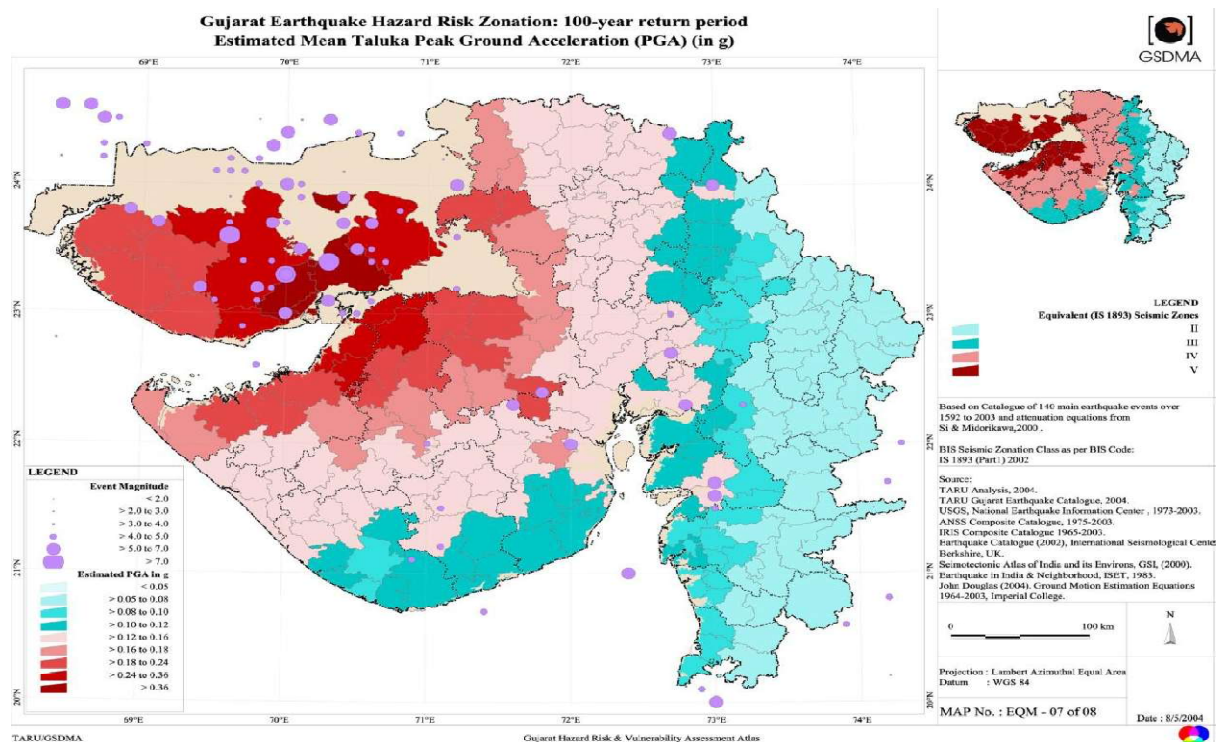
Hazards are defined as “Phenomena that pose a threat to people, structures or economic assets and which may cause a disaster. They could be either man-made or naturally occurring in our environment.” A disaster is the product of a hazard coinciding with a vulnerable situation, which might include communities, cities or villages. Vulnerability is defined as “the extent to which a community, structure, service or geographical area is likely to be damaged or disrupted by the impact of particular hazard, on account of their nature, construction and proximity to a hazardous terrain or disaster prone area.

❖ Hazard, Risk analysis:-

A detailed analysis of the hazards likely to impact the state will be carried out by the Department of Disaster Management, in consultation with the DMC of the state H.C.M. RIPA and experts from the field. Hazard assessment is concerned with the properties of the hazard itself. The Vulnerability Atlas of Gujarat, developed by BMTPC, Govt of India, will be used as the baseline for all analyses. The State Disaster Management Authority shall take all appropriate steps to complete a comprehensive hazard assessment of the State.

I. Earthquake

Dang district falls under zone-II Due to economic reasons and customary



concerns, the quality of materials used in the construction of houses is also not good. For this reason such structures cannot withstand major earthquake shocks. Residents living in high-rise buildings in Dang may be affected by the earthquake. A part from this, old buildings in Dang district may also be affected.

The devastating earthquake in the state of Gujarat on 26/01/2001 was more intense and impactful than the earthquakes in other parts of the country. Among the 26 districts of the state, 181 talukas and 181 talukas of the 18356 villages of the state and 5.05 crore population of the state. Among them, 1.59 million people and the total area of the state is 1960.4 sq.m. Vistagar was affected by the earthquake.

Important points

Before the earthquake...

- Discuss and give information about earthquake with family members.
- Making new buildings earthquake safe and strengthening old buildings
- Insuring your home and family.
- Do not place heavy and fragile objects on the barriers.
- Immediate repair of damaged power connections and leaking gas connections.

During an earthquake....

- Don't rush into panic.
- Rushing out of the house into the open.
- Descend the stairs, not using the elevator in the building.
- Sit with your head under a sturdy table or against a sturdy wall.

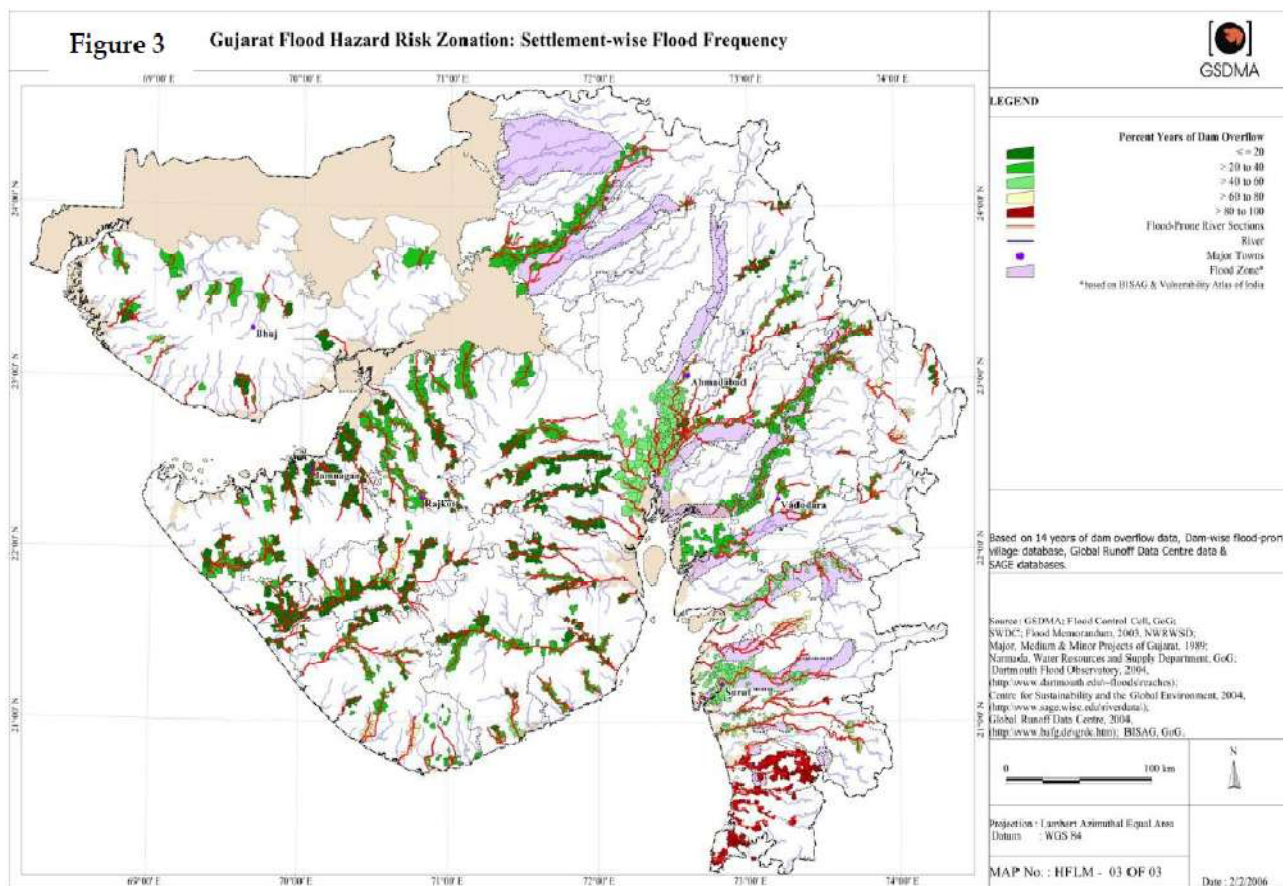
After the earthquake...

- Don't be alarmed by the aftershocks that are common after an earthquake.
- Radio, TV or listening to government announcements through other means.
- Don't make false rushes, and don't stand on ledges.
- Get first aid for injuries and help others.
- Do not enter houses that seem unsafe. Turn off water, electricity and gas.

II. Flood

Floods are a common natural disaster mostly during the monsoon season. Flood conditions can occur in any region for different reasons. One or more of the following factors may be responsible for this condition. Flooding can occur quickly or slowly.

- (1) Due to heavy rain.
- (2) Release of water from upstream dams or breach of dams.
- (3) By stopping the export of water.



Riverside Villages:-

Gira river, Purna river, Khapari river and Ambika river originate from Dang district and pass through nearby Tapi, Navsari districts. The flow of these rivers goes from east to west direction. which meets the Arabian Sea on the coast of Tapi, Navsari district. Villages on the banks of these rivers.

1	Gira River	Burthadi, Jamnyamal, Gaondahad, Girmal, Dhulda, Bandpada, Sajupada, Sawarkhadi, Dardi (towards Songarh).
2	Purna River	Chinchli, Gadvihir, Vaydun, Karanjda, Vanjittambrun, Saddvihir, Tanklipada, Bokadmal, Dhuda, Hindla, Chikhli, Padalkhadi, Lavachali, Barda, Bijurpada, Chinchvihir, Motizhadar, Gavan, Pipaldahad, Jogthwa, Pandarmal, Jarsol, Karanjada, D Hair Ghana , Big Kasad, Lahankasad, Mahal, Savardaksad, Chikhla, Diwadayavan, Khatal, Khopariamba, Thinli, Tekpada, Pandharpada, Kolbari, Wankan, Bhongdaya, Enginpada, Kakarda (towards Vyara).
3	Khapri River	Umarya, Payarpada, Wanki, Chichpada, Dhumkhal, Lahandabhas, Motidbhas, Umapada, Tambrungharta, Chokaya, Isdar, Ravchond, Gaikhas, Sunda, Khapari, Kutarnachya, Sati, Eggplant, Bhawandgad, Dhulchond, Bhawadi, Kudkas, Gira, Dabdar, Kosimpatal, Borigawantha, (Towards Vyara)
4	Ambika River	Jogbari, Gotyamal, Shamgahan, Bhapkhal, Bhurapani, Baripada, Chirapada, Boriganvtha, Chikhli, Ambapada, Bardapani, Barmyavad, Humbapada, Bondarmal, Bordhad, Kumarband, Chikhaldia, Barda, Dagunya, Bhadarpada, Dhangdi, Saddmal, Sakarpatal, Kunda, Susar Yes, Chikar, Barkhandhya, Dokpatal, Chichpada, Ambapada, Vaghai (towards Vansda).

Danger zone:-

The Hazardous riverside villages viz

Gira River: Bandpada, Dhulda.

Purna River: Mahal, Motikasad, Savardaksad, Khopariamba, Kolbari, Bhongdaya.

Khapari River: Sati, Wangan, Vanvda, Kutarnachya, Amsarvalan, Davdahad

Ambika River: Devipada, Dokpatal, Dungarda, Rambhas (Jamalapada)

In order to make security arrangements in advance for the villages, where there are bridges over the river, measuring tapes should be placed to indicate the water level and if it is found to be dangerous, Executive Engineer, Roads and Buildings Department, Panchayat Roads and Buildings Department and Deputy Executive Engineer, Sarita Measure Sub-Division, Navsari will be entrusted with the responsibility of holding the Champati General to monitor the entire purrahat work.

Do And Don'ts

✓ Before the flood...

- Construction of high-rise buildings in riverside, walkable, coastal areas.
- People in flood prone areas should learn to swim.
- Keep listening to radio, TV, news for forecasts.
- Evacuate the dangerous area to a safe place as per the instructions of the system.
- Take lanterns, torches, food items, water, clothes while leaving the house, valuables and luggage while leaving the house.
- Keeping identity papers with each family member.
- Move goods from lower floors to upper floors if possible.
- Move the animals to a safe place.

✓ During the flood.....

- Sit in safe and protected positions.
- Try to get correct information.
- Follow the government announcement regarding safe evacuation.
- Switch off the power supply - do not touch exposed wires.

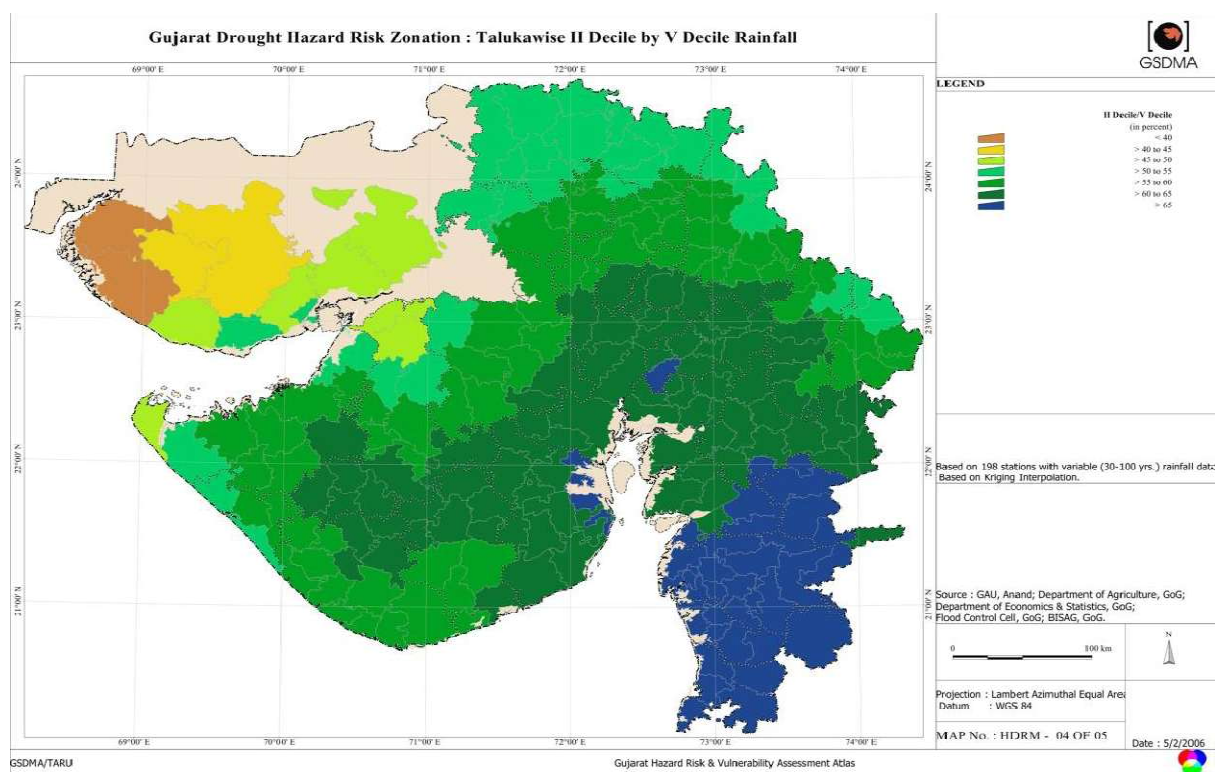
✓ After the flood....

- Avoiding drowning if able to float.
- Do not enter deep unknown water.
- Do not go to the river banks after the flood waters recede.
- Drink chlorinated water.
- Drink boiled water - eat only preserved food.
- Spraying the medicine into contaminated water.
- Co-operating with relief survey teams by providing correct details of loss.
- For proper distribution of relief material, make systematic distribution as per need by forming the village Committee / voluntaries Squads.
- Do not enter dangerous-damaged building.

III. Drought:-

Generally, the calamity of drought is repeated in Gujarat. Otherwise, the warnings of droughts are often earlier than those of calamities. The state faces drought almost every third year. Drought is almost entirely dependent on the amount, pattern and duration of rainfall. But in drought sometimes the following situation is created. Rainfall is very low but fertile soil and cultivation of crops with low water requirements avoids drought.

Although rainfall is proportionate, water levels and availability have declined. All things being equal but the inter-rainy period and the late onset or early termination of the monsoons, the creation of agricultural drought conditions.



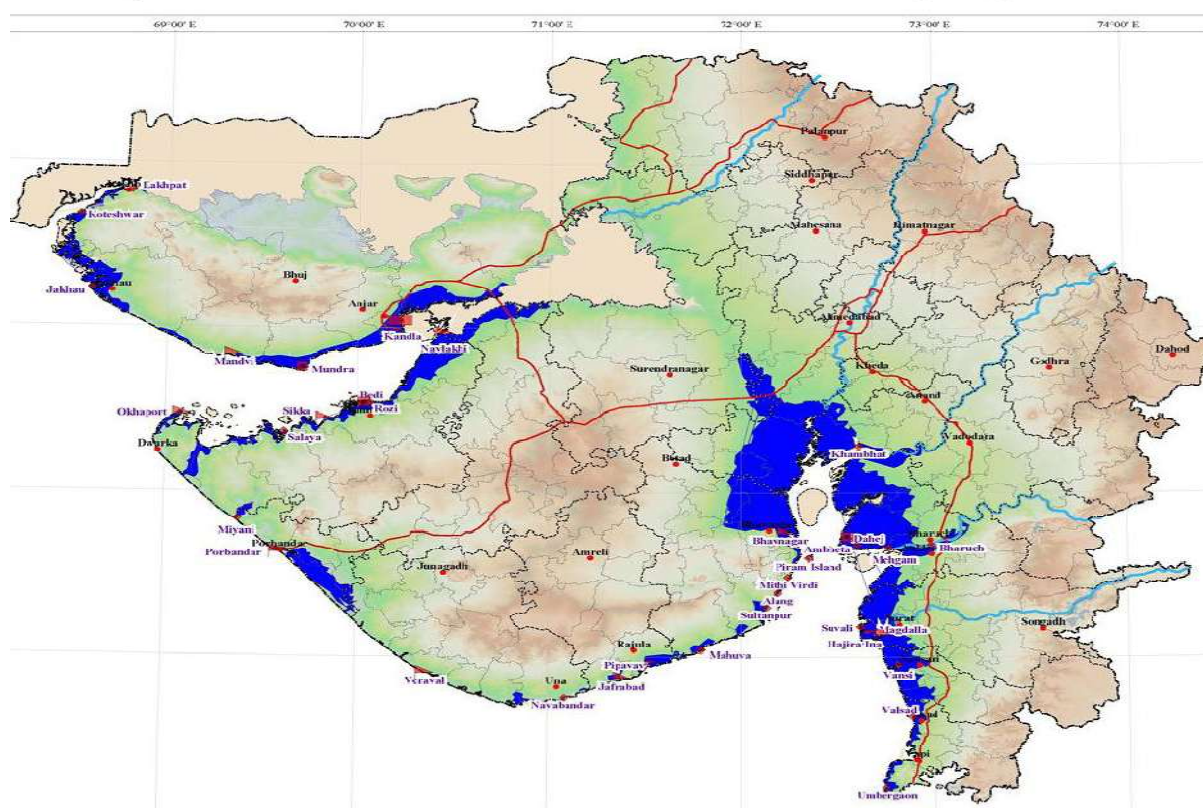
✓ Measures to avoid or reduce the effect....

- Timely detection and warning of drought.
- Inclusion of drought relief plans in development plans.
- Controlled distribution of drinking and irrigation water.
- Implementation of catchment schemes.
- Land improvement schemes that prevent soil erosion and store moisture.
- Planning of crop planting according to rainfall, soil quality and moisture storage capacity.

IV. Tsunami

Tsunami is an extraordinary natural phenomenon. Tsunamis are often called “tidal waves”. But actually tsunamis have nothing to do with global mass tides. In reality, a “tsunami” is a series of waves traveling across the open ocean at an average speed of 450 (and 600) miles per hour. Tsunamis are mostly generated by earthquakes under the ocean floor. An earthquake with a magnitude (intensity) greater than 6.5 is considered critical for generating a tsunami.

Gujarat Tsunami Hazard Risk Zonation : Indicative Inundation based on PMS at Highest High Tide level



Month /Year	Cause and Origin of Hazard	Affected Total Area	Affected No. of Villages	Affected Total Population	Milksat Affected
Since there is no coastline in Dang district No tsunami event has occurred.					

V. Heatwave

✓ What is heatwave and what causes it :-

Heat wave problems arise when the temperature is above normal for a long period of time. A heat wave is actually caused by the difference between the actual temperature of the location and the normal temperature of the location. According to a report of India Metrological Department, the minimum temperature of a plain area is 40°C. And 30°C of mountainous region. It is called heat wave.

If the temperature rise is 6.4°C. more than and the actual temperature is 4°C. If reached, it is called a severe heat wave. The temperature in the coastal zone is 4°C. Increases or the temperature rises to 37°C. It can be said that the heat wave has started as soon as it is reached.

A heat wave can generally be seen as an atmospheric phenomenon. But environmental factors also play an important role in this. high. Atmospheric air systems bring air from the upper layers of the atmosphere down. This causes the temperature to rise due to the compression of the air. And the air cannot escape. And that's why heatwaves stay in that area for as long as days.

A positive correlation can be seen between global warming and heat waves. But no direct relationship between these two has been proved until Atyamar. According to Global Warming Science, as the Earth continues to warm, future heat waves are becoming more likely. Heat wave is a common thing in summer season in India. Many parts of the country face a heat wave during the initial months of the monsoon season (June).

✓ Dos and Don'ts for Heat waves

Heat wave causes mental stress. And there is also a possibility of death. During a heat wave the following measures will help to minimize its effects.

✓ What to do. :...

- Constantly listening to the radio, watching TV and reading newspapers to check the weather forecast during a heatwave.
- Drink water every now and then even if you are not thirsty.
- Wear light colored loose and light cotton clothes, use glasses, umbrella, hat, boots and shoes if you have to go outside.
- Carry drinking water with you during travel.
- Use umbrella and hat when working in direct sunlight. And keep a wet cloth on the head, neck and face.
- More consumption of home made drinks like lassi, kanji, lemon water, buttermilk etc.
- Effects of heatwave include muscle spasms, body blisters, weakness, dizziness, headache, nausea, profuse sweating, body stiffness. If you feel

- weak or sick, consult a doctor immediately.
- Keep poultry under shed/in shade. And keep drinking plenty of water.
- Use curtains and shutters to keep the house cool. And open the windows at night.
- Use fans and damp cloths at home. And wash frequently with cold water.
- Keep a cold water supply near the work area.
- Care should be taken that workers do not work in direct heat of the sun.
- Creating a time table for labor intensive workers to work during cold spells. Outdoor workers should take frequent long rests.

VI. Cyclone/Storm

A hurricane is a whirlwind of wind with high velocity. Which is born from the sea and comes to the land. Due to low pressure in the atmosphere, these cyclonic winds, formed in the Arabian Sea or the Bay of Bengal, generally move in a northwesterly direction and strike the land from the sea. Heavy to very heavy rain may occur under the influence of the storm.

A massive heat wave in north-west India is a trigger for cyclones. Air becomes lighter as it warms. rises up. Thus a region of low pressure (light pressure) is created. To fill this space, another wind moves to this side. Thus, a large mass of clouds along with steam from the Arabian Sea moves forward and rises over the coast towards the pressure zone.

A cyclone rotates in a counterclockwise direction at an altitude of 8 to 12 km above sea level. It can also reach heights. The width of the storm is 20 to 50 km. can be of The calm center in the center of the storm is called the "eye" of the storm. The eye, the inner circle and the outer circle are part of the storm itself. When and where a hurricane can hit the land surface depends on the wind speed and direction. The weather forecast warns of this.

Cyclones in Gujarat mostly originate from the Arabian Sea and move in a northwesterly direction. It mostly adversely affects coastal areas and bay areas. It includes areas of Karch, Jamnagar, Porbandar, Junagadh, Amreli, Bhavnagar, Anand, Dang, Valsad districts.

There is no fixed duration of storms. There is a high possibility of a storm coming in Gujarat before or after the monsoon. That is, from the month of May to the month of October, the danger of storm is high. Usually 15-20 km. A storm moves at a speed of Speed is less at sea. When it comes to the ground, the speed increases.

But many times the storms stay in one place for a long time. In this regard it is imperative to follow the weather forecast. Cannot be accurately predicted locally. The wind direction changes from one side to the other in the areas passing through the meridian of the storm and the wind calms down in the intervening period. So it is imperative to be more careful.

Villages likely to be affected by cyclone:-

1	Dagadpada	33	Ghodi
2	Bhurbhendi	34	Ghoghalpada
3	khiramani	35	Kushamal
4	barkhandya	36	Koyalipada
5	Chibam	37	Godadiya
6	Rambhas	38	Khatal
7	Dokpatal	39	Vahzatamba
8	Vanarchond	40	Kakarda
9	Uga	41	Jamanpada
10	Amabapada	42	Kalibel
11	Dodipala	43	Bhalkhet
12	Vaghai	44	Bujhad
13	Borpada	45	Bhesakatri
14	Barada	46	Anjinpada
15	Zararia(Dungarda)	47	Dhuldha
16	Kudakas	48	Baradipada
17	Borigavtha	49	Sajupada
18	Kukadnakhi	50	Khokhari
19	Dabdar	51	Koshimda
20	Chikar	52	Savarkhadi
21	Zavada	53	Daradi
22	Pimpari	54	Saputara
23	Chichinagvtha	55	Malegav
24	Barmyavad	56	Supdahad
25	Humbapada	57	Barada
26	Lahanmaluga	58	Gudavahad
27	Bondarmal	59	Bhapkhal
28	Nibarpada	60	Boripada
29	Manmodi	61	Borinagavtha
30	Ghodvahad	62	Dagunya
31	Nadagchond	63	Bhadarpada
32	Murambi	64	Silotmal
		65	Chichond

Do And Don'ts

✓ Before the cyclone.....

1. Radio, TV for forecasting. Stay in touch with news, announcements.
2. Fishermen should not go into the sea, anchor the boat safely.
3. Evacuation of Coastal Agariyas to safety.
4. Strengthening the windows, doors and roof of the house.
5. Collect and keep ready the items of immediate need like lanterns, torches, food items, water, clothes, radio.
6. If necessary and valuable items can be packed in plastic bags, move them to the upper floor.
7. Keeping vehicles in running condition.
8. Move to a safe place if necessary

✓ During the cyclone.....

- Stay away from water sources and do not stand near trees or poles.
- Do not leave the house.
- Switch off electricity and gas connection.
- Close all the windows and doors of the house.
- Getting correct information from the control room if possible over the telephone and avoiding rumours.

✓ After the cyclone.....

- Exit only after receiving instructions.
- Do not wade through uncharted waters.
- Give first aid to the injured and shift them to the hospital.
- Immediately rescue those trapped in the debris.
- Do not touch exposed wires.
- Immediate demolition of dangerously damaged buildings.
- Using chlorinated drinking water.
- Spraying the medicine into contaminated water.

Institutional Arrangements

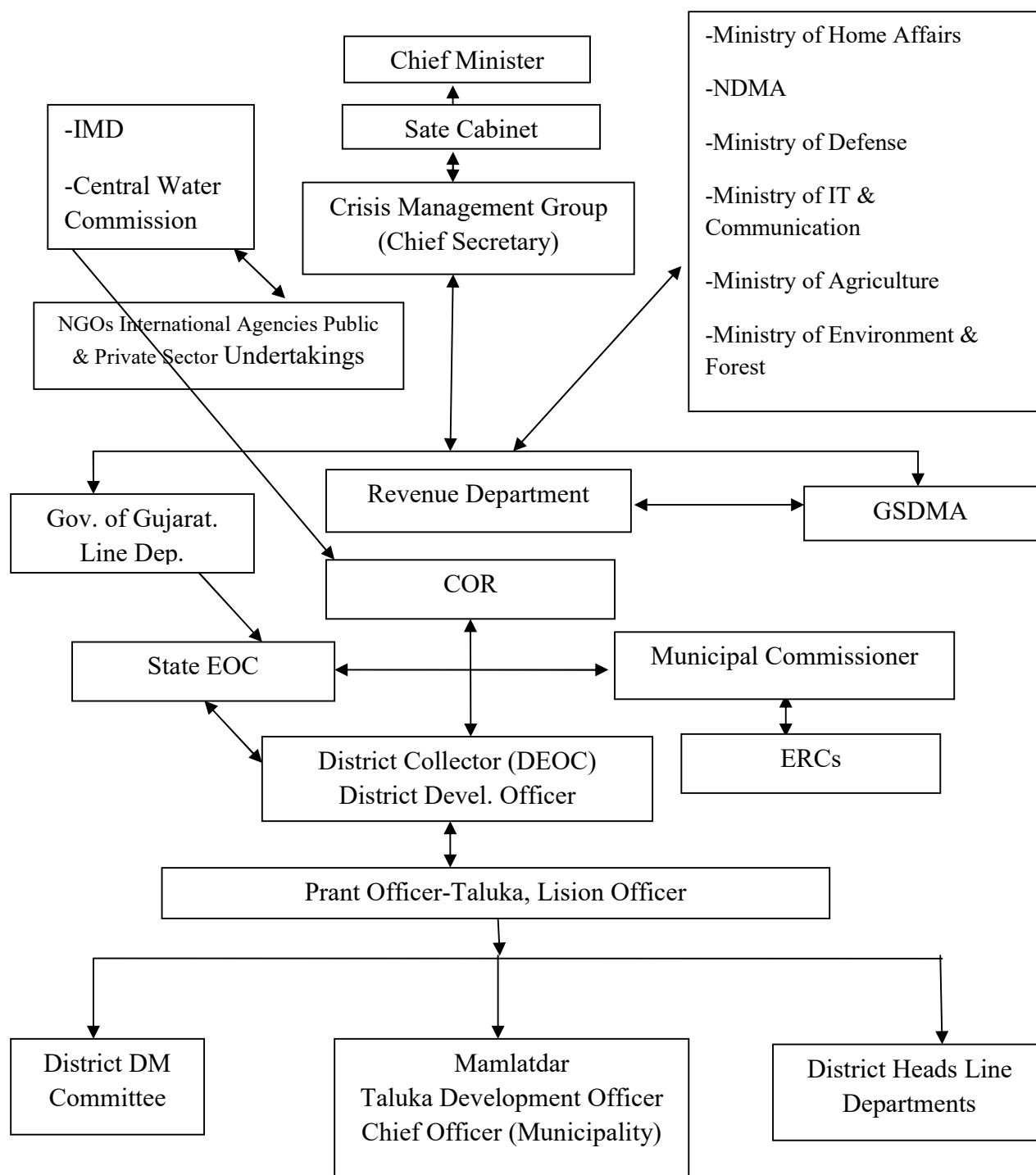
The plan incorporates multi level institutional as well as response planning mechanism at district level.

The DM structure in the State is as per the Gujarat State Disaster Management Act – 2003. The National Disaster Management Act – 2005 resembles the State Act with only a few provisions which are not a part of the State Act but are there in the Central Act. Those provisions include designating a Vice Chairman to the GSDMA, constitution of a State Executive Committee, Establishment of a District Disaster Management Authority in each District and creation of a District Disaster Response & Mitigation Funds. The State has existing institutional arrangements in place for addressing the roles / responsibilities envisaged through the above provisions and hence does not find it compelling to implement the provisions afresh.

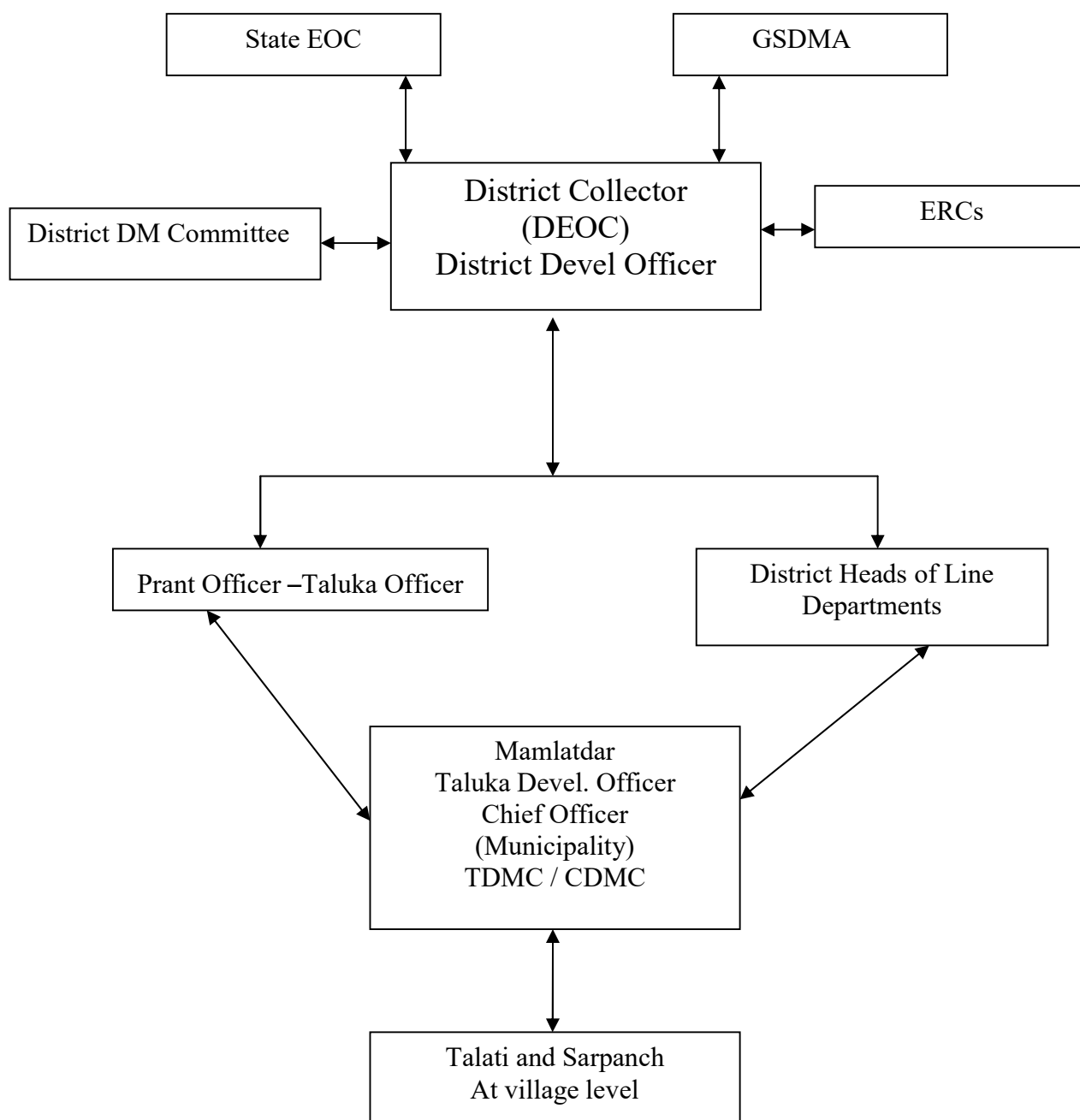
The Revenue Department of the State is the Nodal Department for controlling, monitoring and directing measures for organizing rescue, relief and rehabilitation. All other concerned line departments should extend full cooperation in all matters pertaining to the response management of the disaster whenever it occurs. The State EOC, ERCs and other control rooms at the State level as well as district control rooms should be activated with full strength. The State Government may publish a notification in the official gazette, declaring such area to be disaster-affected area under GSDMA Act (Section 32 (2) (a)).

Under this State Disaster Management Plan, all disaster specific mechanisms would come under a single umbrella allowing for attending to all kinds of disasters. The existing arrangements therefore will be strengthened by defining this administrative arrangement. This arrangement proposes Chief Secretary as the head supported by the Relief Commissioner through the branch arrangements at the Emergency Operations Centers (EOC), both at State level and at the district levels. There is a formal Incident Response System in the State. The GSDMA Act 2003 empowers Commissioner of Relief to be the Incident Commander in the State and District Collector in the respective districts.

D.M. Organizational Structure Of The State



D.M. Organizational Structure In The District



District Crisis Management Group (Task Force)

The District administration of Dang has identified 16 expected task forces for key response operation functions that are described below (As per the ICS manual). Additional taskforces can be added under the operations section as needed by the circumstances of a disaster. Each Taskforce is led by one organization and supported by other organizations.

Emergency	Operation
1. Coordination and Planning	Coordinate early warning, Response & Recovery Operations
2. Administration and Protocol	Support Disaster Operations by efficiently completing the paper work and other Administrative tasks needed to ensure effective and timely relief assistance
3. Warning	Collection and dissemination of warnings of potential disasters
4. Law and Order	Assure the execution of all laws and maintenance of order in the area affected by the incident.
5. Search and Rescue (including Evacuation)	Provide human and material resources needed to support local evacuation, search and rescue efforts.
6. Public Works	Provide the personnel and resources needed to support local efforts to reestablish normally operating infrastructure
7. Water	Assure the provision of sufficient potable water for human and animal consumption (priority), and water for industrial and agricultural uses as appropriate.
8. Food and Relief Supplies	Provide the resources to reestablish normal power supplies and systems in affected communities.
9. Power	Provide the resources to reestablish normal power supplies and systems in affected communities.
10. Public Health and sanitation (including First aid and all medical care)	Provide personnel and resources to address pressing public health problems and reestablish normal health care systems.
11. Animal Health and Welfare	Provision of health and other care to animals affected by a disaster
12. Shelter	Provide materials and supplies to ensure temporary shelter for

	disaster-affected populations
13. Logistics	Provide Air, water and Land transport for evacuation and for the storage and delivery of
14. Survey (Damage Assessment)	Collect and analyses data on the impact of disaster, develop estimates of resource needs and relief plans, and compile reports on the disaster as required for District and State authorities and other parties as appropriate.
15. Telecommunications	Coordinate and assure operation of all communication systems (e.g.; Radio, TV, Telephones, Wireless) required to support early warning or post disaster operations.
16. Media (Public Information)	Provide liaison with and assistance to print and electronic media on early warning and post-disaster reporting concerning the disaster.

The specific response roles and responsibilities of the task forces indicated above is that these roles and responsibilities will be executed and coordinated through the ICS/GS system. For example, in flood, search & rescue would come under the Operations section, Transport would come under the Logistics Section and Public Information under the Public Information Unit.

District Disaster Management Committee (DDMC)

The District Collector will be responsible for coordinating all disaster management activities at the district level. There shall be a District Disaster Management Authority headed by Collector. The District Disaster Management Authority shall approve a district disaster management planning and review all measures relating to preparedness and response to various hazards. The District Disaster Management Committee comprises members from Jilla Panchayat, different line departments, NGOs and others to be notified by the Department of Disaster Management from time to time. In times of disasters, Dist. Collector shall constitute a District Relief Committee to oversee management of relief. Following member should be club at district level committee.

DDMC

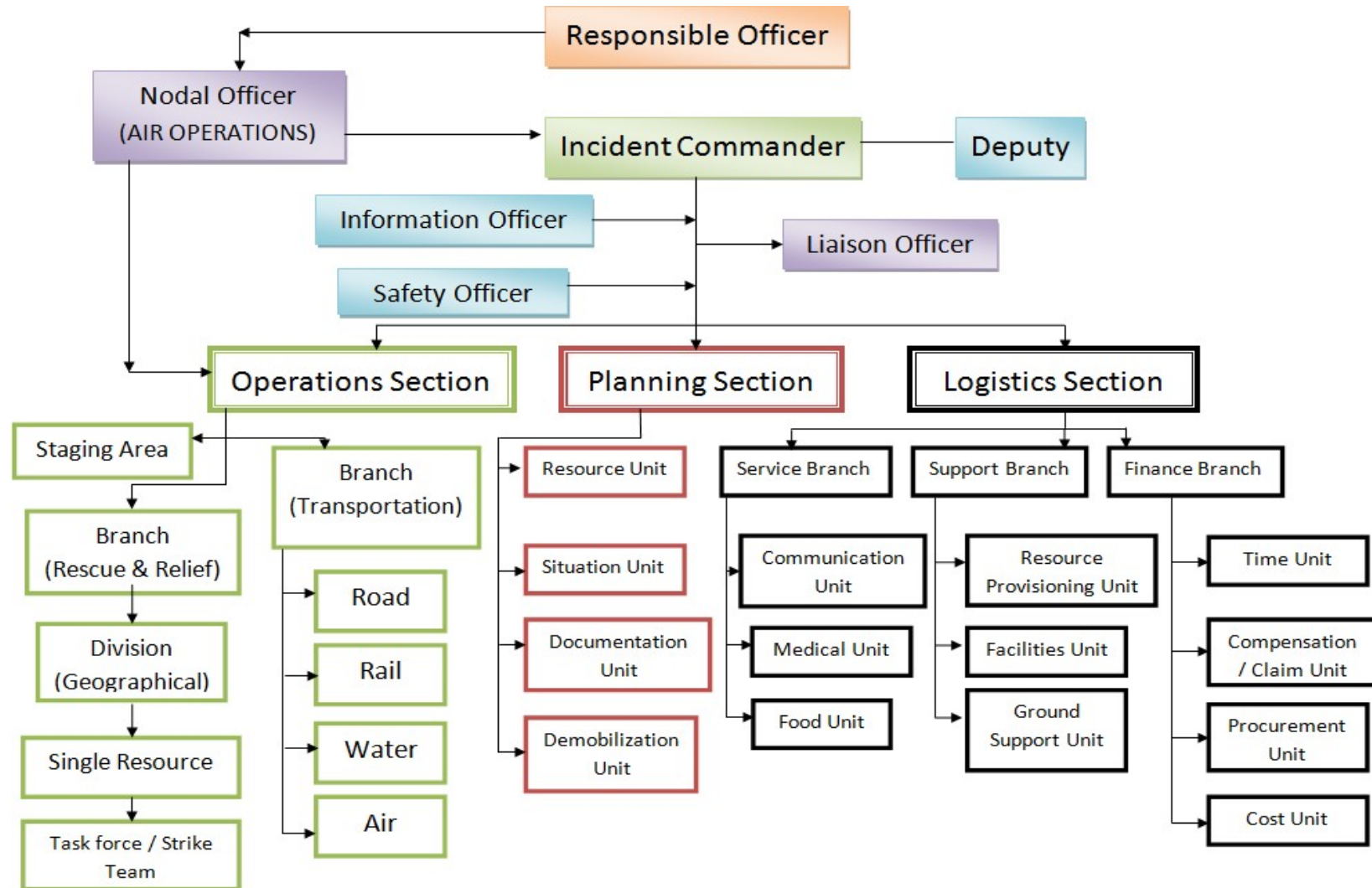
Sr. No.	Designation	Position in DDMC
1	Collector/ District Magistrate	Chairman
2	District Development Officer	Member
3	District Superintend of Police	Member
4	DCF, Forest	Member
5	Residential Additional Collector	Member
6	S D M	Member
7	District Supply Officer	Member
8	Exe. Engineer-R&B State	Member
9	Exe. Engineer-R&B Panchayat	Member
10	Exe. Engineer Irrigation-Panchayat	Member
11	Exe. Engineer- Water Supply	Member
12	Superintending Engineer- DGVCL	Member
13	Superintendent Civil Hospital	Member
14	ADHO	Member
15	District Agriculture Officer	Member
16	Dy. Director Animal Husbandry	Member
17	District Primary Education officer	Member
18	Divisional Controller-State Transport	Member
19	Dy. Director-Information Department	Member

Insident Response System in the Distict

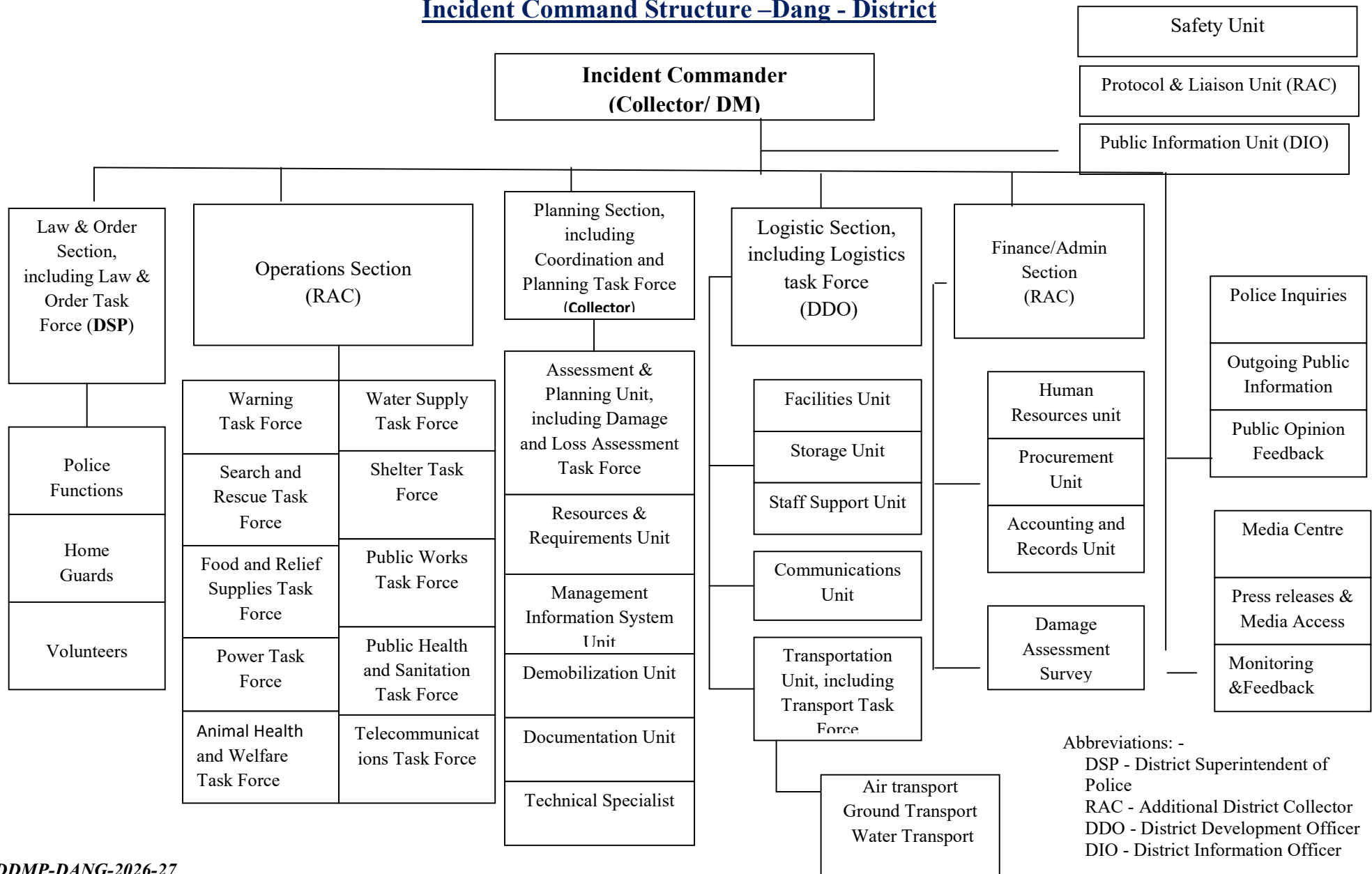
The response to disasters in the district will be organized according to the Incident Command System as adopted to conditions in Gujarat State (ICS/GS). The argument for the ICS is that its fundamental elements –unity of command, clarity of objectives and efficient resource use are common to the effective response to any disaster.

In Dang district, the multi-hazard response plan focused on sector specific action plans unlike the department specific planning approach in the previous plan documents. The disaster response is led by the District Emergency Operation Center (EOC) under the command and control of the District Collector. The organizational structure of the Incident command system of district and Taluka is given in the next page.

Incident Command/Response System in the District



Incident Command Structure –Dang - District



Major Responsibilities and Duties

INCIDENT COMAND

The incident command's responsibilities is the overall management of the incident. It is comprised of following points.

Incident Commander:

The incidents commander has a wide variety of responsibilities.

- Assess the situation and/or obtain a briefing from the prior incident commander.
- Determine incident objective and strategy.
- Establish immediate priorities.
- Establish incident command post
- Establish and appropriate organization.
- Ensure planning meetings are schedule as required.
- Approve and authorize the implementation of an incident action plan.
- Ensure that adequate safety measures are in place.
- Coordinate activity for all command and general staff.
- Coordinate with key people and officials.
- Approve request for additional resources or for the release of resources.
- Keep agency administrator informed of incident status.
- Approve the use of students, volunteers, and auxiliary personnel.
- Authorize release of information to the news media.
- Order the demobilization of the incident when appropriate.

Information and Media officer:

The information and Media officers is responsible for developing and releasing information about the incident to the news media, to incident personnel, and to other appropriate agency and organization. Reasons for the incident commander to designate an information and Media officer:

- An obvious high visibility or sensitive incident.
- Reduces the risk multiple sources releasing information.
- Needs to alert, warn or instruct the public.
- Media demands for information may obstruct IC effectiveness.
- Media capabilities to acquire their own information are increasing.

A.Liaison Officer:

The liaison officer is the point of contact to assist the first responders, cooperating agencies and the line departments. It may be designated depending on the number of agencies involved and the spread of affected area. Reasons to establish the liaison officers position at an incident.

- ❖ When several agencies send, or plan to send. Agencies representatives to an incident in support of their recourses.

- ❖ When the IC can no longer provide the time for individual coordination with each agency representatives.
- ❖ When it appears that two or more jurisdictions may become involved in the incident and the incident will require on-site liaison.

B. Safety Officer:

The safety officer's function is to develop and recommend measures for ensuring safety of responders and to assess or anticipate hazardous and unsafe situations and review it regularly. The safety officer will correct unsafe situation by working through the chain of command, however, the safety officer may exercise emergency authority to directly stop unsafe acts if personnel are in imminent life-threatening dangers.

C. GENERAL STAFF

Each one has a vital role for efficient response; however, depending upon the nature and requirements of the incident, they may be or not be activated. Each of these functional areas can also be expanded as needed into additional organizational units with further delegation of authority.

D. Operations Section

The Operations Section deals with all types of field level tactical operations directly applicable to the management of an incident. This section is headed by an Operation Section Chief (OSC). In addition, a deputy may be appointed to assist the OSC for discharging his functions depending on the magnitude of the work load. Operations Section is further sub-divided into Branches, Divisions and Groups which assist the OSC/IC in the execution of the field operations.

E. Planning Section

The Planning Section deals with all matters relating to the planning of the incident response. Headed by the Planning Section Chief, this section helps the Incident Commander in determining the objectives and strategies for the response. It works out the requirements for resources, maintains up-to-date information about the ongoing response and prepares IAP. For the closing phase of the operations, the Planning Section also prepares the Incident Demobilization Plan.

F. Logistics Section

The Logistics Section deals with matters relating to procurement of resources and establishment of facilities for the incident response. This section is headed by the Logistics Section Chief and is an important component of the IRS organization for providing back end services and other important logistic support like communications, food, medical supplies, shelter and other facilities to the affected communities and responders as well. There is a Finance Branch attached to this Section in order to ensure that the procurements, if any, may be done quickly and in accordance with the financial rules.

I. Triggering Mechanism for Deployment of IRS

Some of the natural hazards have a well established early warning system. On receipt of information regarding the impending disaster, the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) will inform the Responsible Officer (RO), who in turn will activate the required IRT and mobilize resources. At times the information about an incident may be received only on its occurrence without any warning – in such cases the local IRT will respond and inform the higher authority and if required seek reinforcement and guidance.

I. Activation of IRS in the District

Before taking up response activities, the DM (RO/IC as per IRS) will hold a briefing meeting and take stock of the situation, availability and mobilization of resources for listing out the various tasks and to provide proper briefing to the responders. The IAP will be drawn and put into action based on the situation assessment. The DM/RO will nominate Operations Section Chief (OSC) based on “incident type” and rest will follow as per IRS/IRT and other procedural guidelines.

On activation of IRS, all line departments/organizations/individuals shall follow the directions of the Incident Commander as condition demands. He can divert all mechanisms and resources in the district to fight against a scenario leading to disaster/calamity in the district. All Section Chiefs (Operations, Planning and Logistics) are vested with commanding authority and logistic assistance to deliver the concerned responsibility.

II. Incident Action Plan

It is important that activities indicated in the IAP are connected with the functional responsibility defined in IRT and also according to other descriptions as per DDMP. For instance, proper links shall be established between IRT and Emergency Support Functions (ESF) for IAP effectiveness.

Three basic elements of IAP are: Task /Function /Activity, Department/Officer Responsible, and Time. Besides that, common forms used for performing IRS and IAP as given in IRS National Guidelines may be utilized.

III. Standard Operating Procedures

Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) are a common method of implementing instructions. SOPs provide response protocols for carrying out specific responsibilities. They describe the “who, what, when and how” during a disaster, helping responders to perform complex tasks with high level of coordination. SOPs should be prepare and annexed to the DDMP for all relevant hazards of the district, such as earthquake, flood, cyclone, landslide, tsunami, man-made disasters, etc. It should be based on pre-defined IRTs and ESFs and communicated to every stakeholder in advance.

EOC setup and facilities available with the location

District Emergency Operation Centers/Control Rooms (DEOC)

- District Control Room (DCR) / District Emergency Operation Centers (DEOC)

The District Control Room is located near Collector office District Dang. It is also the central point for information gathering, processing and decision making more specifically to combat the disaster. Most of the strategic decisions are taken in this control room with regard to the management of disaster based on the information gathered and processed. The Incident Commander takes charge at the District Control Room and commands the emergency operations as per the Incident Command System organizational chart. All the task force leaders shall take position in the District Control Room along with Incident Commander to enable one point co-ordination for decision-making process.

✓ Facilities at District Emergency Operation Centers

The District Control Room equipped with to the following items in Table:

Sr. No.	Item/ Facility	Unit/ Number of item
1	Television	2
2	Telephones	3
3	Satellite Phone	1
4	Wire Less Setup	1
5	Printer	2
6	Scanner	1
7	PC with GSWAN Internet and web site facilities	3
8	Chairs	20
9	Tables	5

➤ *Taluka Emergency Operation Centers (TEOC)*

The Taluka Emergency Operation Centers located at the Office of Mamlatdar. The Liaison Officers of the respective Talukas shall take charge of the Control Room. The respective Liaison Officers shall coordinate between the task group members working at disaster sites and TFOR for mobilization of resources and dissemination of instructions received from TFOR/DEOC.

➤ *Task Force Operation Room (TFOR)*

Individual Task Force function shall activate & operate their respective control rooms in their office manned by a competent person who is proficient in communication and technically capable of coordinating with Taluka Level Control Room and District Control Room and mobilize requisite resources to the disaster site.

➤ ***Facilities at Taluka Level Control Rooms (TLCR)***

The following facilities are maintained inside TFCR:

- Telephones
- Facsimile
- Satellite Phone (desirable)
- Hand held Radios/Base Stations
- Marker board (1)
- A copy each of Disaster Management Plan and Taluka Level Plan
- Other relevant documents, if any

. Responsibility of up keeping and maintenance of all the above items / facilities in the respective Control rooms is given as below.

DCR (DEOC): District Collector or any person nominated

TFCR :Respective Task Force Leader

TLCR (TEOC): Respective Taluka Liaison Officer

The above responsible Depts./ personnel shall carryout periodic inspection of such facilities in their respective control rooms at the frequency set by them and maintain records on the same.

➤ ***Emergency Communication Systems***

Communication system is very crucial for effective control of any disaster. The communication philosophy adopted by Disaster Management team during the disaster is given as below: In the event of collapse of any communication facility / Communication infrastructure as a cascading effect/consequence of disaster, Telecommunication Task Force Leader shall ensure immediate restoration of such facility or infrastructure to ensure uninterrupted communication for effective disaster management operations.

➤ ***Synthesized Radio Communication***

All the Control Rooms are equipped with Radio base stations and all the task force leaders and their teams are provided with hand held radio sets. The different user groups are operating at different frequency channels allotted to them for ease in communication in respective groups. The table below shows the allotted frequency channel for individual Task Force. All the sets are programme for different groups' frequencies to facilitate horizontal communication among the different task groups.

➤ ***Telephones***

Telephones and Fax Machine had provided at DEOC and all TEOC Control Rooms.

➤ ***Alternate EOC available and its location***

The Dang District Control Room is located in the building of Collector office near Dang Panchayat office, It is also the central point for information gathering, processing and decision making more specifically to combat the disaster but when such kind of situation where DEOC will collapse so alternate EOC will started at Collector office.

➤ ***Alternate Communication System***

There could be a situation when all the communication facilities and systems may come to halt due to collapse of communication facilities/infrastructures. In the event of such a failure, till the facility/infrastructure is restored made functional, following alternate systems shall be used based on the seriousness of the situation:

➤ ***Satellite Communication System***

Satellite communication shall be activated once all the communication systems fail. This facility is installed at all the control rooms. The Telecommunication Task Force Leader shall ensure that this facility is resumed on all such occasions.

➤ ***Messengers***

- Use of messengers as a last resort to carry the hand written messages to persons concerned in dealing with the disaster.
- A dedicated vehicle shall be made available by the Transport Task Force Leader upon request

➤ ***Right use of Communication facility***

- The sense of urgency that every one experiences during disaster may lead to a chaotic situation if communication systems are not properly used.
- Communication shall be brief and simple.
- Telephones/ Hot Lines shall be used wherever possible to avoid congestion of Radio communication.
- All task force members shall communicate only through their allotted frequency channel to avoid congestion in the particular channel.
- Personnel who use Radios should be acquainted with the operation of the equipment, various channels, code words, length of speech, etc.

➤ ***Forecasting and warning agencies***

Alert Mechanism – Early Warning

On the receipt of warning or alert from any such agency, which is competent to issue such a warning, or on the basis of reports from District Collector of the occurrence of a disaster, the response structure of the State Government will be put into operation. The Chief Secretary/Relief Commissioner will assume the role of the Chief of Operations during the emergency. The details of agencies competent enough for issuing warning or alert pertaining to various types of disasters are given below;

Sr. No.	Disaster	Agencies
1	Earthquakes	IMD, ISR
2	Floods	IMD, Irrigation Department
3	Cyclones	IMD
4	Tsunami	IMD, ISR, INCOIS
5	Drought	Agriculture Department
6	Epidemics	Health & Family Welfare Department
7	Industrial & Chemical Accidents	Industry, Labor & Employment Department, DISH
8	Fire	Fire & Emergency Services

Prevention and Mitigation Measures

Prevention measures in development plans and programmers

For disaster prevention and mitigation, both structural and non-structural interventions can be planned. Structural interventions include construction of physical engineering and non engineering structures to reduce hazard risks. Non structural mitigation includes awareness and capacity building at official and community level, formulation of new plans and overall promoting a commitment for safety.

Mitigation measures can be divided in two categories:

- i) Structural measures: On site works, construction, and engineering works and
- ii) Non-structural measures: Which include studies, research, regulations, policy changes and capacity building activities that support the structural measures.

The taluka disaster management plan includes hazard specific structural and non structural mitigation plans in consultation and convergence with various Departments. For example, the MGNREGA work can take up activities on construction of embankment for flood safety or the forest department may take up mangrove plantation in the coastal areas, while the water supply department can construct hand pumps on raised platforms.

Departments shall draw out its own plan, goals and milestones and review it annually for its achievements and planning for next year.

Mitigation, preparedness and prevention actions are to be taken before a disaster to reduce the likelihood of a disaster (risk reduction) or the level of damage (vulnerability reduction) expected from a possible disaster. Vulnerability reduction is given priority over a risk reduction. The district can avail itself of four mechanisms (singularly or together) to reduce risk and vulnerability;

- Long term planning for mitigation, preparedness and prevention investments in the district,
- Enforcement of regulations, particularly building and safety codes and land use plans,
- Review and evaluation of development plans and activities to identify ways to reduce risks and vulnerability, and,
- Capacity building, including warning, the provision of relief and recovery assistance and community-level identification of risk and vulnerability.

The Collector, assisted by the District Development Officer, is responsible for developing plans and activities to effect mitigation, preparedness and prevention using the mechanism noted above.

Base on the interim assessment of risk and vulnerabilities, the District will focus on the following areas for mitigation, preparedness and prevention;

- Resilience of lifeline systems (water, power and communications)
- Reduction in disaster impact on health care facilities, schools and roads

- Vulnerability reduction in flood-prone areas
- Vulnerability reduction to high winds
- Improvement of Off-site Preparedness near Industrial sites.

✓ **Hazard wise structural and non- structural mitigation measures**

Hazard: Flood

Structural Mitigation Measures for Flood
(Identified works of concerned Departments)

Table 0-1 Structural Mitigation Measures for Flood

Probable Mitigation Measures	Implementing Departments	Convergence with Scheme/ Program	Time Frame
Desalting and deepening of water channel (khans)	Irrigation and Rural Development,	Departmental program	Regularly
Construction of embankments/ protection wall	Rural Development, Forest	Departmental program & watershed	Regularly
Repair of embankments/ protection wall	Rural Development, R&B department	Departmental program &	Regularly
Repair and maintenance of Flood Channels, canals, natural drainage, storm water lines	R&B department Irrigation department	Departmental or special plan	Regularly
Construction of Safe Shelters (new construction through Indira Awas, Sardar Awas and Ambedkar Awas)	Collector and R&B District Panchayat		Regularly
Protection wall and mangroves and vegetative cover against sea level intrusion and land erosion	Forest and Rural development department GEC	Department schemes,	Regularly

Non-Structural Mitigation Measures for Flood

(Identified works of concerned Departments)

Table 0-2 Non-Structural Mitigation Measures for Flood

Non-Structural measures	Implementing Departments	Convergence with agency/program	Time Frame
Safety audit of existing and proposed housing stock in risk prone areas	DDO, Rural development	IAY, Sardar Awas and other rural housing schemes	Regularly
Promotion of Traditional, local and innovative practices like bamboo/plastic bottle rafts etc, clean city green city	DDMC, TDMC, CDMC, SHGs and youth groups, NGOs Volunteers	Training and capacity building plan for disaster management At all level	Regularly
Capacity building of volunteers and technicians	DDMC, TDMC, CDMC	Training and capacity building plan for disaster management	Regularly
Awareness generation on health and safety of livestock	veterinary officer, rural development	Departmental Scheme	Regularly

Hazard: Cyclone

Structural Mitigation Measures for Cyclone

Table 0-3 Structural Mitigation Measures for Cyclone

Structural measures	Identified Locations and Villages	Implementing Departments	Convergence with Scheme/Program	Time Frame
Plantations (mangroves) and Shelter Belt in the Coastal Area		Forest department, Port Authority, DIC, TDO, Rural development department, GEC	Departmental schemes, MGNREGA	Regularly
Identification and repair/ retrofitting of houses and buildings unsafe for cyclone		R & B (District Panchayat)	Departmental Scheme	

Non-Structural Mitigation Measures for Cyclone
Table 0-4 Non-Structural Mitigation Measures for Cyclone

Non-Structural measures	Location/ coverage area	Implementing Departments	Convergence with agency/ program	Time Frame
Strengthening of Early warning mechanisms		DDMC, TDMC	District administration Line department	Regularly
Training and awareness generation for use of safety jackets/rings/buoys/rope etc for fisher folks		DDMC, TDMC, VDMC, CDMC	TDMP, VDMC	
Enforcing strict compliance to coastal regulation zone and awareness regarding hazard		Department of Environment & Forest Depart. Fishing GEC	Integrated Coastal Zone Management CRZ Regulation	
Registration of fishing boats		Fisheries Department	CRZ Regulation	
Regulate and issue orders for poor quality hoardings/buildings or any other objects		R & B Department		

Hazard: Earthquake

Structural Mitigation Measures for Earthquake
Table 0-5 Structural Mitigation Measures for Earthquake

Structural measures	Identified Locations and Villages	Implementing Departments	Convergence with Scheme/ Program	Time Frame
Retrofitting (if required) of public utility buildings like offices, schools/ banks/ markets etc	Earthquake prone 5 Taluka under zone 3	R & B (State and Panchayat), DDO, Rural department	TP Plan and all development plan	Regularly
Retrofitting of unsafe rural houses	In district	DDMC, DDO, R & B State and panchayat	Rural housing schemes and departmental	Regularly

			programs	
Identifying and safely dismantling unsafe structures		R & B department	Development plan	Regularly
Issue permission for Earthquake registrant house		Area Development Authority	TP plan	Regularly

Non Structural Mitigation Measures for Earthquake

Table 0-6 Non Structural Mitigation Measures for Earthquake

Non-Structural measures	Location/ coverage area	Implementing Departments	Convergence with agency/ program	Time Frame
Capacity building of architects, engineers and masons on earthquake resistant features	under zone 3	R & B (State and Panchayat) DDMC, TDMC, CDMC	DRM, DRR, special training programme	Regularly
Registration of trained and certified mason		R & B (State and Panchayat), DDMC	--	Regularly
Strict enforcement of guideline pertaining to seismic safety for government rural housing, urban development structure		DDO, DDMC, CDMC, TDMC, VDMC	Rural housing schemes	Regularly
Mock-drills for Schools, Hospitals and , Public Buildings and trainings for mason, engineers and architects		DDMC, Schools	DRM, Nssp, DRR DM regulation	Regularly

Hazard: Drought

Structural Mitigation Measures for Drought

Table 0-7 Structural Mitigation Measures for Drought

Structural measures	Identified Locations and Villages	Implementing Departments	Convergence with Scheme/ Program	Time Frame
Development of Pasture land in common property, seed farms and trust land		Forest, Rural Development, Panchayat	Departmental Scheme, MGNREGA	Regularly
Rain Water Harvesting storage tanks at household level and public buildings		GWSSB, (WASMO), Rural Development	MGNREGA, Swajaldhara	Regularly
Structures for water harvesting and recharging like wells, ponds, check dams, farm ponds, etc		DDO, Rural development, irrigation department	MGNREGA ,Watershed program, departmental schemes	Regularly
Development of fodder plots/banks		DDMC, Forest department , animal husbandry department	Development plan	Regularly
Repair and maintenance, desilting of water sources, check dams, hand pumps etc.		Irrigation, Rural Development	MGNREGA, Watershed	Regularly

Non-Structural Mitigation Measures for Drought

Table 0-8 Non-Structural Mitigation Measures for Drought

Non-Structural measures	Locations/ coverage area	Implementing Departments	Convergence with agency/ program	Time Frame
Listing/developing shelf of work for drought proofing/scarcity works including Identification of potential sites of water bodies		Rural Development	MGNREGS	Regularly
Farmer education to practice drought resistant crops and efficient water use		Agriculture & horticulture department	Departmental schemes	Regularly

Non-Structural measures	Locations/ coverage area	Implementin g Departments	Convergence with agency/ program	Time Frame
Set up control mechanism for regulated water use (ponds, small dams, check dams) on the early unset.		Panchayats		Regularly

Hazard: Tsunami

Structural Mitigation Measures for Tsunami

Table 0-9 Structural Mitigation Measures for Tsunami

Structural measures	Identified Locations and Villages	Implementing Departments	Convergence with Scheme/ Program	Time Frame
Constructing shelter belts in coastal areas	No coastal area	Rural Development	Departmental programs , MGNREGA	Long term planning
Contraction Sea water brake structure		R & B State and panchayat	Departmental programs , MGNREGA	Long term planning

Non-Structural Mitigation Measures for Tsunami

Table 0-10 Non-Structural Mitigation Measures for Tsunami

Non-Structural measures	Locations/ coverage area	Implementing Departments	Convergence with agency/program	Time frame
Provisions of Coastal Regulation Zone to be effectively implemented	Coastal Area	Department of Environment & Forest GEC	ICZMP	Long term planning
Capacity building of task forces in coastal villages		TDMC, DDMC, CDMC, VDMC,	DRM,	Periodically
Awareness activity in prone/ vulnerable area		DDMC , TDMC, CDMC, VDMC	DRM	Regularly

Special projects proposed and ongoing programmers for preventing the disasters

1. Disaster Risk Management Programme (DRM)

Disaster Risk Management Programme (DRM) has taken strong roots at various levels of administration in Gujarat. The Department of Revenue & Disaster Management is the nodal Department in Government of Gujarat that handles the subject with GSDMA. Disaster Management Committees are formed at various levels and are assigned the task of implementing the programme. Representation for these committees are drawn from elected representatives, officials of line departments, professional bodies, Civil Defense, NGO and CBO representatives and local opinion leaders. Major Activities are being carried out under DRM program are Plan Development at Various Levels, Emergency Resources Database maintain through SDRN / IDRN, Capacity Building through Trainings & Resource Mobilization, Disaster Awareness through Orientations, Campaigning, Media Management and IEC distribution. Coordinate District Administration for all Disaster Management Activities with expertise knowledge, logistics and fund allocation.

2. Gujarat Initiative School Safety Programme-I

Initiative (GSSI) – I & II. The pilot programs were designed for promoting a culture of disaster safety in schools and reduce risk through structural and non-structural measures in the schools One hundred and fifty schools were selected from the cities of Ahmadabad (100), Jamnagar (15) and Vadodara (35) cities on basis of the school's disaster vulnerability, number of students and willingness to implement the suggested measures. The following activities were conducted in each of the project schools:

- School management was first approached and a presentation was made about why and how the concerned school can work on school safety.
- A School Safety Committee was formed with the help of school administration.
- A three-day programme on orientation of the school disaster management committee on school disaster management planning.
- Orientation about basic disaster awareness to coordinators and members of the school task forces.
- Detail training of the task force members on task force skills such as activities to be done for search and rescue, first aid, etc.
- Imparting lessons on emergency response in each classroom.
- Conducting mock drill and holding a debriefing meeting to evaluate the mock drill.

Gujarat School Safety Initiative – I is completed in all the 152 schools, covering training of 1,00,000 students (primary and secondary standards) and 1,500 teachers in the basics

of disaster management. School based DM plans were prepared for all the 152 schools. Earthquake drills were conducted in 80 schools attended by around 40,000 students and 640 teachers. As part of the long-term sustainability of the program, an assessment of non-structural mitigation measures was completed and school safety clubs have been opened in all the project schools. A short play on disaster awareness was also organized in 68 schools.

Gujarat School Safety Initiative – II

This initiative was designed for creation of cadre of master trainers and a pool of trained teachers at district level in disaster risk reduction across all the 25 districts of the State. It was designed for creating a pool of 100 Master Trainers (4 from each district). These master trainers would provide training to 625 teachers (25 from each district). Twenty five model schools were selected & School DM Plans were prepared involving the trained teachers. It was planned that trainings will be conducted for 1,000 teachers and 7,500 students in model schools.

3. National Cyclone Risk Mitigation Project (NCRMP)

Gujarat being prone to cyclones, it is the topmost priority of the State Government to reduce the effect of cyclone and minimize the loss to property and lives in the coastal regions of the State through creation of suitable infrastructure. Gujarat has therefore been included in the NCRMP initiated by the National Disaster Management Authority and funded by the World Bank. Under NCRMP project various activity will carry out like Construction of cyclone shelter for selected area.

As Dang district is vulnerable to Cyclone so projects like cyclone shelter, EWDS VSAT & siren installation are ongoing in Dang District.

Structural: Structural Mitigation Measures

- a. **Retrofitting of Buildings:** Dang district come in Zone III in Earthquake. In Tapi region maximum buildings are engineered or, having good seismic resistant capacity.

There are mainly four major types of constructions:

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| Category A: | Adobe, fieldstone Masonry Buildings |
| Category B: | Brick Construction Masonry Buildings |
| Category C: | R. C. C. Construction |
| Category X: | Traditional & Conventional Construction |

The buildings of Category A are very weak and may be damage even due to a lower intensity earthquake. There is a need for detailed assessment of buildings, which are vulnerable and may cause losses to life. Assessment of these buildings will help to evolve a strategy for their retrofitting.

After assessment of vulnerability of buildings the priority for structural mitigation has to be defined. Generally, public buildings are given first priority because they are lesser in number and at the time of disaster, people can take shelter in these public

buildings. Some examples of important buildings are hospitals, clinics, communication buildings, fire and police stations, water supply, cinema halls, meeting halls, schools and cultural buildings such as museums, monuments and temples. The second priority goes to other type of buildings like housing, hostels, offices, warehouses and factories.

b. Construction control: The best protection against earthquake is a strong built environment. The quality of buildings, measured by their seismic resistance is of fundamental importance. Minimum design and construction standards for earthquake and flood resistant structures legislated nationally, are an important step in establishing future minimum levels of protection for important structures. India now has building codes and regulations for seismic and flood resistant design. These codes are in constant review by the experts. The below mentioned building codes are generally practiced in India:

- ✓ **IS: 1893, 1984** - Criteria for earthquake resistance design of structures
- ✓ **IS: 13828, 1993** - Guidelines for improving low strength earthquake resistant masonry buildings
- ✓ **IS: 13920, 1993** - Ductile detailing of reinforced concrete structures subjected to seismic forces- code of practice
- ✓ **IS: 13827, 1993** - Guidelines for improving earthquake resistance of earthen buildings
- ✓ **IS: 13935, 1993** - Guidelines for repairing & seismic strengthening of buildings

In building by-laws and the Seismic Code must be enforce by the municipal, Area Development Authority and Panchayat bodies.

Non-structural

Land use planning: Damage to a building depends primarily upon the soil conditions and topology of the area. Dang district comes under Moderate risk zone in terms of earthquake (Zone 3)

Training and awareness programmers: Mitigation also includes training of people for making the houses safe from earthquakes and floods. Training modules have to be prepared for different target groups viz. engineers and masons about safe building practices and general 'do's and don'ts' for public.

Mitigation strategies

The mitigation strategy for Dang district involves the following elements:

- ✓ Further growth of human settlements in the low-lying areas should be check through land-use planning. Such areas are vulnerable not only from flood hazards but are also vulnerable to earthquake liquefaction, which may increase the damage manifold. The department of Town and Country Planning will take care of seismic hazards while preparing the development plans for the district;
- ✓ Appropriate building codes will be making applicable for new engineered & non-engineered constructions, and should be strictly enforce by local body. The

Municipal Corporation of local area will ensure the construction as per Indian Standard Building Codes;

- ✓ Infrastructure department will do the retrofitting of public buildings under their maintenance charge. Generally, PWD, Rural Engineering Services and Housing Board maintain the public buildings. The expenditure for such retrofitting will be taken care under maintenance head.
- ✓ Community awareness will be rising regarding seismic resistant building construction techniques and seismic retrofitting of existing buildings. Housing Board will be the nodal agency to provide training through workshops and demonstrations. PWD and RES will support MPHB in these efforts;
- ✓ Community awareness will be raised regarding 'do's and don'ts' in the event of an earthquake with the involvement of Panchayati Raj institutions and CBOs. Revenue department will be the nodal agency for this activity.

Special Projects for Vulnerable Groups

Development Schemes:

MGNREGA:

The MGNREGA achieves twin objectives of rural development and employment. The MGNREGA stipulates that works must be targeted towards a set of specific rural development activities such as: water conservation and harvesting, a forestation, rural connectivity, flood control and protection such as construction and repair of embankments, etc. Digging of new tanks/ponds, percolation tanks and construction of small check dams are also given importance. The employers are given work such as land leveling, tree plantation, etc. It has a very broad spectrum which can be used for the benefit of the population that are vulnerable and are likely to be affected.

1. Construction of Tube wells can be done.
2. Building of Roads for places which are not connected to other parts of the district.
3. Leveling of low lying areas during flood to a higher level to prevent those areas.
4. Construction of check dams and embankments and drainage systems to prevent flooding of those areas.

Awash Yojanas:

This scheme can be used for the rehabilitation of the affected villages by making constructions for the affected population.

Sarva ShikshaAbhiyan:

This scheme can be used for creating awareness about mitigation and preparedness about accidents that are in control of man, in collaboration with educational institutions to the people so that they can make use of it when required.

NRHM:

This scheme can be used to facilitate for voluntary first aid during disaster and training the local population to deal with minor injuries so that they do not have to wait for professional help to help any individual. Training of nurses can be carried out as a preparatory plan.

Mukhyamantri Avas Yojana:

The scheme can facilitate the rehabilitation programs among the affected villages or the ones that are likely to be affected and lie in the vulnerable zone. They can come up with collaboration with the construction norms.

Jal- Abhishekh Abhiyan:

The aim of the scheme is to provide safe drinking water so it can be used to provide for clean drinking water during response and relief period .It can work in collaboration with sanitation systems during relief period and help in avoiding any kind of future epidemics in the affected region.

SamagraSwachta Abhiyan:

This scheme can also be used for providing sanitation in the relief camps to the affected population. Since relief camps are the places where lot of diseases and epidemics may break out, proper defecation and sanitation should be ensured by this scheme.

MadhyanahBhojanKaryakram:

The scheme can provide for food supply during emergency situations in the affected areas or even in the relief camps.

Risk Management Funding

Short term provisions are expected to cover the immediate loss, incurred due to disasters. Whereas long term provisions include the set up of fire stations, watershed management, planting trees along the river etc.

Insurance schemes are important source of funds for restoration of private business enterprises. The Collector will coordinate with Insurance Companies to speed up settlement of insurance claims. It will help in restoration of private business enterprises. He will also coordinate with commercial banks for ensuring smooth flow of financial assistance from commercial banks for restoration of private business enterprises.

Agriculture department shall provide seeds and the required finance as loans through local banks for the resumption of agriculture activities. The district administration shall elicit the support funding of agencies like Care, CRS etc. for the resumption of agriculture and livelihood activities.

Revenue/Book Circulars contains standing instructions of the Government for distribution of ex-gratia payments to poor families, who suffer from disasters to initiate their recovery process. This assistance will be provided very promptly to the poor families by the functionaries of the Revenue Department.

In order to achieve the objectives, rollout workshop was held for sensitization of education department officials, district level administrators (District Education Officers & District Primary Education Officers), teachers and students. Eighty six master trainers were trained in 4 regional workshops, 593 teachers were trained throughout the State in 3 day workshops. Twenty five model schools were selected where 25,543 students and 861 teachers have been trained. One model school developed for each district. Methodology for School Safety program has been developed and tested, including templates for developing a School Disaster Management Plan. Training and awareness material has been developed. Also, draft text books for class VII, VIII IX were prepared incorporating the basics of Disaster Management.

Over and above the softer issues highlighted above, GSDMA has provided all the existing Government schools in Gujarat with ISI marked portable Water-CO2 type of Fire Extinguisher (31746 Government schools covered of which 31336 are primary and 410 are secondary and higher secondary schools). For the necessary guidance/instruction for use of fire extinguishers, GSDMA has prepared an 18-minute short education film in Gujarati on fire safety for schools. This was show to all government primary schools through the satellite network.

Preparedness Measures

Formation of Persons and trainings

A. Search & rescue

It is the duty of the DDMA to provide specialized life saving assistance to district and local authorities. In the event of a major disaster or emergency its operational activities include locating, extricating and providing on site medical treatment to victims trapped in collapsed structures. In the event of any disaster the Home Guards along with the support of the Police dept. form teams to locate injured and dead and try to rescue the ones in need. There are other bodies too that help these departments in this work, like the PWD, Health dept, Fire dept and also the people that voluntarily form teams to help the ones in need. Proper training for search and rescue process needs to be undertaken so as to minimize the time taken in rescuing someone. Also proper methodology and resources are needed to carry out a search & rescue mission.

The tactics used in the search & rescue process vary accordingly with the type of disaster that we are dealing with. In case of flood, a boat and trained swimmers are a must while in case of an earthquake sniffer dogs and cutting tools with trained manpower is a binding requirement. The household register that is maintained by the warden should be maintained for every village as it proves to be of great help in case of a disaster like an earthquake. Because in case of the aforementioned disaster people get trapped in the debris of buildings and houses and it becomes difficult to estimate how many people are present in the debris. But if a household register is maintained then the task becomes quite easy and effective to find out almost correctly that how many people would be present in any building/house at any given time. Thus the resources can be justifiably distributed and more lives can be saved. This kind of process is highly recommended in this particular district which lies in moderate earthquake prone region.

For flood it is recommended that the boats that are used should be light weight and the motor should be of 'luma' type, so that it becomes easy for the rescue team to lift the boat and carry it to the spot.

Search & rescue Team

Designation of trained S&R Team member

The Search & Rescue team is formed as and when required and the members & equipments are taken according to the nature of the disaster (and also on their availability).

- ✓ Police Officers (2 or more)
- ✓ Home guards (2 or more)
- ✓ Swimmers (In case of flood)

- ✓ Driver (For Every vehicle)
- ✓ Any person with the prior experience of the disaster (From Home Guard/Police Dept.)
- ✓ A doctor or nurse or at least a person having first aid training
- ✓ A Class IV Officer (Health Dept.)

A. Early Warning:

The early warning systems for different disasters should be in place so that the concerned administrative machinery and the communities can initiate appropriate actions to minimize loss of life and property. These should give an indication of the level of magnitude of the mobilization required by the responders. The goal of any warning system is to maximize the number of people who take appropriate and timely action for the safety of life and property. All warning systems start with the detection of the event and with their timely evacuation. Warning systems should encompass three equally important elements viz detection and warning, dissemination of warning down to the community level and the subsequent quick response.

The State acknowledges the crucial importance of quick dissemination of early warning of impending disasters and every possible measure will be taken to utilize the lead-time provided for preparedness measures. As soon as the warning of an impending calamity is received, the EOCs at the State, District and Block levels will be on a state of alert. The Incident Commander will take charge of the EOC and oversee the dissemination of warning to the community. The District Collector will inform the District Disaster Management Committees who will alert the block and Village level DMCs and DMTs to disseminate the warning to the community. On the basis of assessment of the severity of the disaster, the State Relief Commissioner (Incident Commander) shall issue appropriate instructions on actions to be taken including evacuation to the District Collector, who will then supervise evacuation. In situations of emergency, the District Collector will use his own discretion on the preparedness measures for facing the impending disaster.

At the village level, members of the VDMCs and DMTs or village level will coordinate the evacuation procedures to the pre-designated relief centers, taking special care of the vulnerable groups of women, children, old people etc. according to the plans laid down earlier.

B. Evacuation:

Evacuation is a risk management strategy, which may be used as a means of mitigating the effects of an emergency or disaster on a community. It involves the movement of people to a safer location. However, to be effective, it must be correctly planned and executed. The process of evacuation is usually considered to include the return of the affected community.

Shelter provides for the temporary respite to evacuees. It may be limited in facilities, but must provide protection from the elements as well as accommodate the basic personal needs, which arise at an individual level in an emergency.

The plan must allocate responsibility for management of each of the elements of shelter. Considering the wide range of services, agencies and issues to be managed, it becomes essential for 'shelter' to be managed within a structure, which facilitates the coordination of agencies and services and support of emergency workers. The following factors may need consideration:

- I. Identification of appropriate shelter areas based on safety, availability of facilities, capacity and number of victims
- II. Approaches to the shelter location in light of disruption due to hazard impact and traffic blockades
- III. Temporary accommodation
- IV. Provision of essential facilities like drinking water, food, clothing, communication, medical, electrical and feeding arrangements, etc
- V. Security
- VI. Financial and immediate assistance
- VII. First-aid and counseling

Types of evacuation

For planning, all evacuations may be considered to be one of two generic types:

- (a) Immediate evacuation, which allows little or no warning and limited preparation time as in the case of earthquakes and air accident
- (b) Pre-warned evacuation resulting from an event that provides adequate warning and does not unduly limit preparation time as in the case of flood and cyclones.

Principles of Evacuation Planning

- ✓ Establishment of a management structure for organization, implementation, coordination and monitoring of the plan
- ✓ Determination of legal or other authority to evacuate
- ✓ Clear definition of rules and responsibilities
- ✓ Development of appropriate and flexible plans
- ✓ Effective warning and information system
- ✓ Promoting awareness and encouraging self-evacuation.
- ✓ Assurance of movement capability
- ✓ Building confidence measures and seeking cooperation of the affected community.
- ✓ Availability of space for establishment of relief camps having requisite capacity and facilities
- ✓ Priority in evacuation to be accorded to special need groups like women, old and sick, handicapped and children
- ✓ For effective evacuation, organization and running of relief centers, cooperation and involvement of all agencies viz. Community, volunteers, NGOs, NCC / NSS, Home guards and civil defense, district and village bodies be ensured

- ✓ Security arrangement and protection of lives and property
- ✓ Preparation and updating of resource inventories
- ✓ Appropriate welfare measures throughout all stages
- ✓ Test exercise of prepared plans and recording of lessons learnt
- ✓ Documentation

Stages of Evacuation

There are five stages of evacuation as under:

- ✓ Decision of authorities to evacuate victims
- ✓ Issue of warning and awareness
- ✓ Ensuring smooth movement of victims to designated relief camps
- ✓ Ensuring provision of all requisite facilities like security, safe-housing, feeding, drinking-water, sanitation, medical and allied facilities
- ✓ Safe return of personnel on return of normalcy

Decision to Evacuate

Vulnerability analysis may indicate that for certain hazards and under certain conditions, sheltering in place could well be the best protection. Available lead-time may influence the decision to evacuate the public before the impact of emergency (e.g. floods) and reducing the risk to lives and property. Decision would also be dependent on factors like ready availability of suitable accommodation, climatic condition, and severity of likely hazard and time of the day.

The Collector would be the authoritative body to issue directions for evacuation. The OIC of DECR would convey directions to Desk Officers of concerned agencies, which are responsible to execute evacuation.

Basic consideration for Evacuation

The DCG will define area to be evacuated as also the probable duration of evacuation based on meteorological observations and intimations by the concerned forecasting agencies. It should also identify number of people for evacuation, destination of evacuees, lead-time available, welfare requirements of evacuees as also identify resources to meet the needs of victims, viz. manpower, transport, supplies equipments, communications and security of the evacuated area.

The evacuating agency should set priorities for evacuation in terms of areas likely to be affected and methodology to execute evacuation:

- Delivery of warning
- Transport arrangement
- Control and timing of movement
- Fulfill welfare needs including medical treatment
- Registration of evacuees

All agencies involved in evacuation operation like Home guards, Police, PWD, PHED, etc. will coordinate in field. They will remain in touch with the Desk officials in the DECR for issuing warning, information and advise the public.

Evacuation Warning

An evacuation warning must be structured to provide timely and effective information. Factors, which may influence the quality and effectiveness of warning, include time, distance, visual evidence, threat characteristic and sense of urgency e.g. the more immediate the threat, the greater the resilience of people to accept and appropriately react to the warning.

The warning should be clear and target specific. The warning statement issued to the community should be conveyed in a simple language. The statement should mentioned:

- The issuing authority, date and time of issue
- An accurate description of likely hazard and what is expected
- Possible impact on population, area to be in undated or affected due to earthquake
- Need to activate evacuation plan
- Do's and Don'ts to ensure appropriate response
- Advise to the people about further warnings to be issued, if any

C.Damage & Loss Assessment

Immediately after the disaster, there is an urgent need of damage assessment in terms of loss of life, injury and loss of property. The objectives of damage assessment are to mobilize resources for better rescue and relief, to have detailed information of damage extent and severity of disaster and to develop strategies for reconstruction and restoration facilities.

Damage is assessing with regard to building stock, standing crops, agricultural area, livestock lost, forest cover decimated, vital installations etc. In damage assessment of building stock, generally three types of flags are used; green, yellow and red. The green color is given to the buildings that are safe and require 2-3 days to return to their original function. Yellow flags depict the considerable damage to the buildings and considered unsafe for living, as they require proper structural repairs and careful investigation. The red flag is assigned to buildings that are partially or completely collapsed. Immediately after a disaster event, damage assessment will be conducted in 2 phases viz. Rapid Damage Assessment and Detailed Damage Assessment.

Training need analysis -Education and Capacity Building and arrangement for training:-

Although education about disaster mitigation and prevention and capacity building would seem to be ideal district-level efforts, the lead for both probably best rests with the state level, with districts having a facilitating role. The issue is that if 26 districts

independently embark on education and capacity building it will be hard to coordinate and standardize the results across districts. A significant consequence would an inequality in capacities across districts, and thus uneven mitigation and prevention results'How to fund these activities remains open. Options range from GSDMA grants to set-asides in budget allocations. Project Impact in the US and similar programs in Australia and Canada are good models for the former approach.

Training, capacity building and other proactive measures Training:

Table No. 5.3

Table 0-11 Training

Sr. No.	Task / Activity	Responsibility
1	Training to civil defense personal in various aspect of disaster management	Home Department
2	Training to home Guards personal in various aspect of disaster management including search and rescue	Civil Defense District Home Guards Commandant
3	Training to NCC and NSS personal in various aspect of disaster management	Education Department NCC Collector Office
4	Training to educational and training institutions personal in various aspect of disaster management	DDMC
5	Training to civil society, CBOs and corporate entities in various aspect of disaster management	DDMC
6	Training to fire and emergency service personal in various aspect of disaster management	Fire Dept, CDMC DDMC
7	Training to police and traffic personal in various aspect of disaster management	DDMC Police Dept.
8	Training to media in various aspect of disaster management	DDMC Information Dept.
9	Training to govt. officials in various aspect of disaster management	DDMC
10	Training to engineers, architects, structural engineers, builders and masons in various aspect of disaster management	DDMC, R & B

Awareness

Table 0-12 Awareness activities

Task	Activity	Responsibility
Information, education And communication	Advertisement, hording, booklets, leaflets, banners, shake-table, demonstration, folk dancing and music, jokes, street play, exhibition, TV Spot, radio spot, audio-visual and documentary, school campaign, Rally, - Planning and Design - Execution and Dissemination	Information Dept Education Dept All line dept Dist. Collectors Chief officer Other Dist. Authorities

Activation of Incident Response System in the District and identification of quick response team

Command:

This function establishes the framework within which a single leader or committee can manage the overall disaster response effort. A single Incident Commander is responsible for the successful management of the response during operational period in an area. If the incident grows in size and extends throughout many jurisdictions, multiple incident commanders can be useful with an area command authority may be established to coordinate among the incidents. Incident Commander requires the following Command Staffs to support him, which are as followings,

- Public Information Officer – the single media point of contact
 - Safety Officer – Responsible for identifying safety issues and fixing them, he has the authority to halt an operation if needed.
 - Liaison Officer – Point of contact for agency to agency issues.
1. **Operations:** this section carries out the response activities described in the Incident Action Plan (IAP) along with coordinating and managing the activities taken the responding agencies and officials that are directed at reducing the immediate hazard, protecting lives and properties. This section manages the tactical fieldwork and assigns most of the resources used to respond to the incident. Within operations, separate sections are established to perform different functions, such as emergency services, law enforcement, public works...etc.
 2. **Planning:** this section supports the disaster management effort by collecting, evaluating, disseminating, and uses information about the development of the emergency and status of all available resources. This section creates the action plan, often called “Incident Action Plan” (IAP), which shall guide emergency operations/response by objectives.

Followings are the six primary activities performed by the planning section, including,

- Collecting, evaluating, and displaying incident intelligence and information
 - Preparing and documenting IAPs
 - Conducting long-range and contingency planning
 - Developing plans for demobilization
 - Maintaining incident documentation
 - Tracking resources documentation
3. **Logistics:** the process of response includes personnel, equipments, vehicles, facilities...etc, all of which will depend upon the acquisition, transport, and distribution of resources, the provision of food and water, and proper medical attention. The Logistic section is responsible for the mentioned process.
4. **Finance and Administration:** this section is responsible for tracking all costs associated with the response and beginning the process for reimbursement. The finance and administration section becomes very important when the national government provides emergency funds in place that guarantee local and regional response agencies that their activities, supply use, and expenditures will be covered.

A traditional command structure exists in the administrative hierarchy which manages disasters in India. It has been planned to strengthen and professionalise the same by drawing upon the principles of the ICS with suitable modifications. The ICS is essentially a management system to organise various emergency functions in a standardised manner while responding to any disaster. It will provide for specialist incident management teams with an incident commander and officers trained in different aspects of incident management, such as logistics, operations, planning, safety, media management, etc. It also aims to put in place such teams in each district by imparting training in different facets of incident management to district level functionaries. The emphasis will be on the use of technologies and contemporary systems of planning and execution with connectivity to the joint operations room at all levels.

The local authorities do not have the capacity to play an efficient role at local level to support the DEOC's requirements for field information and coordination. The DEOC will therefore need to send its own field teams and through them establish an Incident Command System. The system will comprise:

- Field command
- Field information collection
- Inter agency coordination at field level

Management of field operations, planning, logistics, finance and administration

Checking and certification of logistics, equipments and stores

Dang district has various types of logistics and equipment. It should be checked and certified by concern officer periodically. Disaster Management cell is regularly monitoring this activity and got certification of this equipment. (Detail information of Equipment is given in Annexure)

Operational check-up of Warning System

Warning system are checked periodically like, Satellite phone, Hot Line, Telephone connection, GSWAN connectivity etc, In Pre- monsoon meeting also give direction for checking warning system like, port signals.

Operational check-up for Emergency Operation Centre

Operational checkup of Emergency Operation Centre are carried out month wise and check out all facility and equipment in DEOC.

NGOs and other stakeholders coordination – identify their strengths and allocation of responsibilities in area/sector/duty/activities – Activate NGO coordination cell

NGO and Voluntary group are doing very important activity and response during disaster. DDMA also organized capacity-building programmes, awareness programmes on Disaster Management for NGO and Voluntary group. For arrangement of water supply, temporary sanitation facilities, search and Rescue activity, Relief distribution can be sought with help of special agencies, NGOs and CBOs. (Information of NGO and Voluntary group refer Annexure)

-: Awareness Generation :-

As a part of Preparedness Awareness, generation among community will be continuous process. From District to Taluka, Village level awareness programme must be conducted with the help of Print Media, Electronic media, folk media authority can create awareness among community.

Seasonal preparedness for Seasonal Disaster like Flood and Cyclone

Whether personal or institutional, all collections are subject to risks that can seriously affect the lifetime and value of a collection. For many museums, galleries, and private collectors, an essential aspect in Collection Management is maintaining a loss prevention plan for seasonal disasters.

Hazards from these storms come in many forms including high winds, tornadoes, storm surges and flooding. Natural disasters make all of us acutely aware of our vulnerabilities to disaster. Fortunately, catastrophes of a large magnitude are rare, but disaster can strike in many ways. Large or small, natural or man-made, emergencies put collections in danger. Hazards can often be mitigated or avoided altogether by a

comprehensive, emergency-preparedness plan. Such plans provide a means for recognizing and responding effectively to emergencies. The goal is to hopefully prevent damage or, at least, to limit the extent of the damage.

Identifying Risks:

A prudent first step is to list geographic and climatic hazards and other risks that could jeopardize the building and collections. These might include geographical susceptibility to hurricanes, tornadoes, flash flooding, earthquakes, or forest fires, and even the possibility of unusual hazards such as volcanic eruptions. Consider man-made disasters such as power outages, sprinkler discharges, fuel or water supply failures, chemical spills, arson, bomb threats, or other such problems. Take note of the environmental risks that surround you. Chemical industries, shipping routes for hazardous materials, and adjacent construction projects all expose you to damage. Any event that is a real possibility should be covered under your Emergency Preparedness Plan. It is also important to determine the vulnerability of the objects within the collections. What types of materials are included? Are they easily damaged? Are they particularly susceptible to certain types of damage such as moisture, fire, breakage, and the like? How and where are collections stored? Are they protected by boxes or other enclosures? Is shelving anchored to structural elements of the building? Is it stable? Are any artifacts stored directly on the floor where they could be damaged by leaks or flooding? All items should be raised at least four inches from the floor on waterproof shelves or pallets. Are materials stored under or near water sources? Analyze your security and housekeeping procedures. Do they expose collections to the dangers of theft, vandalism, or insect infestation? Consider vulnerabilities. Are your collections insured? Is there a complete and accurate inventory? Is a duplicate of the inventory located at another site? Although there may be a wide range of disaster scenarios, the most common are water, fire, physical or chemical damage, or some combination of these. The specific procedures of a disaster plan focus on the prevention and mitigation of these types of damage.

Decreasing Risks

Once your hazards are specified, the disaster planner should devise a program with concrete goals, identifiable resources, and a schedule of activities for eliminating as many risks as possible. While water damage is the most common form of disaster for collections, everyone needs a good fire-protection system. Wherever possible, collections should also be protected by a fire suppression system. Preservation professionals now recommend wet-pipe sprinklers for most collections. In addition, water misting suppression systems have become available within the last several years; these can provide fire suppression using much less water than conventional sprinkler systems. Before choosing a fire-protection system, be sure to contact preservation professional or a fire-protection consultant for information about the latest developments in fire protection and for advice appropriate to your collections and situation. An inventory will provide a basic list of holdings, and will be essential for insurance purposes. Improved collection

storage, such as boxing and raising materials above the floor level, will reduce or eliminate damage when emergencies occur. Comprehensive security and housekeeping procedures will ward off emergencies such as theft, vandalism, and insect infestation. They will also ensure that fire exits are kept clear and fire hazards eliminated.

Identifying Resources

An important step in writing your plan is to identify sources of assistance in a disaster. Research these services thoroughly--it is an essential part of the planning process. These can range from police, fire, and ambulance services to maintenance workers, insurance adjusters, and utility companies. If possible, invite local service providers to visit in order to become familiar with your site plan and collections in advance of an emergency. For example, you may want to provide the fire department with a list of high-priority areas to be protected from water if fire-fighting efforts permit.

Other valuable sources of assistance are local, state, or federal government agencies.

SDRN/IDRN data Updation

State disaster Resource network and India Disaster Resource Network is a crucial databases for response any disaster. SDRN, a decision support tool, is layered using the existing IT Wide Area Network (WAN) of the State - GSWAN. SDRN uses the map-based Geospatial Information Systems developed by the Gujarat based organization Bhaskaracharya Institute for Space Applications and Geo-Informatics (BISAG). Currently, the SDRN network is being integrated with the GIS based Decision Support System using Java, MS-Access, Visual Studio 2005 with Database SQL Server 2005. The GIS Visualize does not require any GIS software. The GIS visualize contains multi layered options depicting roads-highways, taluka, district boundaries, rivers, ports, airways, etc. SDRN and IDRN updation are regularly base work and it is updation.

India Disaster Resource Network (IDRN) : -

IDRN, a web based information system, is a platform for managing the inventory of equipments, skilled human resources and critical supplies for emergency response. The primary focus is to enable the decision makers to find answers on availability of equipments and human resources required to combat any emergency. This database will also enable them to assess the level of preparedness for specific vulnerabilities. Total 376 technical items listed in the resource inventory. It is a nationwide district level resource database. Each user of all districts of the state has been given unique username and password through which they can perform data entry, data updation on IDRN for resources available in their district. The IDRN network has functionality of generating multiple query options based on the specific equipment, skilled human resources and critical supplies with their location and contact details.

Community Warning System, Education, Preparedness DRM Programme:

GSDMA DRM activities:

Disaster Risk Management Programme (DRM) has taken strong roots at various levels of administration in Gujarat. The Department of Revenue & Disaster Management is the nodal Department in Government of Gujarat that handles the subject with GSDMA. Disaster Management Committees are formed at various levels and are assigned the task of implementing the programme. Representation for these committees are drawn from elected representatives, officials of line departments, professional bodies, Civil Defense, NGO and CBO representatives and local opinion leaders. Major Activities are being carried out under DRM program are Plan Development at Various Levels, Emergency Resources Database maintain through SDRN / IDRN, Capacity Building through Trainings & Resource Mobilization, Disaster Awareness through Orientations, Campaigning, Media Management and IEC distribution. Coordinate District Administration for all Disaster Management Activities with expertise knowledge, logistics and fund allocation.

The Disaster Risk Management Program (DRM) being implemented by Gujarat State Disaster Management Authority (GSDMA) aims to strengthen the response, preparedness and mitigation measures of the community, local self-governments, the District administration and the State in Gujarat. Under the DRM Programme

For the Prepared level specific plan following process will followed.

District Level Process

1. Orientation of District level officers and PRI members including line department officials
2. Formation of District Disaster Management Committee
3. Development of manuals and guidelines Capacity building of DDMC members, government officials, training institutes, other concerned organizations at district level
4. Development of the District Disaster Management Plan
5. Use of IEC materials for awareness generation for preparedness, risk reduction and mitigation
6. Data updation on IDRN

Taluka level process

1. Orientation cum sensitize Taluka level officers and PRI members.
2. Formation of Taluka Disaster Management Committee
3. Capacity building of government officials
4. Development of the TDMP
5. Use of IEC material and media sources for create awareness at taluka level
6. TDMP update on SDRN

City-ULB level process

1. Orientation of City level officers, elected members & leaders.
2. Formation of CDMP
3. Capacity building of municipal official and concerned organizations at city level
4. Development of the CDMP.
5. Use of IEC material for create awareness at city level
6. CDMP updation on SDRN

Village Level Process

1. Formation Cluster within 10 to 12 village and conduct cluster meetings over 10-12 villages
2. Organize Gramsabha in each village
3. Undertake PRA exercise at village level for hazard, vulnerability assessment and resource analysis
4. Facilitate the formation of the Village Disaster Management Committee (VDMC)
5. Conduct training programs for DMT and DMC Members and volunteers
6. Awareness campaigns on risk reduction mechanisms, Risk Transfer- insurance, disaster resistant construction
7. Developed Village Disaster Management Plan (VDMP)
8. Conduct mock drills for test the VDMP
9. Update VDMP twice in a year (by VDMC)

Dang district had taken the preparedness measures from village level to District level. At the villages village Task forces was formed and trained about First aid and Health, Search and Rescue and Disaster Management. Some volunteers were also trained in Disaster Management and plans like VDMP were prepared and updated. Officers reviewed the disaster preparedness of the villages and interacted with the Village level Disaster Management team members, in the pre-monsoon meeting all departments, and stakeholders were asked to get prepared departmental plan. SOP's were also discussed with them so that quick response can be assured and any kind of risk due to water lodging, flood, heavy rainfall and dam overflow can be reduced.

Prevention and Mitigation and preparedness actions are to be taken before a disaster to reduce the likelihood of a disaster (risk reduction) or the level of damage (vulnerability reduction) expected from a possible disaster. Vulnerability reduction is given priority over a risk reduction.

Base on the interim assessment of risk and vulnerabilities, certain majors for mitigation, preparedness and prevention has been taken with respect to Dang District. These are...

The proposed state-level disaster-planning format sets out priorities for mitigation, prevention and preparedness activities. The underlying concept is to incorporate these three types of activities into normal (developmental) policies, procedures and undertakings and targeting specific areas for concerted effort.

Complementary priorities, plans and activities need to be established at the district level. This process is complicated by five realities:

1. Developmental policies and budgets are set at the state-level and project implementation is not always under the control of district authorities
2. District authorities have limited policy and funding independence.
3. The range of possible mitigation, prevention and preparedness actions within a district is significant but can be difficult to prioritize.
4. Many activities require popular participation and should be focus on the family or community, which requires time and effort to effectively organize.
5. The local commercial sector is cost-conscious and tends to avoid investments in activities which do not immediately improve profits.

A set of possible district-level approaches to mitigation, prevention and preparedness are summarized below based on these realities. These approaches need to be reviewed at the district and state level and, to the degree possible, harmonized vertically within the government structure and across public and private sector organizations and districts. At the same time, the focus of efforts can vary between and even within districts depending on their particular hazards, risks and vulnerabilities.

One approach to developing this harmonization is to hold a state-district conference on mitigation, preparedness and prevention, complemented by annual review workshop. The initial conference would define and harmonize policies, procedures and approaches vertically and horizontally. The workshop would serve to recognize progress and adjust plans to take into account changing local and state-level conditions.

District-level Approaches to Mitigation, Prevention and Preparedness

Preventive measure (for all disasters)

Preventive actions have to be taken before a disaster to reduce the likelihood of a disaster (risk reduction) or the level of damage (vulnerability reduction) expected from a possible disaster. Vulnerability reduction is given priority over a risk reduction. The district can avail itself of four mechanisms (singularly or together) to reduce risk and vulnerability.

1. Long term planning for mitigation, preparedness and prevention investments in the district,
2. Enforcement of regulations, particularly Structural-building and safety codes and land use plans,
3. Review and evaluation of development plans and activities to identify ways to reduce risks and vulnerability, and,
4. Capacity building, including warning, the provision of relief and recovery assistance and community-level identification of risk and vulnerability.

The Collector, assisted by the District Development Officer, is responsible for developing plans and activities to effect mitigation, preparedness and prevention using the

mechanism noted above. Base on the interim assessment of risk and vulnerabilities, the Dang District will focus on the following areas for mitigation, preparedness and prevention;

- Resilience of lifeline systems (water, power and communications)
- Reduction in disaster impact on health care facilities, schools and roads
- Vulnerability reduction in flood-prone areas
- Vulnerability reduction to high winds
- Improvement of off-site Preparedness near Industrial sites.

Mitigation measure (for all disasters)

Town and Country Planning Acts and their related provisions:

The Department of Disaster Management, being a member of all regulatory bodies will coordinate with the Town & Country Planning Board and constitute a committee of experts to evaluate the provisions of the State Town & Country Planning Act in place. The Committee will consist of experts from the fields of disaster management, town and country planning and legal experts and will be chaired by the State Relief Commissioner.

Zoning Regulations and their related provisions:

The State Urban Development Department, in consultation with the Department of Disaster Management will constitute a committee of experts with, members from the Institute of Town Planners, town development, State Pollution Control Board, Chairpersons of major Development Authorities/Notified Area Authorities, eminent faculty from planning, architecture and civil engineering departments of engineering colleges, eminent resource persons and such other experts nominated from time to time to study the existing zoning regulations and suggest necessary amendments to incorporate components for vulnerability reduction. The State Chief Town Planner will be the Convener of the Committee.

Development Control regulations:

The same committee of experts constituted to evaluate the zoning regulations will also evaluate the development control regulations and suggest measures to incorporate the disaster management concerns into them.

Government-sponsored programmers and schemes:

The State Planning Department will prepare a report on the government sponsored programmers, schemes running in the State and how far each programme/scheme addresses the issue of disaster management, and submit to the government. The Disaster Management Group which is constituted under the chairmanship of the Chief Secretary with concern Secretaries of the Departments of Disaster Management, Urban Development, Rural Development, Health, Home, Finance, Science & Technology, Transport, and Agriculture to evaluate and suggest disaster mitigation measures to be incorporated.

Community Warning system-Early Warning System (EWS)

It is often observed that communities living in remote and isolated locations do not receive timely and reliable warnings of impending disasters. Hence, it is necessary to have robust and effective early warning systems, which can play crucial role in saving lives and limiting the extent of damage to assets and services. Outreach and reliability of warnings are key factors for planning and implementing response measures. Post disaster advisories like information on rescue, relief and other services are important to ensure law, order, and safety of citizens.

Early Warning Action Plan

Table 0-13 Early warning action plan

Type of Action	Flood	Cyclone	Chemical and industrial accidents	Tsunami
Existing EWS	Irrigation department /dam authority/ IMD ↓ Collector ↓ Mamlatdar/TDO ↓ Villages	IMD ↓ Collector ↓ Mamlatdar/TDO ↓ Villages	Industrial Association/ industries ↓ DCG ↓ LCG ↓ Mamlatdar ↓ Villages	IMD ↓ Collector ↓ Mamlatdar /TDO ↓ Villages
Responsible Agency for warning dissemination	DDMC Mamlatdar office/TDO VDMC	DDMC Mamlatdar office/TDO VDMC	DDMC Mamlatdar office/TDO VDMC	DDMC Mamlatdar office/TDO VDMC
Trained personnel and operators available (Y/N)	Yes	Yes	No (Team to be formed and trained)	No (Team to be formed and trained)
Villages covered	All risk prone villages			
Villages/habitation not covered or difficult to access	Communities in remote locations (fisher folk, , maldharisetc) VDMC			
Measures required to improve timeliness and outreach (For example, voice enabled SMS)	Contact of communities in remote locations (fisher folk,Maldharisetc)			

During and Post Disaster Advisory Action Plan

Table 0-14 During and Post disaster advisory action plan

Type of Hazard	Flood	Cyclone	Earthquake	Drought	Chemical and industrial accidents	Tsunami
Responsible Agency	DDMC, Mamlatdar office & TDO					
Villages covered	All risk prone villages					
Villages/habitation not covered or difficult to access	communities in remote locations (fisher folk, salt pan workers, Maldharisetc)					
Measures required for outreach	Contact of communities in remote locations (fisher folk, salt pan workers, Maldharisetc)					

Procurement various Resource

Provide logistical support to government and agencies for procurement of relief goods, transportation, Tents, blankets, tarpaulins, equipment etc, and monitoring illegal price escalations, stocking etc. during crisis. DDMA and other local authority should do procurement of such resource and If they have such resource so keep them in ready to use in disaster situation.

Protocol and arrangement for VIP Visit

It is important that immediately inform VIPs and VVIPs on impending disasters and current situation during and after disasters. Appeals by VIPs can help in controlling rumors and chaos during the disaster. Visits by VIPs can lift the morale of those affected by the disaster as well as those who are involved in the response. Care should be taken that VIP visits do not interrupt rescue and life saving work. Security of VIPs will be additional responsibility of local police and Special Forces. It would be desirable to restrict media coverage of such visits, in which case the police will liaise with the government press officer to keep their number to minimum.

Media Management

The role of media, both print and electronic, in informing the people and the authorities during emergencies becomes critical, especially the ways in which media can play a vital role in public awareness and preparedness. Media through educating the public about disasters; warning of hazards; gathering and transmitting information about affected areas; alerting government officials, helping relief organizations and the public towards specific needs; and even in facilitating discussions about disaster preparedness

and response. During any emergency, people seek up-to-date, reliable and detailed information.

The State Government has established an effective system of collaborating with the media during emergencies. At the State Emergency Operation Centre (SEOC), a special media cell has been created which is made operational during emergencies. Both print and electronic media are regularly briefed at predetermined time intervals about the events as they occur and the prevailing situation on ground. A similar set up is also active at the District Emergency Operation Centre (DEOC).

Documentation

Documentation is a very important activity in disaster management. DDMA also appoints duty for Documentation to the information department. Documentation should be in good manner. It can be in summary and detail form. It should be reliable and authentic.

Response Measures (Multi-Hazard)

Response measures are those which are taken instantly prior to, and following, a disaster aimed at limiting injuries, loss of life and damage to property and the environment and rescuing those who are affected or likely to be affected by disaster. Response process begins as soon as it becomes apparent that a disastrous event is imminent and lasts until the disaster is declared to be over. Since response is conducted during periods of high stress in a highly time-constrained environment and with limited information and recourses (in majority of the cases), it is by far, the most complex of four functions of disaster management. Response includes not only those activities that directly address the immediate needs, such as search and rescue, first aid and shelters, but also includes systems developed to coordinate and support such efforts. For effective response, all the stakeholders need to have a clear perception/vision about hazards, its consequences and actions that need to be taken in the event of it.

The Revenue Department of the State is the Nodal Department for controlling, monitoring and directing measures for organizing rescue, relief and rehabilitation. All other concerned line departments should extend full cooperation in all matters pertaining to the response management of the disaster whenever it occurs.

The District EOC, ERCs and other control rooms at the District level should be activate with full strength and begun active for search and rescue according disaster.

Response flow chart

Response flow chart on next page

District CMG meeting

At the District level, the District Crisis Management Group (DCG) is an apex body to deal with major chemical accidents, disaster and to provide expert guidance for handling them. DCG has a strength of 34 members which includes District Collector, SDM and Dy. Collector, DDO, Dy. Director – Industrial Safety & Health, DSP, PI, Fire Superintendent of the City Corporations or important Municipalities, Chief District Health Officer, Civil Surgeon, SE, Chief Officer, Dy. Chief Controller of Explosives, Commandant – SRPF, Group-I, Dy. Director – Information to name a few. At Taluka level Local Crisis Management Group (LCG) is formed for coordination of activities and executing the operations. DCGs as well as LCG. meeting will meet periodically twice in a year.

Activation of EOC

Emergency Operation Center (EOC) is a physical location and normally includes the space, facilities and protection necessary for communication, collaboration, coordination and emergency information management.

The EOC is a nodal point for the overall coordination and control of relief work. In case of a Level 1 Disaster the Local Control room will be activate, in case of a Level 2 disaster DEOC will be activated along inform with the SEOC.

Response flow chart and Communication Flow Chart during Disaster Management



Warning, Alert and Warning Dissemination

On the receipt of warning or alert from any such agency, which is competent to issue such a warning, or on the basis of reports from District Collector of the occurrence of a disaster, the response structure of the State Government will be put into operation. The Chief Secretary/Relief Commissioner will assume the role of the Chief of Operations during the emergency. The details of agencies competent enough for issuing warning or alert pertaining to various types of disasters are given below:

Sr. No.	Disaster	Agencies
1	Earthquakes	IMD/ISR
2	Floods	Meteorological Department, Irrigation
3	Tsunamis	IMD/ISR/INCOIS
4	Cyclones	IMD
5	Epidemics	Public Health Department
6	Road Accidents	Police
7	Industrial and Chemical Accidents	DISH, Police, Collector
8	Drought	Agriculture, Scarcity department
9	Fire	Fire Brigade, Police, Collector
10	Rail Accident	Railways, Police, Collector
11	Air Accident	Police, Collector, Airlines
12	Ammunition Depot-Fire	Army, Police, Collector.

Cyclone/flood forecasting is generally the responsibility of the Indian Meteorological Department (IMD). IMD is the nodal agency for providing cyclone-warning services. IMD's INSAT satellite based Cyclone Warning Dissemination System (CWDS) is one of the best currently in use in India to communicate cyclone warnings from IMD to community and important officials in areas likely to be affected directly and quickly. There are 19 CWDS stations in Gujarat.

- a. After getting information from IMD, warning dissemination is a responsibility of State Government (COR). The COR under the Revenue Department is responsible for disseminating cyclone warnings to the public and Line Departments.
- b. On receiving an initial warning, the office of the COR disseminates the warning to all Line Departments, the District administration and DG Police. Warning messages are transmitted though wireless to all districts and Talukas. District Collectors are provided with satellite phones and a Ham radio to maintain effective communication, even if terrestrial and cell-phone communication fails.

- c. The state EOC and control rooms of the other line departments at the State level as well as district level also get the warnings. The control rooms are activated on receiving the warnings.

Resource Mobilization

Any disaster happens in district so resources are very important for response disaster. Resource mobilization is one of most important crucial activity. As mansion above about IDRN and SDRN portal are have information regarding which kind of resource are available and location of its. IDRN and SDRN should use for resource mobilization. DDMC, TDMC, CDMC and VDMC should be update regularly.

Media Management

The role of media, both print and electronic, in informing the people and the authorities during emergencies becomes critical, especially the ways in which media can play a vital role in public awareness and preparedness through educating the public about disasters; warning of hazards; gathering and transmitting information about affected areas; alerting government officials, helping relief organizations and the public towards specific needs; and even in facilitating discussions about disaster preparedness and response. During any emergency, people seek up-to-date, reliable and detailed information.

The State Government has established an effective system of collaborating with the media during emergencies. At the State Emergency Operation Centre (SEOC), a special media cell has been created which is made operational during emergencies. Both print and electronic media is regularly briefed at predetermined time intervals about the events as they occur and the prevailing situation on ground. A similar set up is also active at the District Emergency Operation Centre (DEOC).

Media can play crucial role during response time. Media management to ensure precise communication of the impact of disaster and relief measures being taken and generate goodwill among community and other stakeholders;

Emergency Response Functions

Responsible for assuring specific operations according to objectives and plans to address the immediate impacts of the incident. Taskforces under the operation section will deal with specific functional tasks, such as search and rescue, the provision of water or shelter. The composition and size of these taskforces depends on the nature of the incident.

The District administration of Dang has identified 16 expected task forces for key response operation functions that are describe below. Additional taskforces can be added under the operations section as needed by the circumstances of a disaster. Each Taskforce is led by one organization and supporter by other organizations.

Emergency Operation Taskforce Functions

Table 0-15 Emergency Operation Taskforce Functions

Sr. No.	Emergency Operation Taskforce	Functions
1	Coordination and Planning	Coordinate early warning, Response & Recovery Operations
2	Administration and Protocol	Support Disaster Operations by efficiently completing the paper work and other Administrative tasks needed to ensure effective and timely relief assistance
3	Warning	Collection and dissemination of warnings of potential disasters
4	Law and Order	Assure the execution of all laws and maintenance of order in the area affected by the incident.
5	Search and Rescue (including Evacuation)	Provide human and material resources needed to support local evacuation, search and rescue efforts.
6	Public Works	Provide the personnel and resources needed to support local efforts to reestablish normally operating infrastructure.
7	Water	Assure the provision of sufficient potable water for human and animal consumption (priority), and water for industrial and agricultural uses as appropriate.
8	Food and Relief Supplies	Assure the provision of basic food and other relief needs in the affected communities.
9	Power	Provide the resources to reestablish normal power supplies and systems in affected communities.
10	Public Health and sanitation	Provide personnel and resources to address pressing public health problems and re-establish normal health care systems.
11	Animal Health and Welfare	Provision of health and other care to animals affected by a disaster
12	Shelter	Provide materials and supplies to ensure temporary shelter for disaster-affected populations
13	Logistics	Provide Air, water and Land transport for evacuation and for the storage and delivery of relief supplies in coordination with other task forces and competent authorities.
14	Survey (Damage Assessment)	Collect and analysis data on the impact of disaster, develop estimates of resource needs and relief plans, and compile reports on the disaster as required for District and State authorities and other parties as

		appropriate.
15	Telecommunications	Coordinate and assure operation of all communication systems (e.g; Radio, TV, Telephones, Wireless) required to support early warning or post disaster operations.
16	Media (Public Information)	Provide liaison with and assistance to print and electronic media on early warning and post-disaster reporting concerning the disaster.

The specific response roles and responsibilities of the taskforces indicated above is that these roles and responsibilities will be execute and coordinated through the ICS/GS system. For example, in flood, search & rescue would come under the Operations section, Transport would come under the Logistics Section and Public Information under the Public Information Unit.

Each Department and Govt. agency involved in Disaster Management and Mitigation will

- Designate a Nodal officer for emergency response and will act as the contact person for that department/agency
- Ensure establishment of fail-safe two-way communication with the state, district and other emergency control rooms and within the organization.
- Emphasis on communication systems used regularly during LO with more focus on the use of VHF's with automatic repeaters, mobile phones with publicized numbers, VHF radio sets etc. It should be remembered that SAT phones fail during prolonged emergencies and electric failure if the phones cannot be re-charged.
- Work under the overall supervision of the IC / the District Collectors during emergencies.

Other Departmental plan incorporated in DRMP

Agriculture

Prevention Activities:

- Awareness generation regarding various plant diseases, alternate cropping practices in disaster-prone areas, Crop Insurance, provision of credit facilities, proper storage of seeds, etc.
- Hazard area mapping (identification of areas endemic to pest infections, drought, flood, and other hazards)
- Develop database village-wise, crop-wise, irrigation source wise, insurance details, credit etc.
- Regular monitoring at block level; the distribution and variation in rainfall
- Prepare the farmers and department officers to adopt contingency measures and take up appropriate course of action corresponding to the different emerging conditions.
- Detail response manuals to be drawn up for advising the farmers for different types of disasters, e.g., rain failure in July or September & development of a dynamic response plan taking into account weekly rainfall patterns.
- Develop IEC materials to advise the farming communities on cropping practices and precautionary measures to be undertaken during various disasters
- Improving irrigation facilities, watershed management, soil conservation and other soil, water and fertility management
- Measures keeping in mind the local agro climatic conditions and the proneness of the area to specific hazards.
- Promotion of alternative crop species and cropping patterns keeping in mind the vulnerability of areas to specific hazards
- Surveillance for pests and crop diseases and encourage early reporting.
- Encourage promotion of agro service outlets/enterprise for common facilities, seed and agro input store and crop insurance.

Preparedness Activities before disaster seasons

- Review and update precautionary measures and procedures, especially ascertain that adequate stock of seeds and other agro inputs are available in areas prone to natural calamities.
- Review the proper functioning of rain gauge stations, have stock for immediate replacement

- of broken / non-functioning gadgets/equipments, record on a daily basis rainfall data, evaluate the variation from the average rainfall and match it with the rainfall needs of existing crops to ensure early prediction of droughts.

Response Activities:

1. Management of control activities following crop damage, pest infestation and crop disease to minimize losses
 - b. Collection, laboratory testing and analysis of viruses to ensure their control and eradication
 - c. Pre-positioning of seeds and other agro inputs in strategic points so that stocks are readily available to replace damage caused by natural calamities.
 - d. Rapid assessment of damage to soil, crop, plantation, irrigation systems, drainage, embankment, other water bodies and storage facilities and the requirements to salvage, replant, or to compensate and report the same for ensuring early supply of seeds and other agro inputs necessary for re-initiating agricultural activities where crops have been damaged.
 - e. Establishment of public information centers with appropriate and modern means of communication, to assist farmers in providing information regarding insurance, compensation, repair of agroequipments and restarting of agricultural activities at the earliest.

Recovery Activities

1. Arrange for early payment of compensation and crop insurance dues.
2. Facilitate provision of seeds and other agro inputs.
3. Promotion of drought and flood tolerant seed varieties
4. Review with the community, the identified vulnerabilities and risks for crops, specific species, areas, which are vulnerable to repetitive floods, droughts, other natural hazards, water logging, increase in salinity, pest attacks etc. and draw up alternative cropping plans to minimize impacts to various risks.
5. Facilitate sanctioning of soft loans for farm implements.
6. Establishment of a larger network of soil and water testing laboratories
7. Establishment of pests and disease monitoring system
8. Training in alternative cropping techniques, mixed cropping and other agricultural practices which will minimize crop losses during future disasters

Health Department Disaster Events

Prevention Activities:

- Assess preparedness levels at State, District and Block levels.
- Identification of areas endemic to epidemics and natural disasters
- Identification of appropriate locations for testing laboratories
- Listing and networking with private health facilities
- Developing a network of volunteers for blood donation with blood grouping data
- Strengthening of disease surveillance, ensuring regular reporting from the field level workers (ANMs/LHV etc) and its compilation and analysis at the PHC and District levels, on a weekly basis (daily basis in case of an epidemic or during natural disasters), forwarding the same to the State Disease Surveillance Cell and monthly feedback from the State to the district and from the District to the PHC
- Formation of adequate number of mobile units with trained personnel, testing facilities, communication systems and emergency treatment facilities
- Identification of locations in probable disaster sites for emergency operation camps
- Awareness generation about various infectious diseases and their prevention
- Training and IEC activities
- Training of field personnel, Traditional Birth Attendants, community leaders, volunteers,
- NGOs and CBOs in first aid, measures to be taken to control outbreak of epidemics during and after a disaster, etc
- Arrangement of standby generators for every hospital
- Listing of vehicles, repair of departmental vehicles that will be requisitioned during emergencies for transport of injured

Preparedness Activities before Disaster Seasons

For heat wave:

Preparation and distribution of IEC materials, distribution of ORS and other life-saving drugs, training of field personnel on measures to be taken for management of patients suspected to be suffering from heatstroke;

For flood and cyclone:

- ✓ Assessment and stock piling of essential medicines, anti snake
- ✓ venom, halogen tablets, bleaching powders. ORS tablets, Pre-positioning of mobile units at vulnerable and strategic points

Response activities:

Stock piling of life-saving drugs, detoxicants, anesthesia, Halogen tablets in vulnerable areas

Strengthening of drug supply system with powers for local purchase during Level-0

Situational assessment and reviewing the response mechanisms in known vulnerable pockets

Ensure adequate availability of personnel in disaster site

Review and update precautionary measures and procedures.

Sanitation

- ✓ Dispensing with post-mortem activities during L1, L2 and L3 when the relatives and/or the competent authority are satisfied about cause of death
- ✓ Disinfections of water bodies and drinking water sources
- ✓ Immunization against infectious diseases
- ✓ Ensure continuous flow of information.

Recovery Activities

- ✓ Continuation of disease surveillance and monitoring
- ✓ Continuation of treatment, monitoring and other epidemic control activities till the situation is brought under control and the epidemic eradicated
- ✓ Trauma counseling
- ✓ Treatment and socio-medical rehabilitation of injured or disabled persons
- ✓ Immunization and nutritional surveillance
- ✓ Long term plans to progressively reduce various factors that contribute to
- ✓ high level of vulnerability to diseases of population affected by disasters

Epidemics

Preventive Activities:

- ✓ Supply of safe drinking water, water quality monitoring and improved sanitation
- ✓ Vector Control programme as a part of overall community sanitation activities
- ✓ Promotion of personal and community latrines
- ✓ Sanitation of sewage and drainage systems
- ✓ Development of proper solid waste management systems
- ✓ Surveillance and spraying of water bodies for control of malaria
- ✓ Promoting and strengthening Primary Health Centers with network of paraprofessionals to improve the capacity of surveillance and control of epidemics
- ✓ Establishing testing laboratories at appropriate locations to reduce the time taken for early diagnosis and subsequent warning

- ✓ Establishing procedures and methods of coordination with the Health Department, other local authorities/departments and NGOs to ensure that adequate prevention and preparedness
- ✓ measures have been taken to prevent and / or minimize the probable outbreak of epidemics
- ✓ Identification of areas prone to certain epidemics and assessment of requirements to control and ultimately eradicate the epidemic
- ✓ Identification of appropriate locations and setting up of site operation camps for combating epidemics
- ✓ Listing and identification of vehicles to be requisitioned for transport of injured animals.
- ✓ Vaccination of the animals and identification of campsites in the probable areas
- ✓ Promotion of animal insurance
- ✓ Tagging of animals
- ✓ Arrangement of standby generators for veterinary hospitals
- ✓ Provision in each hospital for receiving large number of livestock at a time
- ✓ Training of community members in carcasses disposal

Preparedness activities before disaster seasons

- ✓ Stock piling of water, fodder and animal feed
- ✓ Pre-arrangements for tie-up with fodder supply units
- ✓ Stock-piling of surgical packets
- ✓ Construction of mounds for safe shelter of animals
- ✓ Identification of various water sources to be used by animals in case of prolonged hot and dry spells
- ✓ Training of volunteers & creation of local units for carcass disposal
- ✓ Municipalities / Gram Panchayats to be given responsibility for removing animals likely to become health hazards.

Response Activities:

- ✓ Control of animal diseases, treatment of injured animals, Protection of lost cattle.
- ✓ Supply of medicines and fodder to affected areas.
- ✓ Ensure adequate availability of personnel and mobile team.
- ✓ Disposal of carcasses ensuring proper sanitation to avoid outbreak of epidemics.
- ✓ Establishment of public information centre with a means of communication, to assist in providing an organized source of information.
- ✓ Mobilizing community participation for carcass disposal.

Recovery Activities:

- ✓ Assess losses of animals assets and needs of persons and communities.
- ✓ Play a facilitating role for early approval of soft loans for buying animals and ensuring insurance coverage and disaster proof housing or alternative shelters/ mounds for animals for future emergencies.

Water Supplies and Sanitation (GWSSB)

Prevention Activities:

- ✓ Provision of safe water to all habitats
- ✓ Clearance of drains and sewerage systems, particularly in the urban areas
- ✓ Assess preparedness level
- ✓ Annual assessment of danger levels & wide publicity of those levels
- ✓ Identify flood prone rivers and areas and activate flood monitoring mechanisms
- ✓ Provide water level gauge at critical points along the rivers, dams and tanks
- ✓ Identify and maintain of materials/tool kits required for emergency response
- ✓ Stock-pile of sand bags and other necessary items for breach closure at the Panchayat level

Preparedness Activities for disaster seasons

- a. Prior arrangement of water tankers and other means of distribution and storage of water.
- b. Prior arrangement of stand-by generators
- c. Adequate prior arrangements to provide water and halogen tablets at identified sites to be used as relief camps or in areas with high probability to be affected by natural calamities.
- d. Rising of tube-well platforms, improvement in sanitation structures and other infrastructural measures to ensure least damages during future disasters
- e. Riser pipes to be given to villagers

Response Activities:

- a. Disinfections and continuous monitoring of water bodies.
- b. Ensuring provision of water to hospitals and other vital installations.
- c. Provision to acquire tankers and establish other temporary means of distributing water on an emergency basis.
- d. Arrangement and distribution of emergency tool kits for equipments required for dismantling and assembling tube wells, etc.
- e. Carrying out emergency repairs of damaged water supply systems.
- f. Disinfection of hand pumps to be done by the communities through prior awareness activities & supply of inputs.
- g. Monitoring flood situation.
- h. Dissemination of flood warning.
- i. Ensure accurate dissemination of warning messages to GPs & Taluka with details of flow.
- j. Monitoring and protection of irrigation infrastructures.
- k. Inspection of bunds of dams, irrigation channels, bridges, culverts, control gates and overflow channels.
- l. Inspection and repair of pumps, generator, motor equipments, station buildings.
- m. Community mobilization in breach closure

Recovery Activities:

- a. Strengthening of infrastructure.
- b. Sharing of experiences and lessons learnt.
- c. Training to staff, Review and documentation.
- d. Development of checklists and contingency plans.
- e. Strengthening of infrastructure and human resources.
- f. Review and documentation.
- g. Sharing of experiences and lessons learnt.
- h. Training of staff.
- i. Development of checklists and contingency plans.

Police:**Prevention Activities:**

- a. Keep the force in general and the RAF in particular fighting fit for search, rescue, evacuation and other emergency operations at all times through regular drills.
- b. Procurement and deployment of modern emergency equipments while modernizing existing infrastructure and equipments for disaster response along with regular training and drills for effective handling of these equipments.
- c. Focus on better training and equipments for RAF for all types of disasters.
- d. Rotation of members of GSDRAF so that the force remains fighting fit.
- e. Ensure that all communication equipments including wireless are regularly functioning and deployment of extra wireless units in vulnerable pockets.
- f. Ensure inter changeability of VHF communication sets of police and GSDMA supplied units, if required.
- g. Keeping close contact with the District Administration & Emergency Officer.
- h. Superintendent of Police be made Vice Chairperson of District Natural Calamity Committee.
- i. Involvement of the local army units in response planning activities and during the preparation of the contingency plans, ensure logistics & other support to armed forces during emergencies.

Response Plan:

- ✓ Security arrangements for relief materials in transit and in camps etc.
- ✓ Senior police officers to be deployed in control rooms at State & district levels during L 1
- ✓ level deployment onwards.
- ✓ Deploy personnel to guard vulnerable embankments and at other risk points.
- ✓ Arrangement for the safety.
- ✓ Coordinate search, rescue and evacuation operations in coordination with the administration
- ✓ Emergency traffic management

- ✓ Maintenance of law and order in the affected areas
- ✓ Assist administration in taking necessary action against hoarders, black marketers etc.

Civil Defense:

Prevention Activities

- a. Organize training programmers on first-aid, search, rescue and evacuation.
- b. Preparation and implementation of first aid, search and rescue service plans for major public events in the State.
- c. Remain fit and prepared through regular drills and exercises at all times.

Response Activities

- ✓ Act as Support agency for provision of first aid, search and rescue services to other emergency service agencies and the public.
- ✓ Act as support agency for movement of relief.
- ✓ Triage of casualties and provision of first aid and treatment.
- ✓ Work in co-ordination with medical assistance team.
- ✓ Help the Police for traffic management and law and order.

Fire Services:

Prevention Activities:

- ✓ Develop relevant legislations and regulations to enhance adoption of fire safety measures.
- ✓ Modernization of fire-fighting equipments and strengthening infrastructure.
- ✓ Identification of pockets, industry, etc. which highly susceptible to fire accidents or areas, events which might lead to fires, building collapse, etc. and educate people to adopt safety measures. Conduct training and drills to ensure higher level of prevention and preparedness.
- ✓ Building awareness in use of various fire protection and preventive systems.
- ✓ Training the communities to handle fire emergencies more effectively.
- ✓ VHF network for fire services linked with revenue & police networks.
- ✓ Training of masons & engineers in fireproof techniques.
- ✓ Making clearance of building plans by fire services mandatory.

Response Activities:

- ✓ Rescue of persons trapped in burning, collapsed or damaged buildings, damaged vehicles,
- ✓ including motor vehicles, trains and aircrafts, industries, boilers, trenches & tunnels.

- ✓ Control of fires and minimizing damages due to explosions.
- ✓ Control of dangerous or hazardous situations such as oil, gas and hazardous materials spill.
- ✓ Protection of property and the environment from fire damage.
- ✓ Support to other agencies in the response to emergencies.
- ✓ Investigation into the causes of fire and assist in damage assessment.

Civil Supplies:

Preventive Activities

- ✓ Construction and maintenance of storage goods storage at strategic locations
- ✓ Stock piling of food and essential commodities in anticipation of disaster.
- ✓ Take appropriate preservative methods to ensure that food and other relief stock are not damaged during storage, especially precautions against moisture, rodents and fungus infestation.

Response Activities

- Management of procurement
- Management of material movement
- Inventory management

Recovery Activities

Conversion of stored, unutilized relief stocks automatically into other schemes like Food for work. Wherever, it is not done leading to damage of stock, it should be viewed seriously.

Public Works/ Rural Development Departments:

Prevention Activities :

- ✓ Keep a list of earth moving and clearing vehicles / equipments (available with Govt. Departments, PSUs, and private contractors, etc.) and formulate a plan to mobilize those at the earliest
- ✓ Inspection and emergency repair of roads/ bridges, public utilities and buildings

Response Activities

- ✓ Clearing of roads and establish connectivity. Restore roads, bridges and where necessary make alternate arrangements to open the roads to traffic at the earliest
- ✓ Mobilization of community assistance for clearing blocked roads
- ✓ Facilitate movement of heavy vehicles carrying equipments and materials
- ✓ Identification and notification of alternative routes to strategic locations
- ✓ Filling of ditches, disposal of debris, and cutting of uprooted trees along the road

- ✓ Arrangement of emergency tool kit for every section at the divisional levels for activities like clearance (power saws), debris clearance (fork lifter) and other tools for repair and maintenance of all disaster response equipments.

Recovery Activities:

- ✓ Strengthening and restoration of infrastructure with an objective to eliminate the factor(s)
- ✓ which caused the damage.
- ✓ Sharing of experiences and lessons learnt.
- ✓ Training to staff, Review and documentation.
- ✓ Development of checklists and contingency plans.

Energy: DGVCL

Prevention Activities:

- ✓ Identification of materials/tool kits required for emergency response.
- ✓ Ensure and educate the minimum safety standards to be adopted for electrical installation and equipments and organize training of electricians accordingly.
- ✓ Develop and administer regulations to ensure safety of electrical accessories and electrical installations.
- ✓ Train and have a contingency plan to ensure early electricity supply to essential services during emergencies and restoration of electric supply at an early date.
- ✓ Develop and administer code of practice for power line clearance to avoid electrocution due to broken / fallen wires.
- ✓ Strengthen high-tension cable towers to withstand high wind speed, flooding and earthquake, modernize electric installation, strengthen electric distribution system to ensure minimum damages during natural calamities.
- ✓ Conduct public/industry awareness campaigns to prevent electric accidents during normal times and during and after a natural disaster.

Response Activities:

- ✓ Disconnect electricity after receipt of warning.
- ✓ Attend sites of electrical accidents and assist in undertaking damage assessment.
- ✓ Stand-by arrangements to ensure temporary electricity supply.
- ✓ Prior planning & necessary arrangements for tapping private power plants like those belonging to ICCL, NALCO, RSP during emergencies to ensure uninterrupted power supply to the Secretariat, SRC, GSDMA, Police Headquarters, All India Radio, Doordarshan, hospitals, medical colleges, Collector Control Rooms and other vital emergency response agencies.
- ✓ Inspection and repair of high tension lines /substations/transformers/poles etc.
- ✓ Ensure the public and other agencies are safeguarded from any hazards, which may have occurred because of damage to electricity distribution systems.
- ✓ Restore electricity to the affected area as quickly as possible.
- ✓ Replace / restore of damaged poles/ salvaging of conductors and insulators.

Forest Department:

Prevention activities

- ✓ Promotion of shelter belt plantation
- ✓ Publishing for public knowledge details of forest cover, use of land under the forest department, the rate of depletion and its causes
- ✓ Keep saws (both power and manual) in working conditions
- ✓ Provision of seedling to the community and encouraging plantation activities, promoting nurseries for providing seedlings in case of destruction of trees during natural disasters

Transport Department:

Prevention Activities

- ✓ Listing of vehicles which can be used for emergency operation.
- ✓ Safety accreditation, enforcement and compliance
- ✓ Ensuring vehicles follow accepted safety standards.
- ✓ Build awareness on road safety and traffic rules through awareness campaign, use of different IEC strategies and training to school children.
- ✓ Ensure proper enforcement of safety regulations Response Activities.
- ✓ Requisition vehicles, trucks, and other means of transport to help in the emergency operations.
- ✓ Participate in post impact assessment of emergency situation
- ✓ Support in search, rescue and first aid.
- ✓ Cooperate and appropriation of relief materials.

Recovery Activities

- ✓ Provision of personal support services e.g. counseling.
- ✓ Repair/restoration of infrastructure e.g. roads, bridges, public amenities.
- ✓ Supporting the GPs in development of storage and in playing a key role and in the coordination of management and distribution of relief and rehabilitation materials.
- ✓ The G.P. members to be trained to act as an effective interface between the community,
- ✓ NGOs, and other developmental organizations.
- ✓ Provide training so that the elected representatives can act as effective supportive agencies for reconstruction and recovery activities.

Panchayati Raj Institutions:

Preventive Activities

- ✓ Develop prevention/mitigation strategies for risk reduction at community level.
- ✓ Training of elected representatives on various aspects of disaster management
- ✓ Public awareness on various aspects of disaster management
- ✓ Organize mock drills
- ✓ Promote and support community-based disaster management plans.
- ✓ Support strengthening response mechanisms at the G.P. level (e.g., better communication, local storage, search & rescue equipments, etc.).
- ✓ Clean drainage channels, trimming of branches before cyclone season.
- ✓ Ensure alternative routes/means of communication for movement of relief materials and personnel to marooned areas or areas likely to be marooned.
- ✓ Assist all the government departments to plan and priorities prevention and preparedness activities while ensuring active community participation.

Response Activities

- ✓ Train ups the G.P. Members and Support for timely and appropriate delivery of warning to the community.
- ✓ Clearance of blocked drains and roads, including tree removal in the villages.
- ✓ Construct alternative temporary roads to restore communication to the villages.
- ✓ PRIs to be a part of the damage survey and relief distribution teams to ensure popular participation.
- ✓ Operation emergency relief centers and emergency shelter.
- ✓ Sanitation, drinking water and medical aid arrangements.
- ✓ IEC activities for greater awareness regarding the role of trees and forests for protection during emergencies and also to minimize environmental impact which results owing to deforestation like climate change, soil erosion, etc.
- ✓ Increasing involvement of the community, NGOs and CBOs in plantation, protection and other forest protection, rejuvenation and restoration activities.
- ✓ Plan for reducing the incidence, and minimize the impact of forest fire.
- ✓ **Response Activities:**
- ✓ Assist in road clearance.
- ✓ Provision of tree cutting equipments
- ✓ Units for tree cutting and disposal to be put under the control of GSDMA, SRC, Collector during Level 1.
- ✓ Provision of building materials such as bamboos etc for construction of shelters

Recovery Activities:

Take up plantation to make good the damage caused to tree cover.

Information & Public Relations Department:**Prevention Activities**

- ✓ Creation of public awareness regarding various types of disasters through media campaigns.
- ✓ Dissemination of information to public and others concerned regarding do's and don'ts of various disasters
- ✓ Regular Lessoning with the media

Response Activities

- ✓ Setting up of a control room to provide authentic information to public regarding impending emergencies
- ✓ Daily press briefings at fixed times at district level to provide official version
- ✓ Media report & feedback to field officials on a daily basis from Level 1 onwards
- ✓ Keep the public informed about the latest emergency situation (area affected, lives lost, etc).
- ✓ Keep the public informed about various post-disaster assistances and recovery programmers.

Revenue Department

- ✓ Co-ordination with Govt. of Gujarat Secretariat and Officers of Govt. of India
- ✓ Overall control & supervision
- ✓ Damage assessment, finalization of reports and declaration of Level 1/Level 2 disasters
- ✓ Mobilization of finance

Home Department:

- ✓ Requisition, deployment and providing necessary logistic support to the armed forces
- ✓ Provide maps for air dropping, etc.

Gujarat Disaster Rapid Action Force**Response**

- ✓ To be trained and equipped as an elite force within the Police Department and have the capacity to immediately respond to any emergency.
- ✓ Unit to be equipped with life saving, search & rescue equipments, medical supplies, security arrangements, communication facilities and emergency rations and be self-sufficient.
- ✓ Trained in latest techniques of search, rescue and communication in collaboration with international agencies

Reporting

Media & information Management:

Taskforce Leader: District Information Officer

Note: As per the above format the Media taskforce of the district will prepare its taskforce action plan.

➤ **Activation of the Plan**

The District Disaster Response structure is activated on warning or occurrence of a disaster. Task Forces are activate on a specific request of the District Collector or according to pre-determined SOPs, as appropriate for the nature of the hazard or disaster. Activation can be:

- In anticipation of a District level disaster, or
- Occur in response to a specific event or problem in the district.

On activation, coordination of warning and response efforts will operate from the District Control Room and Information Centre (DCIC). The DCIC operations plan and SOPs areproviding in Annexure.

To activate a task force, the Collector or designated Incident Commander will issue an activation order. This order will indicate:

- The nature of needs to be addressed
- The type of assistance to be provided
- The time limit within which assistance is needed
- The District or other contacts for the provision of the assistance
- Other Task Forces with which coordination should take place, and
- Financial resources available for task force operations.

Special powers are conferred on Incident Controller during disasters. The Principle organization leading each task force is responsible for alerting the appropriate authority when use of these special powers is required to accomplish warning, relief or recovery objectives give to a task force.

End of Emergency

The end of emergency shall be declared through an ALL CLEAR siren/message. The Incident Controller in consultation with the ICS GROUP leaders shall declare the same once the situation is totally controlled and normalcy is restore.

Humanitarian Relief and Assistance

Response defines provision for assistance/ intervention during and after emergency. Response plan includes clear Incident Command System (ICS) operated through emergency operation centers (EOCs) with effective 3C (Command, Control and Communication) mechanism. ICS covers early warning, search and rescue, humanitarian assistance, medical response, relief, temporary shelter, water and sanitation, law and order, animal care, public grievance, recovery and rehabilitation.

Specific Task Forces should be formed for Food distribution, drinking water management, medicine and health related facility, clothes distribution and other essential needs.

Helpline

Establish Information/ reception centers and setting up telephone helpline numbers for public utility. True information must be release by media to the concerned person and in case of rescue activity public can call on help line number. in that point of view help line must be activate at DEOC

Arrangement of VIP Visit

It is important that immediately inform to VIPs and VVIPs on impending disasters and current situation during and after disasters. Appeals by VIPs can help in controlling rumors and chaos during the disaster. Visits by VIPs can lift the morale of those affected by the disaster as well as those who are involved in the response. Care should be taken that VIP visits do not interrupt rescue and life saving work. Security of VIPs will be additional responsibility of local police and Special Forces. It would be desirable to restrict media coverage of such visits, in which case the police will liaise with the government press officer to keep their number to minimum.

Responsibility Matrix should be evolve for each response measures with period and responsibility matrix for major stakeholders should be given in annexure

Responsibility matrix for response functions

TASKFORCE ACTION PLANS

Coordination and Planning:

Coordinate early warning, response and recovery operations.

Task Force Leader: Collector

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Establish a disaster management structure to the village level. (DDMC)	Links to State level and establishment of ICS structure	On-going
Develop disaster plans at all levels down to the village level. (DDMC)		On-going
Hold regular meetings on disaster management including government, NGOs and private sectors. (DDMC)		Quarterly
Continual training, including public awareness. (DDMA and Media Task Force)	Involvement of GSDMA	On-going
Check warning, communications and other systems (DDMC), including the use of drills		On-going
Warning		
Hold Crisis Management Committee (Collector)	Communications between Districts and with State Control Room	On receipt of warning.
Mobilize task forces at all levels (District, Taluka, village depending on disaster) (CMC, Telecommunications, Media Task Forces)	Communications systems and procedures	As decided by CMC.
Disseminate Information (CMC, Media Task Force)		As decided.
Mobilize resources to be positioned near vulnerable points depending on type of disaster.	Telecommunications systems, plans	As decided.
Establish alternate communications system (Telecommunications Task Force)		As decided.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Disaster		
Start Search, Rescue and Evacuation activities.	SAR Task Force	Immediately

(CMC)	operational	
Begin Collecting Information on extent of damage and areas affected. (CMC)	Assessment teams have communications and transport	Started in 4 hours
Start plan development and provide instructions on where Task Forces should go and what they should do. (CMC, Collector)	Information on damage and areas affected	Started in 4 hours
Mobilize outside resources (CMC)	Information on damage and needs	Started in 5 hours
Provide Public Information(CMC, Media Task Force)		should be started in 6 hours)
12 Hours		
Begin regular reporting on actions taken and status by Task Forces. (Task Forces)	Operating communications system	Started at 12 hours
Reassess damage information, resources, needs and problem areas/activities. (CMC)		Started at 12 hours
Begin rotation of staff (CMC)		Start at 12 hours
Establish regular liaison with State Control Room.	Working communications systems	Start at 12 hours
Shift focus of efforts to relief. (CMC)		Open
Restore key infrastructure (CMC through Public Works and other Task Forces)		Before 48 hours
48 hours		
Continue review and reassessment of operations (CMC)	Information on operations	
Conduct broad damage assessment (CMC and Damage Assessment Task Force)		
Establish Temporary Rehabilitation Plan (CMC)		
Begin demobilization based on situation. (CMC)		
Focus on creating a sense of normalcy. (CMC)		Before 72 hours
72 hours		
Start Rehabilitation activities. (CMC)	Plan	
Conduct detailed survey of damage and needs. (CMC and Damage Assessment Task Force)		
Begin regular reporting on operations	Information on operations	As early as possible
Restore all public and private sector services (CMC)		As early as possible
Lessons Learned meeting. (CMC and others)		After 2 weeks
Final Report/Case Study (CMC)		After activities completed

Warning:

Collection and dissemination of warnings of potential disasters

Task Force Leader: Resident Additional Collector

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Verify communication and warning systems are functioning – drills		Every 15 days
Have warning messages prepared in advance.		
Warning		
Receive and dispatch warnings. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Telecommunications Task Force	As received.
Verify warnings received and understood. (Task Force)		Within 1-2 hours of dispatch.
Independently confirm warnings if possible (Task Force)		As time allows.

Law and Order:

Assure the execution of all laws and maintenance of order in the area affected by the incident.

Task Force Leader: District Superintendent of Police

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Evaluate expected disaster needs verses normal resources. (Task Force)		Completed in 8 days.
Estimate personnel and resources needed for disasters. (Task Force)	Based on standard for number of security personnel per population depending on severity of disaster	Completed in one week
Planning and coordination with Revenue Dept. (Task Force)		
Conduct drills, including public awareness raising. (Task Force)	Includes participation of Media Task Force	Every 45 days

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Warning		
Verify communications system. (Wireless Inspector)		1-2 hours of warning
Alert police and other Task Force members (Superintendent of Police)		1-2 hours of warning
Implement duty distribution SOP for personnel and other resources. (Superintendent of Police)		1-2 hours of warning
Develop preliminary estimate of requirements to support other Task Forces. (Superintendent of Police)		1-2 hours of warning
Disaster		
Get orders on deploying personnel from Control Room. (Superintendent of Police)	Operating communications system	Immediately
Determine status of staff and facilities. (Superintendent of Police)	Operating communications system	1-2 hours of disaster
Deploy additional staff. (Superintendent of Police)	Transport available	2-3 hours of disaster
Monitor resources. (Superintendent of Police)		1 hour of disaster
Establish VVIP unit. (Superintendent of Police)		Immediately
Request additional resources, if needed. (Superintendent of Police)	Operating communications system	4 hours of disaster
12 hours		
Institute regular reporting. (Task Force)	Operating communications systems	At start of period
Begin staff rotation. (Task Force)		At start of period
Address crowd control problems. (Task Force)		As needed
Implement anti-looting/anti-theft SOP. (Task Force)		As needed
Establish rumor control. (Task Force)	Involves Collector, Media Task Force, NGOs, and local eminent persons	As needed

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Provide information to public, e.g., road status. (Task Force)	Involves Control Room, Media Task Force, and Deputy Magistrate	As needed.
48 hours		
Implement a Force Management Plan (increase, reduction, redeployment, of forces). (Superintendent of Police)		From start of period
Plan for return to normal ((Superintendent of Police, Task Force, Control Room)		From 72 hours after the disaster
Conduct Lessons Learned Session (Task Force with input from other parties.)		1 week after the disaster
Final Report		2 weeks after the disaster

Search and Rescue (including evacuation):

Provide human and material resources to support local evacuation, search and rescue efforts.

Task Force Leader: Deputy Commander (Civil Defense) /Chief Fire Officer)

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Risk assessment and vulnerability mapping (Task Force)		Before warning
Develop inventory of personnel and material resources. (Task Force)		Before warning
Training (Task Force)	Input from GSDMA and NDMA	Before warning
Establish public education program. (Task Force)	Media Task Force	Ongoing
Establish adequate communications system. (Task Force)	Additional equipment required.	
Drills. (Task Force).		Before warning
Establish transport arrangements for likely SAR operations. (Task Force)	With Logistics Task Force	Before warning
Develop Rescue SOP. (Task Force)		Before warning

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Warning		
Mobilize Task Force and SAR teams. (Task Force)		On warning
Verify equipment is ready. (Task Force)		On team activation
Confirm transport is ready. (Task Force)	Logistics Task Force.	On warning
Undertake precautionary evacuation. (Task Force)	Logistics and Shelter Task Forces	As directed.
Re-deploy teams and resources, if safe. (Task Force)	Logistics Task Force	Based on conditions
Start public awareness patrols. (Task Force)	Media, Law and Order and Logistics Task Forces.	As required
Disaster		
Assure safety of staff.		Immediately
Restore own communications. (Task Force)		Immediately
Dispatch rescue/evacuation teams based on assessments. (Task Force)	Input from Control Room.	Immediately
Call for additional resources if needed. (Task Force)	Communications systems in operation	3-4 hours of disaster
Provide reports on operations. (Task Force)		Starting at 3-4 hours
Begin handling of deceased per SOP. (Task Force)	Various Revenue officers and Police involved.	Starting at 3-4 hours
12 Hours		
Begin staff rotation system. (Task Force)		Starter at 12 hours
Begin specialized rescue (may begin earlier). (Task Force)	May require outside resources, coordination with Logistics Task Force	Started at 12 hours
Begin debris removal in cooperation with Public Works Task Force.	Focus on critical infrastructure. Liaison with Control Room	Start at 12 hours
Secure additional resources (e.g., fuel, personnel) for continued operations. (Task Force).		Start at 12 hours.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or	Timeframe

	Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	
48 hours		
Demolish/Stabilize damaged buildings in cooperation with Public Works Task Force.	Logistics Task Force, workers, equipment.	Starting at 48 hours.
Demobilization, reconditioning, repair and replace equipment and other resources. (Task Force)		Based on nature of disaster.
Remain on stand-by for additional operations, particularly related to safety of recovery work. (Task Force).		As needed.
72 hours		
Lessons Learned meeting. (Task Force and others)		After 2 weeks.
Final Report. (Task Force)		After major activities completed.

Public Works:

Provide the personnel and resources needed to support local efforts to re-establish normally operating infrastructure.

Task Force Leader: Executive Engineer, Roads and Buildings

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Inventory of personnel, equipment and status of infrastructure. (Task force)	Link to UNDP project data based development.	One week before warning.
Identify critical infrastructure. (Task Force)	Need to define what is critical infrastructure.	Before warning.
Identify alternate transport routes and publish map. (Task Force)		Before warning.
Plan for prioritized post-disaster inspection of infrastructure. (Task Force)		
Establish and maintain a resources and staffing plan. (Task Force)		
Plan to provide sanitation and other facilities for shelters. (Task Force)		
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe

Warning		
Establish Control Room. (Task Force)		No later than 6 hours from warning
Mobilize Task Force and personnel.	Requires communications	No later than 6 hours from warning
Liaise with District Control Room. (Task Force)		No later than 6 hours from warning
Verify status and availability of equipment and re-deploy if appropriate and safe. (Task Force)	Coordination with Logistics Task Force and Control Room.	24 hours from warning
Review plans. (Task Force)		No later than 6 hours from warning
Disaster		
Begin damage assessment and inspections. (Task Force)	Coordination with Damage Assessment Task Force.	Within 12 hours of disaster
Develop operations plan and communicate to Control Room.		Within 12 hours of disaster
Mobilize and dispatch teams based on priorities. Teams will (1) repair, (2) replace, (3) Build temporary structures (e.g., rest facilities, shelters).	Coordination with Logistics, Water, Power Task Forces and Control Room.	Within 12 hours of disaster
Collaborate with other Task Forces.		Continuous
12 Hours		
Begin staff rotation system and manpower planning. (Task Force)		Starter at 12 hours
Mobilize additional resources based on expected duration of operations. (Task Force).	Coordination with Logistics Task Force, Contractors. May need additional funding.	Started at 12 hours
Assure safety. (Task Force)		Start at 12 hours
Establish security arrangements. (Task Force)	Law and Order Task Force.	Start at 12 hours.
Provide public information on roads, access and infrastructure. (Media Task Force)	Coordination with Control Room	Start at 12 hours.
48 hours		
Start detailed survey. (Task Force)	In cooperation with Damage Assessment Task Force	Starting at 48 hours.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe

Begin reporting on operations (Task Force)		Starting at 3 days
Reconditioning, repair and replace equipment and other resources. (Task Force)		Based on nature of disaster
Plan and start demobilization. (Task Force)		Starting at 3 days
72 hours		
Develop long term restoration plan and start activities. (Task Force)		From 72 hours
Lessons Learned meeting. (Task Force and others)		After 2 weeks
Final Report. (Task Force)		After major activities completed

Water Supply:

Assure the provision of sufficient potable water for human and animal consumption (priority), and water for industrial and agricultural uses as appropriate.

Task Force Leader: Executive Engineer, Gujarat Water Supply Board

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Establish water availability, capacities, reliabilities and portability. (Task Force)	Standard of 20 liters of drinking water per person per day.	3 months before warning.
Plan for alternate water delivery and storage (Task Force)	May need tankers, tanks, generator set.	3 months before warning.
Secure new and additional equipment. (Task Force)	Requires funding.	
Secure extra stocks of chemicals, expendable supplies and equipment. (Task Force)	May require additional funding.	3 months before warning.
Open Water Control Room in Monsoon. (Task Force)		Done.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Warning		
Establish staff rotation and shift system. (Task Force)		No later than 24 hours from

		warning
Provide public awareness on use of water. (Task Force)	Media Task Force.	No later than 24 hours from warning
Provide instructions to government and private sectors on protection of water supplies. (Task Force)		No later than 24 hours from warning
Mobilize Task Force members		24 hours from warning.
Mobilize additional personnel and vehicles. (Logistics Task Force)	May be difficult to locate additional personnel locally. Recourse to outside or contractor sources may be required.	24 hours from warning.
Coordinate activities with Power and other Task Forces.	Involves District Control Room.	24 hours from warning.
Verify water source status and protection. (Task Force).		No later than 24 hours from warning.
Disaster		
Plan and prioritize supply of water to users. (Task Force)	Requires information on needs, damage and demand.	Completed by 24 hours into disaster.
Assess status and damage to water systems. (Task Force)	Coordination with Damage Assessment Task Force.	Completed by 24 hours into disaster.
Mobilize water tankers. (Task Force)	Coordination with Logistics Task Force and Control Room.	Started by 24 hours into disaster.
Repair/restore water systems, based on plan. (Task Force)	Coordination with Power and Logistics Task Forces.	Started by 24 hours into disaster.
Assure supply point/distribution security. (Law and Order Task Force)		Started as soon as distributions begin.
Coordinate distribution of water and storage and provision of information on safe water use. (Task Force).	Coordination with Media Task Force and Control Room	Started by 24 hours into disaster.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
12 Hours		
Establish temporary water systems. (Task Force)		Up to 72 hours from disaster.

Move toward permanent water supply system. (Task Force)		After 72 hours.
Complete long term recovery plan and needs. (Task Force)		After 72 hours.
Begin reporting and documentation. (Task Force)		From 48 hours.
Begin demobilization. (Task Force)	Coordinated with Control Room.	From 48 hours.
Lessons Learned meeting. (Task Force and others)		After 2 weeks.
Final Report. (Task Force)		After major activities completed

Food and Relief Supplies:

Assure the provision of basic food and other relief needs in the affected communities.

Task Force Leader: District Supply Officer

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Establish procedures and standards. (Task Force)	Need standards.	On-going.
Maintain two months stock of essential supplies. (Task Force)		Done.
Develop transportation plan. (Task Force)	In cooperation with Logistics Task Force.	Completed in 8 days
Develop list of NGOs. (Task Force)		Done
Plan staffing for disaster. (Task Force)		Done
Identify locations, which can be isolated and increase stock as needed. (Task Force)		On-going.
Identify food preparation locations. (Task Force)		Done
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Warning		
Pass on warning. (Task Force)		Within 12 hours of receipt of warning.
Alert NGOs to prepare food. (Task Force)	Contact with NGOs.	Within 12 hours of receipt of warning.
Verify stock levels and make distribution	Possible cooperation	Within 48 hours of

plan. (Task Force)	with Logistics Task Force.	receipt of warning.
Alert transport contractors to prepare for transport. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Logistics Task Force.	Within 5 hours of receipt of warning.
Mobilize staff. (Task Force)		Within 6 hours of receipt of warning.
Disaster		
Receive and respond to instructions from Control Room. (Task Force)		As received.
Monitor conditions of stocks and facilities. (Task Force)	Need for communications.	
Develop distribution plan. (Task Force)	Need information on needs and locations.	As requested by Control Room.
Order food packets and provide supplies as needed. (Task Force)	Coordination with Logistics Task Force.	Per distribution plan.
Establish relief supplies receptions centers. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Control Room and Logistics Task Force.	As required.
12 Hours		
Start distribution operations. (Task Force)	In coordination with Logistics and Shelter Task Forces.	At beginning of period.
Formalize reporting, communications and monitoring. (Task Force)		Completed by 48 hours.
Start staff rotation system. (Task Force)		At beginning of period.
Begin mobilizing and managing additional supplies.	Coordination with Logistics and, Control Room.	Underway in 48 hours.
Establish security for all sites. (Law and Order Task Force)		At beginning of period.
Begin public announcement of distribution plan and standards. (Media Task Force)		Underway in 48 hours.
48 Hours		
Shift to normal operations. (Task Force)		Within 1 week.
Reconcile receipts and distribution records. (Task Force)		Within 30 days.
Continue providing relief to special areas/populations. (Task Force)		For 15 days from the disaster
72 Hours		
Restore Public Distribution System. (Task Force)		From 1 week after the disaster.
Lessons Learned meeting.		Within 14 days

Electric Power Supply:

Provide resources to re-establish normal power supplies and systems in affected communities

Task Force Leader: Superintending Engineer, Gujarat Electricity Board

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster and Warning Phases		
Develop inventory of current status of power system and resources. (Gujarat Electricity Board – GEB)		
Establish minimum stock levels and procure necessary additional stocks. (GEB)		
Conduct monthly meetings. (GEB)		On-going
Develop contact lists. (GEB)		
Conduct informal hazard and risk assessment. (GEB)		Completed.
Develop disaster plan. (GEB)		
Disaster		
Assess impact according to SOP. (GEB)	Coordinate with Control Room and Damage Assessment Task Force.	
Prioritize response actions. (GEB)	Need to establish priorities.	
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Collect more information. (GEB)		
Mobilize additional resources. (GEB)	Coordination with Control Room and other Task Forces.	
Check for unforeseen contingencies.		
12 Hours		
Revise plans based on feedback and assessments. (GEB)		Continuous
Monitor status of actions. (GEB)		Continuous
Begin staff rotation plan. (GEB)		At beginning of period.
Disseminate public information. (Media Task Force)		At beginning of period.
Secure support for staff (food, lodging) from		

NGOs. (GEB)		
Assure security as needed. (Law and Order Task Force)	Coordinate with Control Room.	
Establish constant communications on needs, requirements and resources with Control Room and GEB/HQ.		
48 Hours		
Look for improvements in efforts. (GEB)		
Reinforce central coordination. (GEB)		
Conduct regular coordination meetings with other actors. (GEB)		
Begin formal documentation of efforts. (GEB)		
72 Hours		
Review shift plan for safety. (GEB)		
Plan for return to normal, including additional security if needed. (GEB)	Involvement of Law and Order Task Force.	

Public Health and Sanitation

(Including first aid and all medical care):

Provide personnel and resources to address pressing public health problems and re-establish normal health care systems

Task Force Leader: Chief District Health Officer

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Develop inventory of personnel, resources and facilities. (Task Force)		1 week.
Training. (Task Force)	Coordination with GSDMA	6 months.
Establish Control Room.		Completed.
Prepare for specific diseases by season (e.g., monsoon)		Completed.
Establish Epidemiological Reporting System (ERS). (Task Force)		Completed.
Identify disease vulnerable areas. (CDHO)		Completed.
Improve public awareness. (Media Task Force)		
Warning		
Send out warning to health facilities. (Task Force)		As received.
Mobilize health teams to possible disaster areas. (Task Force)	In coordination with Control Room.	As needed.

Activate Task Force for whole district. (CDHO)		On warning.
Disaster		
Begin first aid efforts. (Task Force)		Within 1 hour of disaster.
Establish status of health care system. (Task Force)	Requires communications.	Within 6 hours of disaster.
Begin referral of injured to upper-level facilities. (Task Force)		Within 1 hour of disaster.
Implement SOP for management of deceased. (Task Force)	Involves cooperation with Law and Order and SAR Task Force.	Within 1 hour of disaster.
Coordinate efforts with Control Room and other Task Forces.		Within 2-3 hours of disaster.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
12 Hours		
Begin to call in outside resources. (Task Force)	Involves Telecommunications and Logistics Task Forces and Control Room.	Within 3 hours.
Establish temporary medical facilities where needed. (Task Force)	Coordination with Public Works, Power, Water, and Law and Order Task Forces.	Within 24 hours.
Expand surveillance of health status. (Task Force)		Within 24 hours.
Establish shift system for staff. (Task Force)		At beginning of period.
Visit and review health status in shelters. (Task Force)		Within 24 hours.
Develop health care system recovery plan. (Task Force)	In coordination with Control Room.	2-3 hours.
48 Hours		
Establish formal health care system reporting. (Task Force)		At beginning of period.
Start solid waste and vector control management SOP. (Task Force)		At beginning of period.
Start waste water management SOP. (Task Force)		At beginning of period.
Focus health status surveillance on children 0 to 5 years.		Implements in one week.
Establish public awareness and IEC efforts. (Task Force and Media Task Force)		At beginning of period.

72 Hours		
Develop demobilization plan.		By beginning of period.
Lessons Learned meeting.		Within 14 days of disaster.
Final Report		Within 14 days of disaster.

Animal Health and Welfare:

Provision of health and other care to animals affected by a disaster

Task Force Leader: Deputy Director, Veterinary and Animal Husbandry

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Update animal list. List of staff & training for disposal of carcass. (Task Force)		Done.
Stock medical supplies and vaccines. (Task Force)		Done
Warning		
Alert staff (by phone). (Task Force)		As warnings received.
Distribute supplies to vulnerable areas. (Task Force)		During warning period.
Contact Control Room. (Task Force)		As required.
Disaster		
Remove and destroy carcasses. (Task Force)	Need fuel and logistics.	As soon as possible.
Treat injured animals. (Task Force)		As soon as possible.
Issue certification of death. (Task Force)	For insurance purposes.	Within 48 hours.
Call in staff from other districts as needed. (Task Force)		As needed.
Assist local authorities in survey of damage and reconciliation of records.		As required.
48 Hours and Beyond		
Assist local authorities in providing fodder as needed.		As required.
Collect feedback. (Task Force)		
Final Report. (Task Force)		In 15 days.

Shelter:

Provide materials and supplies to assure temporary shelter for disaster-affected populations.

Task Force Leader: District Primary Education Officer

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Develop shelter operating procedures. (Task Force)		
Develop inventory of shelters (location, capacity,). (Task Force)	SDRN updating, project inventory.	On going
Provide information to other Task Forces on location of shelters. (Task Force)	Logistics, Water, Power, SAR, Food/Relief Supplies Task Forces and Control Room	
Training for shelter managers. (Task Force)	Need training module.	
Warning		
Mobilize shelter managers. (Task Force)		Within 6 hours of warning.
Review shelter locations for operating status. (Task Force)	Communications needed.	Within 6 hours of warning.
Open shelters as instructed.	Coordination with Control Room.	Within 6 hours of warning.
Mobilize additional resources for shelters and camps. (Task Force)	Cooperation with Logistics, Food and Relief Supplies, Water and Power Task Forces.	Within 6 hours of warning.
Provide public announcements on locations and status of shelters. (Media Task Force)		Within 6 hours of warning.
Disaster		
Beginning logging-in of occupants. (Shelter managers).		Immediately.
Report on status of shelters. (Task Force)	To Control Room.	As needed.
Plan for prioritization of shelter use. (Task Force)	Coordination with evacuation operations and Control Room.	Immediately.
Coordinate with other Task Forces on water, power, food, health, security. (Task Forces)		Immediately.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe

Provide support and assistance to occupants. (Task Force)	Liaise with Animal Task Force on management of animal and with Health Task Force on health care.	
12 Hours		
Continue operations. (Task Force)		Continuously
Monitor shelter status and movement of people. (Task Force)		Continuously
Mobilize additional resources. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Control Room and Logistics Task Force.	Continuous.
48 Hours and Beyond		
Begin Demobilization as appropriate. (Task Force)		
Begin reconditioning/repairs to shelters. (Task Force)	In cooperation with Public Works Task Force.	As needed.
Lessons Learned session. (Task Force)	Involvement of other Task Forces and evacuees.	14 days after completion of operations.
Final Report. (Task Force)		1 month after completion of activities.

Logistics:

Provide air, water and land transport for evacuation and for the storage and delivery of relief supplies in coordination with other Task Forces and competent authorities.

Task Force Leader: District Development Officer

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Conduct resource inventory (air/land/water transport and storage; inside and outside district.). (Task Force)		1 month.
Establish deployment requirements, procedures and alternate options. (Task Force)		1 month.
Conduct drills. (Task Force)		1 month.
Coordinate with other Task Forces.	Work through Control Room.	As needed.
Warning		
Alert and mobilize Task Force members. (Task		Within 1 hour of

Force)		receiving warning.
Mobilize transport and other resources for action on short notice depending on disaster expected. (Task Force)	Coordination with Control Room	Within 2-3 hours of warning.
Liaise with Control Room and SAR, Shelter and Food/Relief Supplies Task Forces.		Within 1 hour of receiving warning.
Review plan and determine if outside resources are needed. (Task Force)		Within 6 hours of receiving warning.
Plan for logistics based depending on nature of disaster. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Control Room and Food and Relief Supplies Task Force.	As needed.
Disaster		
Take action based on instruction from Control Room. (Task Force)		Within 2 hours of receiving warning.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Continually review requirements and resources. (Task Force)		Continuous.
Develop operations plan. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Control Room and Food and Relief Supplies Task Force.	Within 2 hours of receiving warning.
Strengthen liaison with Control Room and key Task Forces. (Task Force)		Within 2 hours of receiving warning.
Verify quality of service. (Task Force)	Requires set standard of service and information on operations.	Daily.
12 Hours		
Respond to increased demand for logistics. (Task Force)		Continuous.
Begin rotation of staff. (Task Force)		At start of period.
Establish logistics bases as needed. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Control Room and Food and Relief Supplies Task Force.	Continuous.
Review plans and communicate with other Task Forces. (Task Force)		Continuous.
Begin regular reporting and documentation. (Task Force)		At start of period.
48 Hours		
Reassess needs and requirements. (Task Force)		Continuous.

Begin demobilization as appropriate. (Task Force)		
72 Hours		
Lessons Learned meeting.	Include Shelter, Food and Relief Supplies in meeting.	Within 14 days of disaster.
Final Report		Within 14 days of disaster.

Damage Assessment and Survey:

Collect and analyze data on the impact of the disaster, develop estimates of resource needs and relief plans, and compile reports on the disaster as required for District and State authorities and other parties as appropriate.

Task Force Leader: Resident Additional Collector

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Establish assessment procedures and forms. (Task Force)	Collaboration with GSDMA and COR.	
Compile baseline data. (Task Force)	Collaboration with GSDMA project.	
Establish assessment groups and teams. (Task Force)		
Develop an assessment coordination plan. (Coordination and Planning Task Force)		
Develop a communications plan. (Task Force)	In cooperation with Telecommunications Task Force	
Warning		
Mobilize Task Force. (Task Force)		Within 6 hours of warning.
Review Plan. (Task Force)		Within 6 hours of warning.
Consider pre-disaster impact assessment. (Task Force)	Based on expected nature of disaster.	Within 6 hours of warning.
Active village-level assessment teams. (Task Force)		Within 6 hours of warning.
Disaster		
Consider safety of assessment teams. (Task Force)		Immediately.
Begin initial assessment procedures. (Task Force)		When conditions allow.
Communicate assessment plans to Control		Once initial plan

Room. (Task Force)		is developed.
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
12 Hours		
Publicly disseminate assessment plans and reports. (Media Task Force)		As available.
Initiate continual up-dating of assessment information. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Coordination and Planning Task Force.	
Initiate continual up-dating of assessment plans. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Coordination and Planning Task Force.	
Coordinate with other Task Forces. (Task Force)		
Begin staff rotation and secure more staff as needed.		At beginning of period.
48 Hours		
Prepare detailed damage, losses, needs assessment and long term recovery plans. (Task Force)	Coordinate with other Task Forces.	3-5 days after disaster.
Coordination of requirements, plans and activities.	Working through Control Room and Coordination and Planning Task Force.	Continuous.
72 Hours		
Lessons Learned meeting.	Include Shelter, Food and Relief Supplies in meeting.	Within 14 days of disaster.

Telecommunications:

Coordinate and assure operation of all communications systems (e.g., radio, TV, phones, wireless) required to support early warning or post-disaster operations.

Task Force Leader: Resident Additional Collector

Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Before a Disaster		
Develop telecommunications inventory and SOPs. (Task Force)	Telecommunications training.	
Coordinate with other Task Forces. (Task Force)		
Identify sites of vulnerable system components (e.g., switches). (Task Force)		
Ensure redundancy in communications systems.	May require close liaison	

(Task Force)	with private sector providers.	
Action and (Who Should Take It)	Requirements or Conditions to be met for the action can occur.	Timeframe
Training in communication skills and methods. (Task Force)		
Warning		
Verify communication systems are working. (Task Force)		Within 24 hours of warning.
Mobilize Task Force.		Within 24 hours of warning.
Repair down systems and establish alternate communications systems. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Control Room.	Within 24 hours of warning.
Mobilize resources. (Task Force)		Within 24 hours of warning.
Facilitate telecom demands of other Task Force members. (Task Force)		
Disaster		
Check status of communications systems. (Task Force)		In 2-3 hours.
Identify damage to systems. (Task Force)		First information available in 2-3 hours.
Contact Control Room and other Task Forces on telecom needs. (Task Force)		In 2-3 hours.
Start repairs. (Task Force)		In 2 hours.
12 Hours		
Mobilize outside resources (may start earlier). (Task Force)		Continuous.
Complete plans for repairs and re-establishment of systems. (Task Force)	Coordinate with Control Room.	Continuous.
Start shift system for staff. (Task Force)		At beginning of period.
48 Hours and Beyond		
Continue to assist other Task Forces. (Task Force)		
Continue repair work. (Task Force)		
Begin demobilization. (Task Force)		
Lessons Learned meeting.	Include Shelter, Food and Relief Supplies	Within 14 days of disaster.
Final Report. (Task Force)	Involve other Task Forces.	Within one months of end of operations.

Reconstruction, Rehabilitation and Recovery Measures

Recovery is defined as decisions and actions taken after a disaster with a view to “restoring or improving life and assets of the stricken community, while encouraging and facilitating necessary adjustments to reduce disaster risk. Recovery and reconstruction (R&R) or comprehensive rehabilitation is the last step in cycle of disaster management. In addition, this is the phase of new cycle, where the opportunity to reconstruction and rehabilitation should be utilized for building a better and more safe and resilient society.

Strategies for restoring physical infrastructure and lifeline services may be:

Build Back Better:

This ensures greater resilience, preparedness; and minimum loss in an event of future disaster.

Participatory Planning:

Infrastructure improvement measures need to be balanced with, or at least be in line with, the social and cultural needs and preferences of beneficiaries

Coordination:

A plan of recovery will help better coordination between various development agencies.

Damage Assessment and Needs Assessment shall be the basis of recovery planning

Various Sectors for recovery process may be

- Essential Services- Power, Water, Communication, Transport, Sanitation, Health
- Infrastructural: Housing, Public Building and Roads
- Livelihood: Employment , Agriculture, Cottage Industry, Shops and Establishments

Basic services such as power, water supply, sanitation, wastewater disposal etc. should be restored in shortest possible time. Alternate arrangement of water supply, temporary sanitation facilities can be sought with help of special agencies.

Special arrangements for provision of essential services should be ensured. It can include creating temporary infrastructure for storage and distribution of water supply, running tankers, power supply and sanitation facilities.

Damage Loss Assessment
Restoration of Essential Services and Infrastructure
Following tables are to be filled after an event of disaster

Power

Item/ Services	No. of unit damaged	No of villages affected	Populat ion affected	Recovery measures	Implementi ng agency	Tentativ e Duration (Months)	Budget
Feeder							
Transformers							
HT Lines							
LT Lines							
Electric Poles							

Note: To be planned after initial damage assessment by departments

Health

Item/ Services	PHC (village name)	C H C	Sub Cent re	Drug Store	Recovery Measures	Implemen ting agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
No of buildings damaged								
No of health centres inaccessible								
Refrigeration and other vital equipment for storage								
Drugs and medicines perished	(Location and qty)							
No of Ambulance damaged								

Note: To be planned after initial damage assessment by departments

Social

People in need of immediate rehabilitation including psychosocial support (due to disaster)

Village	Men	Women	Children	Total	Recovery Measures	Implementing agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget

Water Supply

Type	Village	No. of unit affected	Faliya/ Population affected	Recovery Measures	Implementing agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Well							
Bore wells							
Pond							
Water Supply Disrupted							
Contamination							
ESR damaged							
GLR Damaged							
Sump damaged							
Pipe lines damaged							
Stand post damaged							
Cattle trough damaged							
Hand pump							

Road and Transport

Road damage	Location	Severity	Km	Recovery Measures	Implementing agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Panchayat							
State Roads							
National Highway							
Nagar Palika							

Item/ services	Village /Ward	Populati on	Alternate road/route	Recovery Measures	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Road Cut off							
Rail Connectivity							

Communication

Type	Office/Tower Damaged	Villages affected	Recovery Measures	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Landline connectivity	(No. of unit and location)					
Mobile connectivity						
Wireless Tower						
Radio						

Food Supply

List of village affected by disruption in food supply

Type	No. of go down damage	Type of grains perishe d (Ton)	Qty of grain perished (Ton)	Qty of grain at risk (Ton)	Recovery Measures	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Civil Supply								
APMC								
Other								

Housing

Partial Damage		Fully Damaged / Collapsed		Recovery Measures	Prog. / Scheme	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Kucha	Pucca	Kucha	Pucca					

Public Utilities

Public Buildings	Partial damage (No. of units)	Fully Damaged/ Collapsed (No. of Unit)	Recovery Measures	Prog/ Scheme	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Panchayat							
Educational Buildings							
Aanganwadi							
Hospitals							
Office Buildings							
Market							
Police station							
Community Halls/ Function plots							

Restoration of Livelihood Provisioning of Employment

Occupational category	No. of workers	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Skilled laborers				
Unskilled and , Agricultural laborers				
Small and marginal farmers				
Construction workers				
Salt pan workers				
Fisher folk				
Weavers				
Other artisans				

Land Improvement

Land erosion / siltation (Hectare)	HHs affected	Recovery Measures	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget

Agricultural

Crop failure (Hectare)	HHs affected	Recovery Measures	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget

Nonfarm livelihood

Cottage Industry	Extent of damage/disrupti on		Recovery Measures	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
	Tools and equip ment (Speci fy no. and type)	Goods and material 1 (Specif y type and qty)				
Handloom						
Pottery						
Food Processing						
Diamond sorting etc						
Printing/ Dying						
Other						

Shops and establishment

Extent of damage/disruption			Recovery Measures	Implementing Agency	Tentative Duration (Months)	Budget
Building (No. and location)	Tools and equipments (Specify no. and type)	Goods and materials (Specify type and qty)				

Long-term recovery program

Disaster recovery typically occurs in phases, with initial efforts dedicated to helping those affected meet immediate needs for housing, food and water. As homes and businesses are repaired, people return to work and communities continue with cleanup and rebuilding efforts. Many government agencies, voluntary organizations, and the private sector cooperate to provide assistance and support.

Some individuals, families and communities that are especially hard hit by a disaster may need more time and specialized assistance to recover, and a more formalized structure to support them. Specialized assistance may be needed to address unique needs that are not satisfied by routine disaster assistance programs. It may also be required for very complex restoration or rebuilding challenges. Community recovery addresses these ongoing needs by taking a holistic, long-term view of critical recovery needs, and coordinating the mobilization of resources at the, and community levels.

Oftentimes, committees, task forces or other means of collaboration formed with the goals of developing specific plans for Community recovery, identifying and addressing unmet or specialized needs of individuals and families, locating funding sources, and providing coordination of the many sources of help that may be available to assist. Some collaboration focuses on the community level and relies on the expertise of community planning and economic development professionals. Other collaborations focus on individual and family recovery and are coordinated by social service and volunteer groups. All such efforts hope to lay the groundwork for wise decisions about the appropriate use of resources and rebuilding efforts.

Under the National Response Framework, Emergency Support Function (ESF) #14 Community Recovery coordinates the resources of federal departments and agencies to support the long-term recovery of States and communities, and to reduce or eliminate risk from future incidents. While consideration of long-term recovery is imbedded in the routine administration of the disaster assistance and mitigation programs, some incidents, due to the severity of the impacts and the complexity of the recovery, will require considerable interagency coordination and technical support.

ESF #14 efforts are driven by State/local priorities, focusing on permanent restoration of infrastructure, housing, and the local economy. When activated, ESF #14 provides the coordination mechanisms for the Federal government to:

- Assess the social and economic consequences in the impacted area and coordinate Federal efforts to address Community recovery issues resulting from an Incident of National Significance;
- Advise on the Community recovery implications of response activities, the transition from response to recovery in field operations, and facilitate recovery decision-making across ESFs;
- Work with State, local, and tribal governments; NGOs; and private-sector organizations to conduct comprehensive market disruption and loss analysis and develop a forward looking market-based comprehensive long-term recovery plan for the affected community;
- Identify appropriate Federal programs and agencies to support implementation of the Community recovery plan, ensure coordination, and identify gaps in resources available;
- Avoid duplication of assistance, coordinate to the extent possible program application processes and planning requirements to streamline assistance, and identify and coordinate resolution of policy and program issues; and
- Determine/identify responsibilities for recovery activities, and provide a vehicle to maintain continuity in program delivery among Federal departments and

agencies, and with State, local, and tribal governments and other involved parties, to ensure follow-through of recovery and hazard mitigation efforts.

Grievances Redressed System

Grievance redressed is important aspect in the context of providing need based assistance to affected communities with transparency and accountability. It is also ensures the protection of their rights and entitlements for disaster response services.

Grievance Redressed System

No.	Key Person/ Establishment	Contact No	Address
1	DEOC/ RAC	02631-220347	Collector Office-District Emergency Operation centre
2	DDO	02631-220235	District Panchayat
3	Police	02631-220658	S.P.Office,Dang

Matrix form of Sort term and long-term recovery programme

Disaster recovery has three distinct but interrelated meanings. First, it is a goal that involves the restoration of normal community activities that were disrupted by disaster impacts –in most people’s minds, exactly as they were before the disaster struck. Second, its a phase in the emergency management cycle that begins with stabilization of the disaster conditions (the end of the emergency response phase) and ends when the community has returned to its normal routines. Third, it is a process by which the community achieves the goal normal life.

7.3: SHORT TERM AND LONG TERM RECOVERY TIME TABLE

Recovery and Reconstruction

Activity/Action	Estimate of Duration	Estimate of Duration
Period	Short-Term	Long-Term
Warning	Hours to a few days	
Response/Operations	Ongoing	Ongoing
Emergency	1-15 days	1-60 days
Preparation of damage assessment	1-4 days	4-8 days
Disaster declaration (state or federal)	1-10 days	0-30 days
Federal/State mitigation Strategy	1-15 days	15-30 days
Recovery	7-150 days	150-365 days
Temporary building moratorium	<=30 days	<=60 days
Letter of intent to submit HM Grant	<=60 days	<=60 days
Short-term reconstruction	<= 1 year	200-365 days
State mitigation	<= 180 days	365 days
HMGP proposal	70-200 days	200-365 days
Long-term reconstruction	100 days to 5 years	5 to 10 years

Financial Arrangement

To ensure the long-term sustenance and permanency of the organization funds would be generated and deployed on an ongoing basis. There are different ways to raise the fund in the State as described below

State Disaster Response Fund

To carry out Emergency Response & Relief activities after any disaster the State Disaster Response Fund is making available to Commissioner of Relief, Revenue Department under which the Central Government will share 75% and the Govt. of Gujarat has to share 25% as per the recommendation of 13th Finance Commission.

State Budget

The Authority, submit to the State Government for approval a budget in the prescribed form for the next financial year, showing the estimated receipts and expenditure, and the sums which would be required from the State Government during that financial year. As per the provisions of The Gujarat State Disaster Management Act, 2003 the Authority may accept grants, subventions, donations and gifts from the Central or State Government or a local authority or any individual or body, whether incorporated or not.

District Planning Fund

For preparedness, mitigation, capacity building and recovery fund can be raised from MP or MLA grant as received for developmental work .also from departmentally arrangement.

Partnerships

There are projects/schemes in which funding can be done by a public sector authority and a private party in partnership (also called on PPP mode funding). In this State Govt. along with Private organizations and with Central Govt., share their part.

Centrally Sponsored scheme

Name	Purpose	Finance Arrangements	Activities that can be take under scheme	Nodal Agency
NDRF (NCCF)	Relief Assistance	100% Central Govt	Cash and kind relief	Revenue Department
SDRF (CRF)	Relief Assistance	75% Centre, 25% State	Cash and kind relief	Revenue Department
Planning Commission (13 Finance commission) Year 2011-15	Capacity Building	100% Centre	Trainings Awareness Generation IEC material Mock drills	Revenue Department

Risk Transfer / Risk Distribution

Risk transfer or risk distribution refers to compensation cover against loss of life or assets in case of any disaster event. Insurance and reinsurance mechanisms and products against natural and manmade disasters have rapidly evolved in last decade. According to UNISDR, “Insurance is a well-known form of risk transfer, where coverage of a risk is obtained from an insurer in exchange for ongoing premiums paid to the insurer. Risk transfer can occur informally within family and community networks where there are reciprocal expectations of mutual aid by means of gifts or credit, as well as formally, where governments, insurers, multi-lateral banks and other large risk-bearing entities establish mechanisms to help cope with losses in major events. Such mechanisms include insurance and re-insurance contracts, catastrophe bonds, contingent credit facilities and reserve funds, where the costs are covered by premiums, investor contributions, interest rates and past savings. Linkages with government insurance schemes like RashtriyaSwasthya Bima Yojana, Aam Admi Bima Yojana can be extensively taken up for risk transfer. Linkages can be done for teaching staff and children with existing insurance schemes. Livestock insurance can also be taken up through animal husbandry department. Coverage of crop insurance should be increased specifically for small and marginal farmers. Weather/rainfall insurance can also be explored with various existing schemes. (DDMC should draw up their own risk transfer/distribution framework and action plan in this regard)

SOP (Roles and Responsibilities)

The Present plan document identifies the roles and Responsibilities of the organization, in key identified sector. Taskforces have constituted for taking response measures in sectors. Action plan has been prepared for each taskforce which covers their roles & responsibilities in development of incident / emergency. It is expected that each taskforce shall develop the standard operating procedures for specific disaster / emergency. District collector has to ensure that all the members acquire knowledge and skills to perform their assigned roles.

A) District Magistrate & Collector

Being chairperson and Incident commander of the district for Disaster Management, he will be in overall command & emergency action to control a kind of emergency effectively for the district.

The Chair person has to perform the role as follows:

- Preparation and updating of District Disaster Management Plan for the District.
- To ensure that everyone is able to perform the role involved in emergency service effectively.
- To activate and maintain the District Control Room round the clock. To provide essential facilities with the District control room.
- To access emergency situation and have to declare the emergency, call and direct the emergency services to respond the emergency by providing reinforcement and support by pooling the resources form the District and if required from the State.
- The arrangement for rescue, evacuation, shelter, food, water, clothing, and transportation to affected area, announcement to the public.
- To keep inform to the higher authority time to time to declare the withdrawal or termination of emergency.
- Rehabilitation, Restoration, Cleaning, etc. on post emergency actions.
- To submit the reports on emergency. To conduct the meetings.
- To conduct the mock drill.

B) District Development Officer

Being a responsible person of Taluka / District the following actions are to be given prime importance for emergency purpose.

- To ensure the different authorities, agencies, organization persons, as specified their role, should participate immediately during emergency in district pocket area.
- To advice and guide different panchayat department and local representatives for mitigate and preventives aspects of disaster management and coordinative

approach at the time of emergency.

- To participate in the meeting, mock drill & training.
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure effective control on emergency.
- To liaison & co-ordination with chair person, Central Control Room, emergency services, organization, agencies, agencies person etc.
- To support all other duties as specified by District Collector.

C) Police Department

Another authority who gets the first information on incident / accident is police department. The following actions are to be carried out by police department.

- To access the situation and report immediately.
- To maintain the law and order during the emergency to control the traffic and control the affected area.
- To protect the life of people, inside, outside as well as road movers.
- To protect the property & environment & public announcement.
- Evacuation, rehabilitation, shelter & transportation work during the emergency as per prevailing situation.
- To help & assist to make area clean, removing of any structure and other similar work as required during actual emergency.
- To participate the meetings & Mock Drill / Rehearsal & Training.
- To liaison with Central Control Room and other emergency services / organization / agencies.
- To prepare their own details action plan & to ensure the provisions to handle the emergency.

D) Responsibilities of City Liason Officers

- Take action against the precautionary statement regarding the flood clearance in connection with the police officers fixed in their Liaison officer, municipal zonal officer and zonal area in all zones of Bardoli, Mandvi, Kanakpur, Kansad and Tarsadi municipality. Every area is timely informed.

E) Police Department

Another authority who gets the first information on incident / accident is police department. The following actions are to be carried out by police department.

- To access the situation and report immediately.
- To maintain the law and order during the emergency to control the traffic and control the affected area.
- To protect the life of people, inside, outside as well as road movers.
- To protect the property & environment & public announcement.
- Evacuation, rehabilitation, shelter & transportation work during the emergency as

per prevailing situation.

- To help & assist to make area clean, removing of any structure and other similar work as required during actual emergency.
- To participate the meetings & Mock Drill / Rehearsal & Training.
- To liaison with Central Control Room and other emergency services / organization /agencies.
- To prepare their own details action plan & to ensure the provisions to handle the emergency.

F) Fire Services

Most probably, the first information regarding any incidence / event is received by the fire services. Thus, fire service being first informant has to play the major role during the emergency.

- Inspection, survey & assess the situation where incident occur & give the report.
- To decide the proper & effective actions and immediate response actions to control the emergency, under intimation to Central Control Room or Chair Person.
- Proper training to fight against different hazards
- Rescue, Evacuation, Remove of debris, and other emergency work as directed or instructed.
- To maintain the proper and adequate firefighting, equipments, neutralizing media, selfbreathing apparatus, emergency equipments, personnel protective equipments with keeping in working order.
- The knowledge & information on different type of alternative resources, various types of extinguishing media, neutralizing media, chemical properties and their hazards with safe handling procedure.
- To participate the meetings Mock Drill / Rehearsal & training.
- To liaison with Central Control Room and other emergency services.
- To prepare their own details action plan & to ensure the provisions to handle the emergency.
- Other duties as required during actual emergency.

G) Health Department

The health and medical services have to play vital role following the emergency. One fold is proper & timely treatments to the victims injured or affected persons. Other fold is to safe guard the public health.

- To ensure the arrangement & preparedness for special medical treatment antidotes and trained doctor Para-medical staff as specified in toxicology at the time of industrial emergency in local pocket area.
- On declaration of emergency or on receiving the message or information, prompt medical facilities should be set up e.g. first aid post, casualty receiving center/ camp, as per gravity of situation at site. Similarly, arrangement for emergency

operation or special treatment on chemical burn, injury, gas dispersion etc. with adequate arrangement, which will can serve the purpose of Base Hospital.

- Identification of dead bodies and post mortem arrangement.
- To maintain up to-date list with telephone nos. of services of doctors, hospitals,
- Ambulance, primary health center, Para-medical staff, vehicle to meet the emergency situation.
- Arrangement to inform the up to-date status time to time to DEOC, Chair Person, and Relatives of injured or admitted patients, emergency services etc.
- Arrangement to safe guard the public health in case of development of epidemic situation & announcement on safety measure to be taken by public at the time of emergency situation.
- To advice & guide the different stake holders in respect of medical & health part time to time.
- Provision for proper and adequate medicines, lifesaving drugs, equipments, antidotes etc. related to different hazards.
- To participate meetings, mock drills / examine and training.
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure the effective handling of different kinds of emergencies.
- To liaison with DEOC, Chairperson, emergency services organization, agency and other related person.
- Other duties as required during actual emergency.

H) RTO

- To respond to collector and police instructions in different kinds of emergency
- To provide adequate requirements for both persons and material.
- To arrange for deployment of vehicles with full fuel levels.
- To streamline traffic flow and parking yard movement.
- To co-ordinate in deployment of vehicles, if required.
- To participated meeting, mock drills & training.
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure effective handing at the time of actual emergency.

I) Civil Supplies Department

- To arrange to provide cooked food and clothing to evacuees and others involved in emergency controlling operation.
- To ensure availability of sufficient cooked food, water ready for distributaries at various locations.
- To participate in the meeting, mock drills & training.
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure effective handling of emergency.

J) Joint Director - Information

The proper and correct news should be reach to the public to avoid rumours and panicky. The role of District information officer is to create awareness and preparedness amongst the public for different hazards because of wide & fast spreading news.

- To participate in the meeting, mock drill / exercises and training.
- To assist the public in case of rescue operation and authentic news.
- To liaison & Co-ordination with Chair person, Central Control Room and emergency services.
- Ensure to safe guard the public at large during actual emergency by providing correct reliable authentic guideline and news.

K) Dy. Controller (Civil Defence)

- To participate in meeting, mock drills & training.
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure effective handling of emergency
- To assist police in rescue and evacuation work during emergency.
- To provide security, cordoning the area, and other Services.

L) Electricity Board (DGVCL & Torrent)

- To arrange for un-interrupted power supply, if needed.
- To arrange for lighting at temporary medical camps, rallying points and parking yards.
- To take care of electrical equipment within affected zone.
- Arrange for switching off power supply if requested by authority.
- To participate in the meeting, mock drills & training
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure effective handling of emergency

M) Regional Officer (GPCB)

- To participate in the meetings, mock drill / exercises and training.
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure the effective control of industrial emergency & subsequent action.
- Liaison with central control Room, chairperson, Emergency Services, Organization agencies & other related persons.
- Advice & Guidance to the District Crisis Group in Respect of environment protection in the industrial pocket.
- To provide the technical input regarding environment and evaluate the contamination or adverse effect during industrial emergency.
- To provide the details & information on development of emergency situation

regarding in safe level to the life and suggest area to be evacuated and other safety measures.

- To suggest the safe level for restoration & restarting of work on termination of emergency services & expert persons etc.
- Other duties or work as directed by District crisis group or chair person.

N) Representative Form MAH Units

The management of major accident hazardous unit has to maintain updated onsite emergency plan with necessary details with accurate information and a correct assessment of the situation. The site main controller is responsible to provide immediately on occurrence of crisis at his unit with specific details, development and needed help from local crisis group & district crisis group. He will arrange & provide all the resources, equipments, manpower, and communication network from his own unit and co-ordinate with local crisis group & district crisis Group to combat the industrial emergency.

O) Role of other members of District Crisis Group

The other members like controller of explosives, trade union representative, agriculture department, municipal commissioner and other government agencies, etc. have to perform the various duties. However, the following are the suggested duties as required during the emergency:

- To participate in the meeting, mock drill / exercise and training.
- To assist the public in proper way in case of rescue and evacuation during actual emergency.
- To advice and guidance to the District crisis group & Chair person.
- To arrange and help the supporting actions and duties in respect of industrial emergency
- To provide more and adequate resources & various requirement to tackle the industrial emergency immediately.
- Liaison & co-ordination with Central Control Room and emergency services.

P) Volunteer Organizations (N.G.O.)

The voluntary organization / services can play vital role in relief & rescue operations like arrangement of food packets & packing up of the same, distribution of the food packets and water pouches, arrangements of life saving drugs & distribution of the same, can play a major role in awareness generation, to convince the person / public to evacuate the residence / place and to shift to safe shelter timely during emergency. Otherwise it may result more serious effect. To save the life of public is more important factor, which will be successfully carried out by the voluntary organization. The list of such organization with address, telephone no. organization etc. will be prepared and updated time to time.

Q) Irrigation Department

- Play vital role in pre, during and post form of emergencies particularly in floods.
- Proper management of dams, irrigation canals, ponds and timely maintenance of the same.
- Inform DEOC and respective stake holders in case of water release from the dams.
- Start their control room at the time of monsoon.
- Follow the instructions mentioned with the Flood memorandum.
- To participate in the meetings, mock drill / exercises and training.
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure the effective handling of different kinds of emergencies.
- Liaison with DEOC, Chairperson, emergency services organization, agency and other related person.
- Other duties as required during actual emergency.

R) R&B Department

- To play vital role in pre, during and post form of emergencies.
- Proper management of roads and buildings and timely maintenance of the same.
- Inform DEOC and respective stake holders' diversion of routes, closing status of the roads etc.
- Ensure safety terms while establishing or developing of bridges, dams, roads, buildings etc.
- To participate in the meetings, mock drill / exercises and training.
- To prepare own detailed action plan to ensure the effective handling of different kinds of emergencies.
- Liaison with DEOC, Chairperson, emergency services organization, agency and other related person.
- Other duties as required during actual emergency.

S) Citizen:

It is a duty of every citizen to assist the District Administration or such other person entrusted with or engaged in disaster management whenever his aid is demanded generally for the purpose of disaster management

Guidelines Regarding Rope Way

Maintenance & Management of Ropeway

✓ Maintenance Record

The ropeway operator will ensure that:

- Written procedures are developed for operating the equipment under all reasonably foreseeable conditions, and that all safety requirements are incorporated into these procedures.
- Records are kept of every critical safety stage in the operation of ropeway.
- Operating procedures and all other relevant operating records are freely available to any person who operates the equipment.
- All operational data are available for inspection by any authorised person who is involved with the ropeway, including equipment inspectors.

✓ Daily Operational Requirements

Starting of ropeway: The ropeway will be started by the competent person authorised by the management.

Daily inspections: Prior to transporting passengers, a daily inspection will be conducted by competent personal. As a minimum, the inspection will consist of the following:

- Inspect visually each terminal, station, and the entire length of the ropeway, including grips, hangers and carriers:
- Note the position of tension carriages and counterweights, and ensure that the tensioning system is free to move in both directions.
- Test the operation of all manual and automatic switches in terminals, stations, and loading and unloading areas, as per the manufacturer's specifications.
- Test the operation of main drive and all braking systems.
- Test the operation of communication systems.
- Note the general condition of the hauling rope.

Termination of Daily Operations: Procedures will be established for terminating daily operations to ensure that passengers shall not be left on the ropeway after it has been shut down.

✓ **Operation Log**

- A daily operational log shall be maintained for each ropeway.
- The daily operational log shall include at least the following:
 - a) Date;
 - b) Names and duty stations of operating personnel;
 - c) Operating hours and purpose of operations;
 - d) Temperature, wind, and weather conditions and changes, with times of changes noted;
 - e) Record of compliance with daily operational inspection;
 - f) Position and condition of the tensioning carriage and of the counterweight or other tensioning devices;
 - g) Accidents, malfunctions, or abnormal occurrences during operation; and
 - h) Signature of the operator.

✓ **Maintenance of Ropeway**

The maintenance program will comprise of procedures for addressing all components subject to load, wear, corrosion or fatigue. This would include:

- The types of lubricants required and frequency of application;
- The types of testing required and frequency of testing;
- The definitions and measurements to determine excessive wear and replacement criteria.
- The recommended frequency of service to specific parts and details of the service required.
- Identification of other areas that might require specific attention.

✓ **Ropeway Management**

The ropeway management shall ensure that:

- The ropeway including all safety devices is maintained in accordance with the maintenance and inspection schedules and are kept in safe working condition at all times.

- A procedure is in place which requires any faults found in the ropeway to be reported immediately by the person who finds the fault, investigated and, where necessary, maintained, adjusted, repaired or altered.
- Ropeway that has been subject to maintenance, whether routine maintenance or maintenance in response to a fault found, shall be appropriately tested before reentering service, to ensure their design compliance.
- All maintenance procedures relating to the ropeway shall be kept in controlled status regularly updated and continually improved and shall be executed by competent persons.

The operator of the ropeway will ensure that:

- The date, time and full details of any maintenance work undertaken and the results of any maintenance procedure carried out.
- Ensure that maintenance records are available for examination by all persons concerned, including equipment inspectors.
- keep record of running hours and/or number of loading cycles operated by a passenger ropeway and its condition, where a passenger ropeway, or any of its components, is subject to condition monitoring.

✓ **Inspection of Ropeway**

The owner /operator of the ropeway shall ensure that:

- Commissioning inspection has been carried out by an equipment inspector, who shall also witness all relevant tests.
- Formal pre-season inspections are carried out
- The ropeway is inspected in-service at least annually for issue of certificate of inspection.
- Daily and periodic maintenance inspections are carried out.

Inspection Intervals: The operator will ensure that the ropeway is inspected in-service and is:

- Inspected at commissioning, after the first year of service and thereafter at least once in a year.
- Inspected after their re-erection or re-commissioning;
- Inspected after major repairs or alterations; and
- Inspected in the event that they are seriously damaged.

Records: A list of parts to be inspected will be maintained. The operator of the ropeway will maintain records of the date, time, time and results of any inspection carried out and the name of the inspection body engaged.

✓ **Tests of Ropeway Operation**

The ropeway operator will ensure that:

- All routine tests of emergency procedures, and of alarms, and safety devices, relating to the ropeway, are carried out at appropriate intervals.
- Every overload test is carried out under strict conditions, is monitored at all times and does not exceed the limits specified in the relevant design or operating standard; and
- The ropeway is not loaded above its safe working load, except for the purposes of an overload test. The records of the following will be maintained:
 - The date, time, details and results of any tests carried out are recorded.
 - Comments on the performance of ropeway in any test, and on any maintenance done or any adjustment, alteration, or repair made as a result of any test are recorded; and
 - Any data arising from testing are readily available for inspection by authorised persons including equipment inspectors.

Guidelines Regarding Bore Well Safety Measures

Safety measures/guidelines as given in the Order dated 11.02.2010 of Hon'ble Supreme Court is to be observed by all the States: -

- i) The owner of the land/premises, before taking any steps for construction bore well/tube well must inform in writing at least 15 days in advance to the concerned authorities in the area, i.e., District Collector/District Magistrate/Sarpanch of the Gram Panchayat/ Concerned officers of the Department of Ground Water/ Public Health/Municipal Corporation, as the case may be, about the construction of bore well/tube well.
- ii) Registration of all the drilling agencies, viz., Govt./Semi Govt./Private etc. should be mandatory with the district administration.
- iii) Erection of signboard at the time of construction near the well with the following details:-
 - (a) Complete address of the drilling agency at the time of construction/rehabilitation of well.
 - (b) Complete address of the user agency/owner of the well.
- iv) Erection of barbed wire fencing or any other suitable barrier around the well during construction.
- v) Construction of cement/concrete platform measuring 0.50x0.50x0.60 meter (0.30 meter above ground level and 0.30 meter below ground level) around the well casing.
- vi) Capping of well assembly by welding steel plate or by providing a strong cap to be fixed to the casing pipe with bolts and nuts.
- vii) In case of pump repair, the tube well should not be left uncovered.
- viii) Filling of mud pits and channels after completion of works.
- ix) Filling up abandoned Bore wells by clay/sand/boulders/pebbles/drill cuttings etc. from bottom to ground level.
- x) On completion of the drilling operations at a particular location, the ground conditions are to be restored as before the start of drilling.
- xi) District Collector should be empowered to verify that the above guidelines are being followed and proper monitoring check about the status of boreholes/tube-wells are being taken care through the concerned State/Central Government agencies.

- xii) District/Block/Village wise status of bore wells/tube-wells drilled viz. No. of wells in use, No. of abandoned bore wells/tube wells found open, No. of abandoned Bore wells/tube wells properly filled up to ground level and balance number of abandoned Bore wells/tube-wells to be filled up to ground level is to be maintained at District Level. In rural areas, the monitoring of the above is to be done through village Sarpanch and the Executive from the Agriculture Department.
- xiii) If a Bore well/tube-well is 'Abandoned' at any stage, a certificate from the concerned department of Ground Water/Public health/Municipal Corporation/Private contractor etc. must be obtained by the aforesaid agencies that the 'Abandoned' Bore well/tube well is properly filled up to the ground level. Random inspection of the abandoned wells is also to be done by the Executive of the concerned agency/department. Information on all such data on the above are to be maintained in the District Collector/Block Development Office of the State

MEASURES AFTER BORE WELL INCIDENT

- Secure the scene by cordoning the bore well to avoid any unwanted objects falling into the bore well and causing harm to the child and thus hamper the rescuing efforts.
- Cordon the affected area and control unnecessary movements/crowd gathering near the bore well.
- Try to stabilize the victim, if possible, with the help of rope.
- Make arrangements for supplying of oxygen to the child with the help of pipe.
- Arrangement of sufficient lights in the area for the night operation.
- Immediately contact the nearby NDRF Unit.
- As per the direction of NDRF unit, start digging earth vertically and parallel to the depth of bore well at the sufficient distance from the bore well or as directed by the NDRF.
- Keep motivating the victim by regular talking of parents or relatives.
- District medical officer should be made aware about the compartment compression syndrome and action to be taken in such cases.

Don'ts

- Don't leave the tube well/bore well uncovered after repair/daily work done.
- Do not throw any food article or pour water in the Bore well.
- Do not allow underground water seepage in bore well.
- Do not allow heavy machines to work at full power to avoid heavy vibration which may result in loosening of surrounding soils and collapse of the bore well.
- Do not allow crowd to gather around the incident site.

MEASURES BEFORE BORE WELL INCIDENT

Do's

- The owner of the land/premises, before taking any steps for construction bore well/tube well must inform in writing at least 15 days in advance to the concerned authorities in the area.
- Registration of all the drilling agencies, viz., Govt./Semi Govt./Private etc. should be mandatory with the district administration or Statutory Authority wherever applicable.
- Erection of signboard at the time of construction near the well is mandatory. The following details should be included on the signboard:-(a) Complete address of the drilling agency at the time of construction/rehabilitation of well. (b) Complete address of the user agency/owner of the well.
- Erection of barbed wire fencing or any other suitable barrier around the well during construction.
- Construction of cement/concrete platform measuring 0.50x0.50x0.60 meter (0.30 meter above ground level and 0.30 meter below ground level) around the well casing.
- Capping of well assembly by welding steel plate or by providing a strong cap to be fixed to the casing pipe with bolts and nuts.
- In case of pump repair, the tube well should not be left uncovered.
- Filling of mud pits and channels after completion of works.
- Filling up abandoned bore wells by clay/sand/boulders/pebbles/drill cuttings etc. from bottom to ground level.
- On completion of the drilling operations at a particular location, the ground conditions are to be restored as before the start of drilling.
- District Collector should be empowered to verify that the above guidelines are being followed and proper monitoring check about the status of boreholes/tube wells are being taken care through the concerned State/Central Government agencies.
- District/Block/Village wise status of bore wells/tube wells drilled. In the rural areas monitoring of these should be done through village Sarpanch and the Executive from the Agriculture Department. In case of urban areas, the monitoring should be done through Junior Engineer and the Executive from the concerned Department of Ground Water or Public Health or Municipal Corporation.
- If a bore well/tube well is 'Abandoned' at any stage, a certificate from the concerned department of Ground Water/Public health/Municipal Corporation/Private contractor must be obtained by these agencies.
- Information on all such data on the above are to be maintained in the District Collector/Block Development Office of the State.

District Profiles

DANGS DISTRICT GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Name of District : Dangs
2. District Headquarter : Ahwa
3. Area : 1764 Sq. K. m.
4. Latitude : 73.41'-0" to 20.45'-30"
5. Longitude : 20.45'-0" to 20.45'-30"
6. No. of villages of district : 311
7. No. of Taluka : 3 (1) Ahwa (2) Waghai (3) Subir
8. Urban area : Saputara (Notified Area.)
9. No. of Municipalities : Nil
10. No. of Gram panchayat : 100

➤ **Projected Population(As per 2011 Year)=2,68,124**

Male-1,33,294 Female-1,34,830

➤ **Total Voters=1,78,157**

Male-89,405 Female -88,749 Third Gender-03

➤ **Voter Turned Out (173-Dang(S.T.)A.C.**

1. Lok Sabha election-2014=

81.33%

2. Vidhan Sabha election-2017= **72.64%**

3. Lok sabha election-2019=

81.23%

11 Population Details 2001

Population			F/M	0-6 Age Group			F/M Ratio
Total	Male	Female	Ratio	Total	Male	Female	
186712	94001	92711	986	35168	17817	17351	974

Literacy			Percentage			Growth (1991-2001)
Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
91275	54359	36916	60.23	71.35	48.99	29.58

Population			F/M	0-6 Age Group			F/M Ratio
Total	Male	Female	Ratio	Total	Male	Female	
144091	72674	71417	983	31583	15799	15784	999

Literacy			Percentage			Growth (1991-1981)
Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
53511	33867	19644	47.56	59.55	35.31	26.77

- No. of villages with more than 80-90 % tribal population : 307 out of 311
(Except Ahwa, Waghai, Saputara & Nandanpeda)

The Population of Dangs District as per 2011 census is 2,28,291 (Male- 1,13,821 Female – 1,14,470 and other 00) . About 94% population of the District is tribal population. About 73.84% of the total population falls in BPL category. As per socio-economic survey 2012, the population of District is 2,53,353. Around 30,000 people migrate to nearby district for employment in sugarcane cutting and grape yards during September to May every year.

As per Census 2011 New Taluka Population is as under:-

Ahwa Taluka :

Total Villages :100 Population: Male- 43459 Female- 43798

Total =86779

Waghai Taluka :

Total Villages : 106 Population: Male- 39495 Female-38955

Total = 78450

Subir Taluka :

Total Villages : 105 Population: Male- 31035 Female-

Total = 62772

Information of Farmers No of Dist Khedut Khatedar

1.Ahwa=54557

2.Waghai=40940

3.Subir=33691

Total=1,29,188

No of Khedut Khata

1.Ahwa=6456

2.Waghai=4853

3.Subir=4291

Total=15,640

- | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|--|
| 12. Tribal Population | : | 2,26,769 - 94.00% |
| 13. Average Rainfall | : | 100 to 125 inches(2500 to
3125mm per anum /1998-150 inches
(3750 mm) |
| 14. Railway | : | 70 Kms. Narrow gauge
(Bilimora to Waghai) |
| 15. Sea Coast | : | Nil |
| 16. Forest | : | 1055.57 Sq. Km. (211.55 Sq.Km .PF
and 844.02 Sq. Km. RF) |
| 17. Agricultural Land | : | 72, 836. 41 Hec. (42. 26 %) |

18. **Operational Holding** : 63,130 Hec.
19. **Health Facilities** :
- | | | |
|----------------------|---|----|
| Civil Hospital | - | 1 |
| PHC | - | 10 |
| C.H.C . | - | 3 |
| Sub Centre | - | 68 |
| Ayurvedic Dispensary | - | 9 |
- (6 Working)
20. **Rivers** : 1.PURNA 2.GIRA 3.KHAPARI
4.AMBICA
21. **Irrigation** : Check Dam - 1286
Khet Talav – 869
- Water Supply** : 145 Villages are covered under 17

different Regional W/s Scheme and 166
villages are covered in individual W/s
Schemes Total 311 villages are having Ws/
through Pipe lines, Wells and Hand Pumps as
Water sources.
22. **Main crops** : Nagli, VARRAI, Wheat, Jowar, paddy,
Udad, Tuver
- 23. Education:**
- **Primary Schools** : 432
 - **MDM Centres** : 378
 - **Primary Teachers** : 2095
 - **Govt. Ashram Schools** : 4 (Grant in aid)
 - **Govt Hostels (DP)** : 14
 - **ST Hostels** : 43 (SW Deptt. Takaedari)

- **Secondary and Higher Secondary Schools** : **65**
- **College** : Arts & Commerce college 1 + 1 Science
College At Ahwa = 2
- **Agriculture College** : 1 Waghai
- **Diploma Eng. College** : 1-Waghai
- **PTC College** : 1 DIET Waghai
- **English Medium School** : 7

24. Information technology :

District Administration is using IT service of NIC and successfully implemented projects like Land record Web Bullekh Software. Computerization, iORA, FMPS, Online NA, NDAL, Ration Card and all the departments are using intranet services of NIC, Gujarat State Center.

25. Internet connectivity :

All the Government offices and Gram Panchayats are having Internet Connectivity with GSWAN / AirTel VSAT. A separate VSAT Internet connectivity is also available at NIC District Center.

26. Rate of Literacy : **75.16% (Male- 83.06% and Female-67.38%)**

27. District Court : JMFC Ahwa, Subir, Waghai and One Fast
Track is available at Ahwa. Also functional
Senesce court at Ahwa

28. Co-op. Societies : Milk Co-op. Societies - 253

29. Fair Price Shops : 113

30. Banks : 17

31. Police Station : 4 (Ahwa, Waghai, Saputara, Subir)

32. Police Out Post : 2 (Chinchli, Kalibel)

33. **Sub Post Office** : 5 Branch Post Offices 59
34. **No. of Villages Electrified** : 311
35. **Radio Station/TV Relay Stn.** : 1/1 at Ahwa HQ.
36. **Roads** : Metals 565.00 Km
Pucca 521.00 Km
Danghs 27.00 Km.
37. **Festivals** : Holi, (Dang Darbar) Diwali,
Akhatra, Tera, Pola, Pitra
38. **Places of Tourist interest** :

Saputara Ropeway, Sunset point, Sunrise point. Jain Temple , Subir Temple of Shabri Mata (Shabari Dham) ,Forest of Mahal & Bardipada - Pandvacaves, Rupgad forest Gira Water falls (Singana/Ambapada) Chankhal – Barda fall, Pampa Sarovar , Linga , Vasurna , Jarsol Botanical Garden – Waghai.

≈: Geographical Details ≈

The Dang district is situated between the parallels of latitude 20° 33' and 21° 5' and the meridians of longitude 73° 27' and 73° 57' . The length from north to south of this territory is about 59 kms. (36. 7 miles) and from east to west about 50 kms. (30 miles) It is bounded in the North by Surat and Dhule district of Maharashtra State, in the east by Nasik district of Maharashtra State and West by Valsad District. The area covered by the district is 1,764 Sq Km . The district ranks 25th in terms of area in the State.

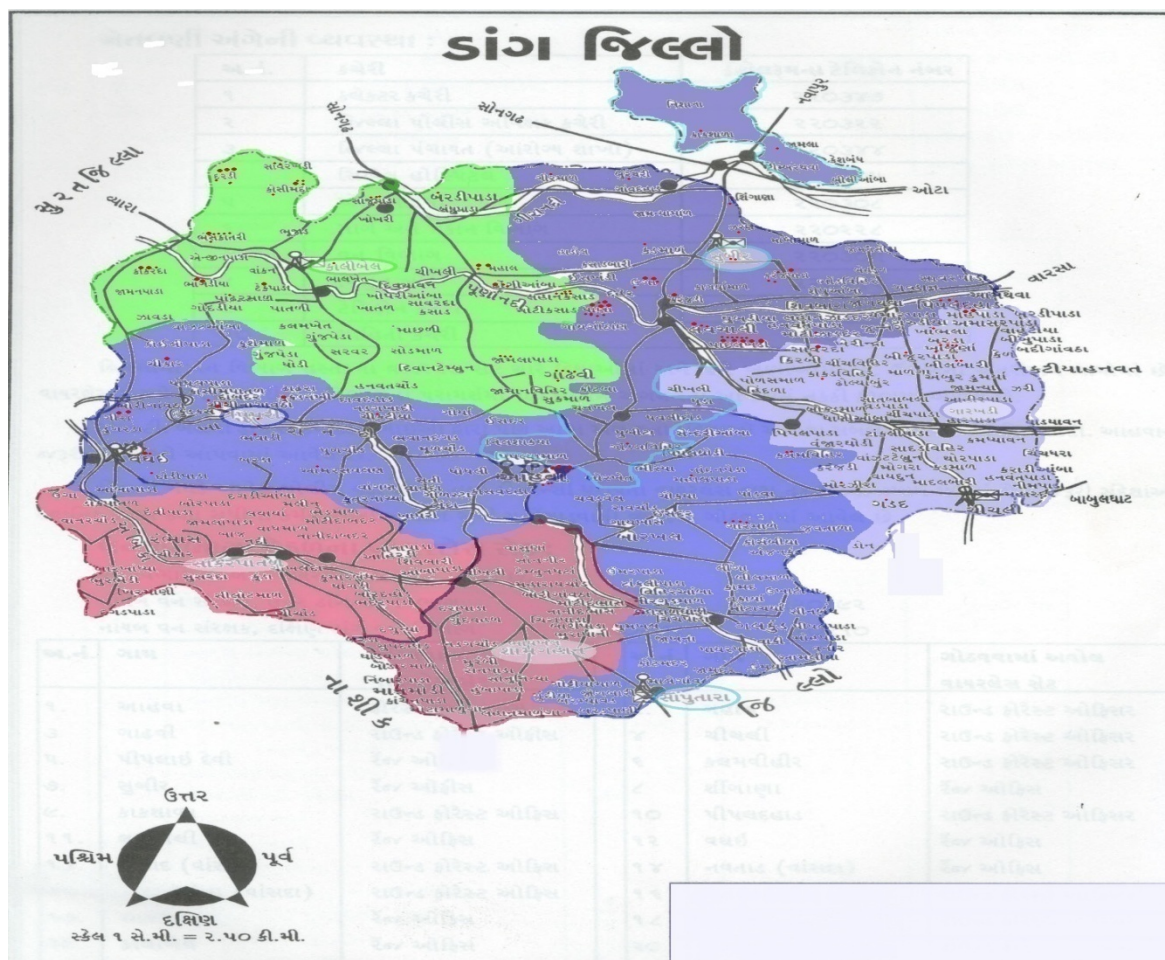
The District is a part of the Eastern Hilly Region and is subdivided into two sub micro regions, namely, Lower Dang and Upper Dang on the basis of physiographic climate, geology, soils and natural vegetation.

Physiography of Lower Dang region is characterized by low hills with an altitude ranging from 560 to 590 meters above MSL. The entire water of this region is drained by Gira, Purna, Khapari and Ambika rivers with their tributaries. The region has a thick vegetation cover. The geological structure of this region is composed of Deccan Trap.

Physiography of Upper Dangs region is a hilly tract having thick forest cover. The elevation of this region varies between 675 and 1290 meters above MSL. The main rivers of this region are Gira Purna, Khapri and Ambika. The geology of this region is formed of Deccan Trap. Soils found in this region are black rock outcrops shallow black, brown and alluvial soils of recent origin.

The Dangs district is essentially a mountainous tract covered with dense forest which starts from the rugged chains of the Sahyadris in the east and extends to the edge of plains of Gujarat State. It starts in the east with chain of rugged mountains running up to about 1,100 meters (3500 ft.) Most of the area in the Dangs lies in elevation between 300 and 700 meters above mean sea level.

The district of the Dangs has good drainage network. The important rivers Ambika and Purna originate from the Dangs District and flow through Valsad district to meet the Arabian Sea in the West. Other river, the Khapri rises in Bhengu valley and meets Ambika river near Borkhal village in the Dangs. The river Gira flourishes from direction of Malangdev Ota situated in Maharashtra and passes from the Dangs District and meets river Mindhola in the Songadh Taluka of Surat district. The drainage pattern follows the slop gradient of the topography. Hence radial pattern of drainage is not seen in the district.



ADMINISTRATIVE SET-UP OF DANG DISTRICT

At the district level the District Collector is responsible for Law & Order, revenue, Civil supplying etc. with the District Panchayat mainly carries out all the development activities.

All Major Programs where a part of it District Panchayat has an elected body with President, Vice President and Chairman of various committees. The administrative lead is the District Development Officer, who is also the secretary of the District Panchayat and at the Taluka level, Taluka Panchayat and at the village level village Panchayat is functioning. In this District there are three Taluka Panchayats like Ahwa, Waghai& Subir and having 100 Gram Panchayats of Dist.

District Rain Figure Since 1991 To 2025

Year	Measured Rain in (mm)
1991	2145
1992	1935
1993	3211
1994	4613
1995	1926
1996	2877
1997	2903
1998	3770
1999	3070
2000	1431
2001	2200
2002	2438
2003	2101
2004	2642
2005	3825
2006	2634
2007	1860
2008	2611
2009	1490
2010	1819
2011	1662
2012	1636
2013	2777
2014	1706
2015	1368
2016	2201
2017	1913
2018	2244
2019	3156
2020	1664
2021	1712
2022	2726
2023	1933
2024	2865
2025	2633

Talukawise Rainfall Data(in mm) of Dang District
(Last 10 Years)

Year Taluka	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Last 10 year Avrage
Ahwa	2248	1591	1702	2582	1644	2061	2775	2007	2993	2873	2248
Waghai	2392	2488	3452	4255	1841	1838	2791	2040	3007	2521	2662
Subir	1962	1660	1577	2709	1508	1267	2611	1752	2595	2506	2015
Total	6602	5739	6731	9546	4993	1722	8177	5799	8595	7900	6580
District Average	2201	1931	2244	3182	1664	1722	2726	1933	2865	2633	2308

List of Vulnerable villages(Riverside villages)

Gira river, Purna river, Khapari river and Ambika river originate from Dang district and pass through nearby Tapi, Navsari districts. The flow of these rivers goes from east to west direction. which meets the Arabian Sea on the coast of Tapi, Navsari district. Villages on the banks of these rivers.

1	Gira River	Burthadi, Jamnyamal, Gaondahad, Girmal, Dhulda, Bandpada, Sajupada, Sawarkhadi, Dardi (towards Songarh).
2	Purna River	Chinchli, Gadvihir, Vaydun, Karanjda, Vanjittambrun, Saddvihir, Tanklipada, Bokadmal, Dhuda, Hindla, Chikhli, Padalkhadi, Lavachali, Barda, Bijurpada, Chinchvihir, Motizhadar, Gavan, Pipaldahad, Jogthwa, Pandarmal, Jarsol, Karanjada, D Hair Ghana , Big Kasad, Lahankasad, Mahal, Savardaksad, Chikhla, Diwadayavan, Khatal, Khopariamba, Thinli, Tekpada, Pandharpada, Kolbari, Wankan, Bhongdaya, Enginpada, Kakarda (towards Vyara).
3	Khapri River	Umarya, Payarpada, Wanki, Chichpada, Dhumkhal, Lahandabhas, Motidbhas, Umarpada, Tambrungharta, Chokaya, Isdar, Ravchond, Gaikhas, Sunda, Khapari, Kutarnachya, Sati, Eggplant, Bhawandgad, Dhulchond, Bhawadi, Kudkas, Gira, Dabdar, Kosimpatal, Borigawantha, (Towards Vyara)
4	Ambika River	Jogbari, Gotyamal, Shamgahan, Bhapkhal, Bhurapani, Baripada, Chirapada, Boriganvtha, Chikhli, Ambapada, Bardapani, Barmyavad, Humbapada, Bondarmal, Bordhad, Kumarband, Chikhalda, Barda, Dagunya, Bhadarpada, Dhangdi, Saddmal, Sakarpatal, Kunda, Susar Yes, Chikar, Barkhandhya, Dokpatal, Chichpada, Ambapada, Vaghai (towards Vansda).

The details of river affected villages

Gira River : Bandpada, Dhulda.

Purna River : Mahal, Motikasad, Savardaksad, Khopariamba, Kolbari, Bhongdaya.

KhapariRiver : Sati, Wangan, Vanvda, Kutarnachya, Amsarvalan, Davdahad
Ambika River: Devipada, Dokpatal, Dungarda, Rambhas (Jamalapada)

In order to make security arrangements in advance for the villages, where there are bridges over the river, measuring tapes should be placed to indicate the water level and if it is found to be dangerous, Executive Engineer, Roads and Buildings Department, Panchayat Roads and Buildings Department and Deputy Executive Engineer, Sarita Measure Sub-Division, Navsari will be entrusted with the responsibility of holding the Champati General to monitor the entire purrahat work.

Other Departmental plan

1. Agriculture

During floods and heavy rains, agricultural crops in rural areas are greatly affected. Therefore, in order to survey them and pay the aid, the District Agricultural Officer should form necessary teams to carry out the work of survey and payment of aid. Also, to convince the farmers to spray the necessary pesticides to prevent the standing crops from getting damaged due to heavy rains or disease and also to organize necessary planning to ensure that sufficient quantity of seeds is available for replanting the farmers in case of seed destruction. At the same time, the director of horticulture should also help in this operation. (Executive: District Agricultural Officer/ Assistant Director of Horticulture)

Prevention Activities:

- Awareness generation regarding various plant diseases, alternate cropping practices in disaster-prone areas, Crop Insurance, provision of credit facilities, proper storage of seeds, etc.
- Hazard area mapping (identification of areas endemic to pest infections, drought, flood, and other hazards)
- Develop database village-wise, crop-wise, irrigation source wise, insurance details, credit etc.
- Regular monitoring at block level; the distribution and variation in rainfall
- Prepare the farmers and department officers to adopt contingency measures and take up appropriate course of action corresponding to the different emerging conditions.
- Detail response manuals to be drawn up for advising the farmers for different types of disasters, e.g., rain failure in July or September & development of a dynamic response plan taking into account weekly rainfall patterns.
- Develop IEC materials to advise the farming communities on cropping practices and precautionary measures to be undertaken during various disasters
- Improving irrigation facilities, watershed management, soil conservation and other soil, water and fertility management
- Measures keeping in mind the local agro climatic conditions and the proneness of

the area to specific hazards.

- Promotion of alternative crop species and cropping patterns keeping in mind the vulnerability of areas to specific hazards
- Surveillance for pests and crop diseases and encourage early reporting.
- Encourage promotion of agro service outlets/enterprise for common facilities, seed and agro input store and crop insurance.

Preparedness Activities before disaster seasons

- Review and update precautionary measures and procedures, especially ascertain that adequate stock of seeds and other agro inputs are available in areas prone to natural calamities.
- Review the proper functioning of rain gauge stations, have stock for immediate replacement
- Of broken / non-functioning gadgets/equipments, record on a daily basis rainfall data, evaluate the variation from the average rainfall and match it with the rainfall needs of existing crops to ensure early prediction of droughts.

Response Activities:

- Management of control activities following crop damage, pest infestation and crop disease to minimize losses
- Collection, laboratory testing and analysis of viruses to ensure their control and eradication
- Pre-positioning of seeds and other agro inputs in strategic points so that stocks are readily available to replace damage caused by natural calamities.
- Rapid assessment of damage to soil, crop, plantation, irrigation systems, drainage, embankment, other water bodies and storage facilities and the requirements to salvage, replant, or to compensate and report the same for ensuring early supply of seeds and other agro inputs necessary for re-initiating agricultural activities where crops have been damaged.
- Establishment of public information centers with appropriate and modern means of communication, to assist farmers in providing information regarding insurance, compensation, repair of agro equipments and restarting of agricultural activities at the earliest.

Recovery Activities

1. Arrange for early payment of compensation and crop insurance dues.
2. Facilitate provision of seeds and other agro inputs.
3. Promotion of drought and flood tolerant seed varieties
4. Review with the community, the identified vulnerabilities and risks for crops, specific species, areas, which are vulnerable to repetitive floods, droughts, other natural hazards, water logging, increase in salinity, pest attacks etc. and draw up alternative cropping plans to minimize impacts to various risks.
5. Facilitate sanctioning of soft loans for farm implements.
6. Establishment of a larger network of soil and water testing laboratories
7. Establishment of pests and disease monitoring system
8. Training in alternative cropping techniques, mixed cropping and other agricultural practices which will minimize crop losses during future disasters

2. Department of Animal Husbandry

Assistant Director of Animal Husbandry formed the necessary squads for the immediate disposal of animals that die in rural areas during flood storms and heavy rains, first of all training them to dispose of animals so that at such times the animals can be disposed of quickly and there is no delay in the operation and Also send a report about disposal of such animals and damage survey. Training people at village level for animal disposal.

3. Department of Education

During floods and heavy rains in the area, village schools are usually used as shelters for people. The District Primary Education Officer shall give the necessary instructions to the principal of that school for such schools to be used. Also on the occasion of flood storms and heavy rains when the second phase bulletin is issued, school children are given leave from school so that they can reach home on time. Giving necessary instructions so that head teachers also help in relief camp rescue operations and other ancillary services at the village level.

(Executive: District Education Officer, District Primary Education Officer)

4. Water Supplies and Sanitation (GWSSB)

■ Prevention Activities:

- Provision of safe water to all habitats
- Clearance of drains and sewerage systems, particularly in the urban areas
- Assess preparedness level
- Annual assessment of danger levels & wide publicity of those levels
- Identify flood prone rivers and areas and activate flood monitoring mechanisms
- Provide water level gauge at critical points along the rivers, dams and tanks
- Identify and maintain of materials/tool kits required for emergency response
- Stock-pile of sand bags and other necessary items for breach closure at the Panchayat level

■ Preparedness Activities for disaster seasons

- Prior arrangement of water tankers and other means of distribution and storage of water.
- Prior arrangement of stand-by generators
- Adequate prior arrangements to provide water and halogen tablets at identified sites toused as relief camps or in areas with high probability to be affected by natural calamities.
- Rising of tube-well platforms, improvement in sanitation structures and otherinfrastructural measures to ensure least damages during future disasters
 - Riser pipes to be given to villagers

■ Response Activities:

- Disinfections and continuous monitoring of water bodies.
- Ensuring provision of water to hospitals and other vital installations.
- Provision to acquire tankers and establish other temporary means of distributing water onan emergency basis.
- Arrangement and distribution of emergency tool kits for equipments required fordismantling and assembling tube wells, etc.
- Carrying out emergency repairs of damaged water supply systems.
- Disinfection of hand pumps to be done by the communities through prior

awareness activities & supply of inputs.

- Monitoring flood situation.
- Dissemination of flood warning.
- Ensure accurate dissemination of warning messages to GPs & Taluka with details of flow.
- Monitoring and protection of irrigation infrastructures.
- Inspection of bunds of dams, irrigation channels, bridges, culverts, control gates and overflow channels.
- Inspection and repair of pumps, generator, motor equipments, station buildings.
- Community mobilization in breach closure

■ **Recovery Activities:**

- Strengthening of infrastructure.
- Sharing of experiences and lessons learnt.
- Training to staff, Review and documentation.
- Development of checklists and contingency plans.
- Strengthening of infrastructure and human resources.
- Review and documentation.
- Sharing of experiences and lessons learnt.
- Training of staff.
- Development of checklists and contingency plans.

5. Police:-

In order to maintain law and order in the affected areas due to heavy rains or floods, this operation will be carried out by the district police system through the police staff of the police outposts at Subir, Kalibel, Chinchli in addition to Ahva Waghai and Saputara police stations. If required, the services of Home Guard and Gram Rakshak Dal personnel will also be taken. If the question of migration arises in the district, the Police Department has Police Community Hall, Police Training Bhavan.

According to the instructions of the Collector, wireless sets should be installed in the vehicles of the officers and their offices to continue and exchange messages continuously. Arrangements should be made to give to

operators and in-charges of police stations.

If any village in the district cannot be contacted by telephone, wireless or other means, such warning should be arranged by a police constable or a special messenger to help convey the warning message to that village.

In such an emergency situation, power supply is mostly cut off and people leave their properties and homes and move to safer places. So make adequate provision in such places so that anti-social elements do not take any advantage.

To help the people to migrate in coordination with the Mamlatdar. To provide necessary help to rescue people who have been trapped or stranded due to any calamities such as flood, water etc. To make necessary police arrangements to maintain law and order situation in such emergency situation.

To provide necessary support and co-operation from concerned departments for expeditious disposal of human corpses in cases of human death and in case of death of animals during flood storms and heavy rains. (Executive: District Police Officer, District Home Guard Commandant)

Prevention Activities:

- Keep the force in general and the RAF in particular fighting fit for search, rescue, evacuation and other emergency operations at all times through regular drills.
- Procurement and deployment of modern emergency equipments while modernizing existing infrastructure and equipments for disaster response along with regular training and drills for effective handling of these equipments.
- Focus on better training and equipments for RAF for all types of disasters.
- Rotation of members of GSDRAF so that the force remains fighting fit.
- Ensure that all communication equipments including wireless are regularly functioning and deployment of extra wireless units in vulnerable pockets.
- Ensure inter changeability of VHF communication sets of police and GSDMA supplied units, if required.
- Keeping close contact with the District Administration & Emergency Officer.
- Superintendent of Police be made Vice Chairperson of District Natural Calamity Committee.
- Involvement of the local army units in response planning activities and during

the preparation of the contingency plans, ensure logistics & other support to armed forces during emergencies.

Response Plan:

- Security arrangements for relief materials in transit and in camps etc.
- Senior police officers to be deployed in control rooms at State & district levels during L 1
- level deployment onwards.
- Deploy personnel to guard vulnerable embankments and at other risk points.
- Arrangement for the safety.
- Coordinate search, rescue and evacuation operations in coordination with the administration
- Emergency traffic management
- Maintenance of law and order in the affected areas
- Assist administration in taking necessary action against hoarders, black marketers etc.

6. Civil Defense

Prevention Activities

- Organize training programmes on first-aid, search, rescue and evacuation.
- Preparation and implementation of first aid, search and rescue service plans for major public events in the State.
- Remain fit and prepared through regular drills and exercises at all times.

Response Activities

- Act as Support agency for provision of first aid, search and rescue services to other emergency service agencies and the public.
- Act as support agency for movement of relief.
- Triage of casualties and provision of first aid and treatment.
- Work in co-ordination with medical assistance team.
- Help the Police for traffic management and law and order.

7. Fire Services:

Dang district does not have any municipality at the district headquarters or elsewhere. Even though it is a district headquarters, the village panchayat is the body of local self-government. There is a Mini Fire Tanker by Disaster Management in the district and a Mini Fire Tanker at Saputara Notified Area. For major emergencies, efforts will be made to get municipal firemen from nearby district locations whose contact numbers are in Annexure.

Prevention Activities:

- Develop relevant legislations and regulations to enhance adoption of fire safety measures.
- Modernization of fire-fighting equipments and strengthening infrastructure.
- Identification of pockets, industry , etc. which highly susceptible to fire accidents or areas, events which might lead to fires, building collapse, etc. and educate people to adopt safety measures. Conduct training and drills to ensure higher level of prevention and preparedness.
- Building awareness in use of various fire protection and preventive systems.
- Training the communities to handle fire emergencies more effectively.
- VHF network for fire services linked with revenue & police networks.
- Training of masons & engineers in fireproof techniques.
- Making clearance of building plans by fire services mandatory.

Response Activities:

- Rescue of persons trapped in burning, collapsed or damaged buildings, damaged vehicles,
- including motor vehicles, trains and aircrafts, industries, boilers, trenches & tunnels.
- Control of fires and minimizing damages due to explosions.
- Control of dangerous or hazardous situations such as oil, gas and hazardous material spill.
- Protection of property and the environment from fire damage.
- Support to other agencies in the response to emergencies.
- Investigation into the causes of fire and assist in damage assessment.

8. Energy: DGVCL

DashinGujarat Vidyut Board has suffered maximum losses from past experiences during floods and heavy rains. And it usually takes a long time to turn on the electricity flow. Due to this, many questions arise so that keeping in mind the experiences of the past so that such a situation does not arise, advance planning should be done by Executive Engineer of Gujarat Vidyut Board, Navsari. For this, get the required amount of wireless, transformer, poles and other necessary equipment materials in advance.

In case of floods and heavy rains, if necessary, the electricity should be switched off immediately to prevent loss of life. To be in constant contact with the Collector in this regard.

Prevention Activities:

- Identification of materials/tool kits required for emergency response.
- Ensure and educate the minimum safety standards to be adopted for electrical installationand equipments and organise training of electricians accordingly.
- Develop and administer regulations to ensure safety of electrical accessories andelectrical installations.
- Train and have a contingency plan to ensure early electricity supply to essential servicesduring emergencies and restoration of electric supply at an early date.
- Develop and administer code of practice for power line clearance to avoid electrocutiondue to broken / fallen wires.
- Strengthen high-tension cable towers to withstand high wind speed, flooding andearthquake, modernize electric installation, strengthen electric distribution system toensure minimum damages during natural calamities.
- Conduct public/industry awareness campaigns to prevent electric accidents during normaltimes and during and after a natural disaster.

Response Activities:

- Disconnect electricity after receipt of warning.
- Attend sites of electrical accidents and assist in undertaking damage assessment.
- Stand-by arrangements to ensure temporary electricity supply.
- Prior planning & necessary arrangements for tapping private power plants like

those belonging to ICCL, NALCO, RSP during emergencies to ensure uninterrupted power supply to the Secretariat, SRC, GSDMA, Police Headquarters, All India Radio, Doordarshan, hospitals, medical colleges, Collector Control Rooms and other vital emergency response agencies.

- Inspection and repair of high tension lines /substations/transformers/poles etc.
- Ensure the public and other agencies are safeguarded from any hazards, which may have occurred because of damage to electricity distribution systems.
- Restore electricity to the affected area as quickly as possible.
- Replace / restore of damaged poles/ salvaging of conductors and insulators.

9. Forest Department

As per the instructions of the Collector, wireless access is available in the vehicles of the officers as well as in his office. Exchanging messages there. To report the warning to the villages in the district where contact can be made by telephone wireless or other means. To support and cooperate in rescue and relief operations. (Executive: Deputy Conservator of Forests, Range Forest Officers.) All the following officers/employees of the forest department here will work in coordination with the district level disaster team to control the impact of rain and storm.

Wireless sets owned by the forest department in the district are in all directions and in all four corners as well as in remote villages. It has been decided to use this wireless set to alert people in consultation with the forest department.

Apart from this, necessary instructions have also been given to Sub Depot Manager ST, Ahwa by the driver conductor brothers of ST Bus to deliver such important messages.

A system has been set up to convey the messages necessary to take all vigilance measures to the employees at the local village level through frequency wireless at the police headquarters at the district headquarters.

A list of villages with wireless set availability is attached herewith.
(Executive: Forest Department, Police Department)

Prevention activities

- Promotion of shelter belt plantation
- Publishing for public knowledge details of forest cover, use of land under the forest department, the rate of depletion and its causes

- Keep saws (both power and manual) in working conditions
- Provision of seedling to the community and encouraging plantation activities, promoting nurseries for providing seedlings in case of destruction of trees during natural disasters

10. Transport Department:

Prevention Activities

- Listing of vehicles which can be used for emergency operation.
- Safety accreditation, enforcement and compliance
- Ensuring vehicles follow accepted safety standards.
- Build awareness on road safety and traffic rules through awareness campaign, use of different IEC strategies and training to school children.
- Ensure proper enforcement of safety regulations
- Requisition vehicles, trucks, and other means of transport to help in the emergency operations.
- Participate in post impact assessment of emergency situation
- Support in search, rescue and first aid.
- Cooperate and appropriation of relief materials.

Recovery Activities

- Provision of personal support services e.g. Counseling.
- Repair/restoration of infrastructure e.g. roads, bridges, public amenities.
- Supporting the GPs in development of storage and in playing a key role and in the coordination of management and distribution of relief and rehabilitation materials.
- The G.P. members to be trained to act as an effective interface between the community,
- NGOs, and other developmental organizations.
- Provide training so that the elected representatives can act as effective supportive agencies for reconstruction and recovery activities.

11. Department Of Railway:-

The district has railway stations at Dungarda and Waghai after receiving the warning of storm to suspend railway operations as deemed necessary considering the situation at that time and to arrange for shifting of travel to a safe place and making arrangements to move the passengers in the railway station to a safe place. And continue rail operations only if the situation is normal.

(Executive: Railway Station Master, District Police Officer/ Police Sub Inspector, Waghai, Station Incharge, Waghai, RTO, Office, Waghai)

12. Food and Civil Supplies Department(DSO):

District Supply Officer and District Supply Mamlatdar should take necessary action to ensure that their essential items are available on time and at reasonable prices during flood storms and heavy rains.

Reasonable price To provide two months quantity in advance to the shopkeepers and to ensure that its distribution is done according to the rules during such emergencies Obtain quantity in advance Consultation with supply department.

Convening meetings of various trade associations and giving instructions to ensure that sufficient quantities of essential commodities are available and distributed in times of emergency.

At the time of such emergencies, necessary arrangements should be made to ensure that kerosene, petrol, diesel lanterns, gas cylinders, lamps, candles, matches, wheat flour, vegetables, cooking utensils, etc. are available at reasonable prices to the people.

To keep adequate quantity of food grains available in godowns of Food and Civil Supplies Corporation.

Setting up necessary inspection system to prevent black market of essential commodities. To assign the responsibility in this regard to the District Supply Mamlatdar.

(Executive: District Supply Officer, District Supply Manager)

Availability of food supply

Civil Supplies Corporation owned godowns are located at Ahwa and Waghai in Dang district. To keep sufficient quantity of petrol, diesel, kerosene, cooking gas cylinders available on this godown. Also, through 56 reasonable price shops in the district, enough quantity of wheat, rice, jowar, sugar, oil will be kept and paid according to the card, besides there are small and big grain grocery shops in every village. There are also wholesale and retail grain grocery licensee shops. Thus, vigilance will be kept by the vigilance supply system through the District Supply Officer to ensure that the essential commodities are easily available and there is no profiteering.

Adequate quantity of food packets milk powder and buttermilk center will also be organized if required with the support of FCI godowns Civil Supply Corporation and Hotel Association.

(Executive: District Supply Officer)

13. Panchayati Raj Institutions

Preventive Activities

- Develop prevention/mitigation strategies for risk reduction at community level.
- Training of elected representatives on various aspects of disaster management
- Public awareness on various aspects of disaster management
- Organize mock drills
- Promote and support community-based disaster management plans.
- Support strengthening response mechanisms at the G.P. level (e.g., better communication, local storage, search & rescue equipments, etc.).
- Clean drainage channels, trimming of branches before cyclone season.
- Ensure alternative routes/means of communication for movement of relief materials and personnel to marooned areas or areas likely to be marooned.
- Assist all the government departments to plan and priorities prevention and preparedness activities while ensuring active community participation.

Response Activities

- Train up the G.P. Members and Support for timely and appropriate delivery of warning to the community.

- Clearance of blocked drains and roads, including tree removal in the villages.
- Construct alternative temporary roads to restore communication to the villages.
- PRIs to be a part of the damage survey and relief distribution teams to ensure popular participation.
- Operation emergency relief centers and emergency shelter.
- Sanitation, drinking water and medical aid arrangements.
- IEC activities for greater awareness regarding the role of trees and forests for protection during emergencies and also to minimize environmental impact which results owing to deforestation like climate change, soil erosion, etc.
- Increasing involvement of the community, NGOs and CBOs in plantation, protection and
- other forest protection, rejuvenation and restoration activities.
- Plan for reducing the incidence, and minimize the impact of forest fire.

Response Activities:

- Assist in road clearance.
- Provision of tree cutting equipments
- Units for tree cutting and disposal to be put under the control of GSDMA, SRC, Collector during Level 1.
- Provision of building materials such as bamboos etc for construction of shelters

Recovery Activities:

Take up plantation to make good the damage caused to tree cover.

14. Information & Public Relations Department

Prevention Activities

- Creation of public awareness regarding various types of disasters through media campaigns.
- Dissemination of information to public and others concerned regarding do's and don'ts of various disasters
- Regular Liaisoning with the media

Response Activities

- Setting up of a control room to provide authentic information to public regarding impending emergencies

- Daily press briefings at fixed times at district level to provide official version
- Media report & feedback to field officials on a daily basis from Level 1 onwards
- Keep the public informed about the latest emergency situation (area affected, lives lost, etc).
- Keep the public informed about various post-disaster assistances and recovery programmes.

15. Revenue Department

- Co-ordination with Govt. of Gujarat Secretariat and Officers of Govt. of India
- Overall control & supervision
- Damage assessment, finalization of reports and declaration of Level 1/Level 2 disasters
- Mobilization of finance

16. Home Department

- Requisition, deployment and providing necessary logistic support to the armed forces
- Provide maps for air dropping, etc.

17. Media & information Management:

Note: As per the above format the Media taskforce of the district will prepare its taskforce action plan.

□ Activation of the Plan

The District Disaster Response structure is activated on warning or occurrence of a disaster. Task Forces are activated on a specific request of the District Collector or according to pre-determined SOPs, as appropriate for the nature of the hazard or disaster. Activation can be:

- In anticipation of a District level disaster, or
- Occur in response to a specific event or problem in the district.

On activation, coordination of warning and response efforts will operate from the District Control Room and Information Centre (DCIC). The DCIC operations plan and SOPs are provided in Annexure.

To activate a task force, the Collector or designated Incident Commander will issue an activation order. This order will indicate:

- The nature of needs to be addressed
- The type of assistance to be provided
- The time limit within which assistance is needed
- The District or other contacts for the provision of the assistance
- Other Task Forces with which coordination should take place, and
- Financial resources available for task force operations.

Special powers are conferred on Incident Controller during disasters. The Principle organization leading each task force is responsible for alerting the appropriate authority when use of these special powers is required to accomplish warning, relief or recovery objectives given to a task force.

18. Communication Department (BSNL-Communications

Corporation of India)

Floods, storms and heavy rains have a major impact on communications. And in an emergency situation, the officials cannot be contacted due to disruption of communication due to which the situation cannot be informed. And as a result of which the district system faces a big problem in providing life essential items to save people in time to a safe place. And the system of the district is put in a helpless state. And consequently the General Manager Telecom S.D.O.T should take the following action immediately to avoid the difficulties in conveying the actual situation report of the district to the State Government.

At the district level, the telephones of Collectors, District Development Officers, District Police Officers, District Health Officers, Civil Hospitals, Civil Surgeons and enforcement officers of government departments should be switched on immediately. Plan ahead to procure any equipment that may be technically required in this regard.

At the taluka, district level, Mamlatdar, Taluka Development Officer, police station and hospital telephones should be turned on immediately. Continuous checking and monitoring to keep the telephones of the control room always in working condition. General Manager Mr. Telecom / S.D.O.T. Shree should form a special team to start the telephone service in such urgent situation.

If any problem arises in the telephone service in such an urgent situation, a team should be placed under the charge of the District Collector to remove it. Making necessary arrangements for normal operation of telephone service.

A microwave station center is located at the district and Ahwa headquarters. So that the contact at the control room of the state level is broken. The contact at the

other district control room is broken. Relay stations etc. are planned to keep all telephones ringing.

Advance planning has been done by setting up the control room in such a way that AhwaMukame continues on telephone number: 221010.

(Executive: General Manager, Bharat Sanchar Nigam, Ltd., Navsari / S.D.O.T., Ahwa.)

19. Network with All India Radio:

End of Emergency

The end of emergency shall be declared through an ALL CLEAR siren/message. The Incident Controller in consultation with the ICS GROUP leaders shall declare the same once the situation is totally controlled and normalcy is restored.

Humanitarian Relief and Assistance

Response defines provision for assistance/ intervention during and after emergency. Response plan includes clear Incident Command System (ICS) operated through emergency operation centers (EOCs) with effective 3 C (Command, Control and Communication) mechanism. ICS covers early warning, search and rescue, humanitarian assistance, medical response, relief, temporary shelter, water and sanitation, law and order, animal care, public grievance, recovery and rehabilitation. Specific Task Forces should be formed for Food distribution, drinking water management, medicine and health related facility, clothes distribution and other essential needs. Helpline Establish Information/ reception centers and setting up telephone helpline numbers for public utility. True information must be released by media to the concerned person and in case of rescue activity public can call on help line number. In that point of view help line must be activated at DEOC

○ Arrangement of VIP Visit: -

It is important that immediately inform to VIPs and VVIPs on impending disasters and current situation during and after disasters. Appeals by VIPs can help in controlling rumors and chaos during the disaster. Visits by VIPs can lift the morale of those affected by the disaster as well as those who are involved in the response. Care should be taken that VIP visits do not interrupt rescue and life saving work. Security of VIPs will be additional responsibility of local police and Special Forces. It would be desirable to restrict media coverage of such visits, in which case the police will liaise with the government press officer to keep their number to a minimum.

-.: Weather Station Operations:-

The regional staff of Weather Station located in the Collector's Office Compound at Ahwa at the district headquarters will give daily reports to the District Control Room about the weather pressure, wind direction, intensity of the wind, temperature, heat, rain from time to time. Apart from this, rain measurement centers have been set up in saputara, subir, lavachali, Garkhadi, Piplaidevi, Galkund, Sakarpatal and Chichinagaontha villages of the district. Which is in the current state. This rain gauge centre is taken up by the 24-hour data audit department. Arrangements will be made to provide the rainfall data at 8-30 am the next day, the Sarita Measurement Department said. While the agriculture union in Waghai village. A rain gauge centre has been set up.

Sr. No	Place	The place where the rain gauge was set up
1	Ahwa	Weather Station, District Emergency Operation Centre Disaster Branch, Phone: 220347
2.	Subir	In the compound of subir mamlatdar's office
3.	Saputara	in the compound of notified office
4	Waghai	in the compound of The Waghai Mamlatdar Office

List of Search and Rescue Equipment of Dang District

Sr. No	Equipment Details	Total number of Equipment	Taluka			Saputara	DEOC Ahwa
			Ahwa	Waghai	Subir		
1	Life Jacket	40	10	10	10	0	10
2	Life Ring	40	10	10	10	0	10
3	Siren/Hooters	08	2	2	2	2	0
4	Portable LED Flood Light	10	2	2	2	2	02
5	Chain-saw	07	1	1	1	2	03
6	Stretcher (Folding)	04	1	1	1	1	0
7	Safety Net	05	1	1	1	1	01
8	Rope (Door)	05	1	1	1	1	01
9	Rope Stair	03	1	1	1	0	0
10	Shovels	10	2	2	2	2	02
11	Axes	10	2	2	2	2	02
12	Crow-bar	10	2	2	2	2	02
13	Fire Blanket	10	2	2	2	2	2
14	Harness	03	1	1	1	0	0
15	Reflective Jacket	300	90	90	90	15	15
16	Hand Glow	300	90	90	90	15	15
17	Emergency Whistle	300	100	100	100	0	0
18	Flood Torch	60	15	15	15	10	5
19	Safety Helmet	120	35	35	35	10	5
20	Safety Goggles	200	60	60	60	10	10
21	Safety Shoes	80	20	20	20	10	10
22	Cutter	5	1	1	1	1	1
23	Hand Operated Megaphone	270	85	85	85	10	5

Sr. no	Equipment	Number of Equipment	Address
1	HDPE Boat	1(08 Sheeter Rescue boats)	Notified Area, Saputara.
2	G.C.B. Machine	2	Executive Engineer, R & B, State
3	Dumper	1	
4	Tractor	2	
5	Dewatering pump	1	Water Supply Board, Ahwa
6	Generator set	1	Collector Office, Ahwa-Dang
7	Life Saving jacket	500	Gujarat Tourism Corporation, Saputara
8	Life Saving Ring(Buoya)	50	Gujarat Tourism Corporation, Saputara
9	Bus	1(big) 1 (mini)	District Superintendent of Police, Ahwa-Dang
10	Life Saving jacket	20	5- Ahwa Mamlatdar Office 5- Subir Mamlatdar Office 5- Waghai Mamlatdar Office 5- DEOC,Collector Office, Dang
11	Life Saving Ring (Buoya)	30	5- Ahwa Mamlatdar Office 5- Subir Mamlatdar Office 5- Waghai Mamlatdar Office 15- DEOC,Collector Office, Dang
12	P.P. Ropes 26 m.m. 100 F.T.	1	DEOC,Collector Office, Dang
13	Mini fire tenker	2	1 - Notified Area, Saputara. 1 - DEOC,Collector Office, Dang
14	Portable Generator Set (Emergency Light)	2	DEOC,Collector Office, Dang
15	SatellitePhone	1	Collector Office,Ahwa-Dang
16	Tree Cutter	5	2- DEOC,Collector Office, Dang 1- Collector Office, Dang 1- Notified Area, Saputara. 1- PrantOffice,Ahwa
17	Hydraulic Cutter	3	2 - DEOC,Collector Office, Dang 1- Notified Area, Saputara.

Details of Tourism and Public Places of Dang District

Name of Taluka	Tourist/public places
Ahwa	Sunset Point, Kalam Dungar, Don, Pandav Cave, Anjan Kund
Waghai	Gira Falls, Botanical Garden, Kilad Camp Site, Koshmal Falls
Subir	Shabridham, Pampa Lake, Mahal Camp Site, Girmal Falls
Notified Area, Saputara.	Saputara Hills Station

→ **Inspection of tourist places and following precautionary measures have been taken by the district administration**

Sr. no	Name of Taluka	Tourist/Public places	Visit tourist places details
1	Waghai	Giradhodh site	Necessary home guard arrangements have been made at Giradhodh keeping in mind the security. Visitors are prohibited from getting too close while visiting Giradhodh. In addition, a total of 4 to 5 swimmers are kept on standby for emergencies.
2	Subir	Pampa Sarover (lake)	Bathing at Pampa lake is prohibited. GRD has been appointed by Police Department, Subir District Dang. Tourists and the staff there were advised to strictly follow the rules.
		Gira (Girmal), U turn point	GRD has been appointed at Gira (Girmal) Falls. A protective wall has been constructed at Gira (Girmal) Falls.
		Mahal Camp Site ,	Mahal Camp Site is currently closed pending maintenance work on monsoon damage.
3		Paragliding	Dang District Paragliding Adventure Association at Table Point and Sunrise Point, Beside Jain Temple at Saputara to Administrator, No.A.Saputara and Collector, Dang-Ahwana Order No. : No.FA/SAPU.V/VASHI-767-777/2018, dated 03/11/2018 is allowed to carry out paragliding activities. Paragliding is mainly practiced by trained gliders. A helmet is mandatory for every traveler in paragliding activity, and in tandem flights an additional safety cushion is placed under the traveler's

			harness.
	Saputara	Boating activity.	Boating activities are conducted in Sarpaganga Lake at Saputara. The lease for carrying out boating activities has been granted to Virson Management Services Pvt. Ltd. Baben Bardoli vide Office Order No. :No.FA.A./Sapu.V./Vashi-597/2021, dated 01/12/2021. A total of 50 paddle boats and a total of 10 rowing boats are used. The fitness certificate of the boats used in the boating activity is issued by the agency to the office here. As of 2023, every tourist is provided with a life jacket by the charterer while doing boating activities. A total of 450 life jackets are kept at the place of boating activity. Boating activities do not accommodate more tourists than the capacity of the boat. 03 (three) rescue boats are kept by the lessee at the place of boating activity.
		Zipline	Two (two-way) ziplines of 400 meters at Table Point at Saputara to Dang District Paragliding Adventure Association Hon'ble Collector, Dang-Ahwana Order No.: Sapu.V./Vashi-1409-1416/2022, dated 14/10/2022 Allowed to run from Helmets are mandatory by the agency for every tourist while doing zipline activity. Also the ropes and other equipment used in the zipline are maintained periodically.
		rope-way	Chimney Hotel & Rope-way Pvt Ltd at Saputara. A ropeway is operated between Table Point and Sunset Point by The inspection certificate of the ropeway operation has been submitted by the agency.
		Joy train	Jan Seva Charitable Trust, Malegaon at Saputara has been granted permission to run Joytrain vide its Office Order No. :No.FA.A./Sapu.V./Vashi-576-77/2022, dated 29/09/2022. As written in the reply of the lessee, the speed limit for running the Joytrain is kept at 20 (twenty), and the Joytrain is run on the designated route. Also, insurance has been taken out by the lessee keeping in mind the safety of the tourists.
			Administrator Shri NO.A.Saputara and Collector Shri.Dang-Ahwana Order No.: No.FA/Sapu.V/Vashi-200/2019, dt. .sanctioned from 29/04/2019. As written in Ejardarshri's reply, activities like zipline, archery, high

		Sahyadri Adventure Park.	rope sky cycle, high rope sky walk, bungee injection, kid's paddle boat, yoyo car etc. are done in Sadarhun Adventure Park. Helmets are compulsory for tourists coming to Sadarhun Adventure Park. Apart from this, all the equipments used in the adventure park are periodically maintained by the agency.
--	--	---------------------------------	--

the Deputy Conservator of Forests, North Dang Forest Division provides public security to avoid any mishaps or accidents at tourist/public places like Mahal Campsite, Pampa Sarovar, Don Hill Station, Girmal, U-Turn Point and other tourist places in their area. Safety alert notice boards, local guides as well as Bitguards/Round Foresters have been appointed in their respective jurisdictions at tourist spots within the jurisdiction of the Forest Department. Those who coordinate with the staff of the forest department and other departments are involved in rescue operations at the time of disaster or accident. Also, there is no question about the safety and security of the tourists, and adequate precautions are taken for the safety and security of the public. According to the Deputy Conservator of Forests, South Forest Division Ahwa, District Dang Dhware at Kilad Campsite, zip line, adventure activities and river view are closed for tourists. Activities for children to play at Devinamal Campsite, Tree House, Zipline which is currently closed. At Anjanakund there is a waterfall during monsoon. Presently closed, Giradhodh (Waghai) view point has been located whose location has been verified and precautionary measures have been taken. Which is requested to be passed.

Health Department Plan

Introduction

"Dang" district is established in 1961 and is also known as "The Dangs", is a district in the state of Gujarat, India. The Dang district is surrounded with hills, valleys and heavy forest due to abundant rain. The forest of The Dang district is also known as "Dandkaranya" in olden days and Garland is known as "Shaishadri".

Geographical Structure

The Dang district is situated in south side in Gujarat state. It comes under Agroclimatic zone. This district is encircling on north and west with different district like Surat, Navasari and on east and south side with Maharashtra state. The Dang district is in between 20.39 to 21.05 latitude and 72.29 to 73.51 longitude. The district has 3 talukas and 311 villages. It has a geographical area of 1764 sq.km.

District land is sloppy and hard and known as "Goradu". There are two types of soil can be seen in this district, red along with black. The Dang district takes Nagali, Varai, Corn, Groundnut, Kharsani and Paddy as main crop while wheat, Pigeon pea, Urad and Chick pea as additional crop.

There are two major rivers passing from The Dang district. (1) Purna And (2) Ambika. The Khapari, Gira and Dhodhal are other small rivers that merge in Arab sea.

General Information

The Dang district has one District panchayat, three Taluka panchayats and seventy Gampanchayats. Ahwa is the capital and main administrative headquarter of district Dang. There are three administrative talukas in The Dangs district are Ahwa, Waghai, Subir.

Saputara is a well known hill station of this district. This hill station is on a plateau in the dang forest area of the western ghats range at an altitude of about 1000 meters.

Mahal (Bardipada) is the famous wildlife sanctuary spread in around 60 km and there are two famous waterfalls placed in this district. First is in Waghai Taluka which is long waterfall and second is in Subir Taluka which is tall waterfall. An eye catching Botanical Garden has many different types of typical plants in waghai.

District Managment Committee

1	Collector, Ahwa-Dang	Chairman
2	Dist. Development Officer, Ahwa-Dang	Member
3	Deputy Superintendent of Police, Ahwa-Dang	Member
4	Adl.District Health Officer, Ahwa-Dang	Member
5	Civil Surgeon, General Hospital, Ahwa-Dang	Member
6	Executive Engineer, R & B(State) Ahwa-Dang	Member
7	Executive Engineer,R&B(Panchayat)Ahwa-Dang	Member
8	Executive Engineer, Irrigation Dept. Ahwa-Dang	Member
9	Executive Engineer,Water Supply Board Ahwa-Dang	Member
10	District Agriculture Officer, Ahwa-Dang	Member
11	District Animal-Husbandry, Ahwa-Dang	Member
12	Sahayak Mahity Niyamak, Ahwa-Dang	Member
13	District Education Officer, Ahwa-Dang	Member
14	Depot Manager, Ahwa-Dang	Member
15	Residential Development Collector , Ahwa-Dang	Member Secretary

District Rapid Response Team

District	Designation	Officer's Name	Mobile Numbers
DANG	A.D.H.O	Dr.Hemanshu Gamit	09427129204
	C.D.M.O	Dr.Mitesh Kunabi	09427148549
	E.M.O	Dr.Nilketu Patel	08141263466
	Microbiologist	Dr.Hetal Ahire	09687643343
	Pediatrician	Dr.Deelip Chaudhari	07435951304
	Assi.Pro.(GMERS)Valsad	Dr.Priti Solanki	09265016573

Taluka Wise Rapid Response Team

Ahwa Taluka

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Ahwa	THO	Dr.Anuradha Gamit	7567475779
	M.O	Dr.Vivek Patel	9409547037
	M.O	Dr.Piyush Bhoya	8320828561
	M.O(Ayush)	Dr.Prachi Bhoya	8469524563
	MPHS	Mr.Manjibhai Tumbada	9723717202
	FHS(I/C)	Mrs.Yogita Chaudhari	9727365701
	Pharmacist	Mr.Hitesh Birari	9429992989
	Pharmacist	Ms.Tejal Patel	9106051551
	Lab Tech	Mrs.Chhayaben Patel	7874011070

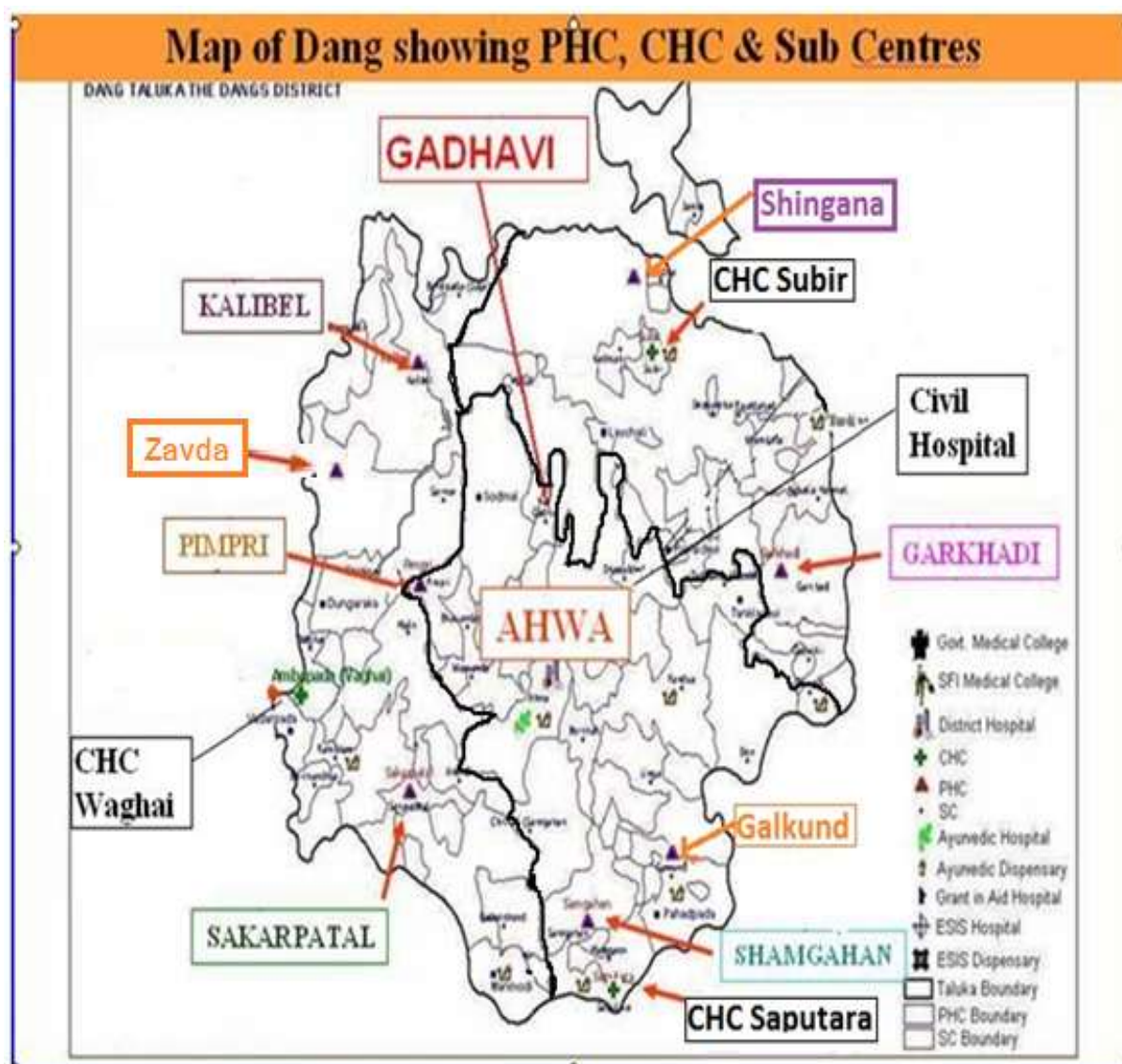
Waghai Taluka

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Waghai	THO	Dr.Swati Pawar	9574803066
	M.O	Dr.Shakuntala S. Konkani	9624765520
	M.O	Dr.Sarita M.Mahala	9408684715
	M.O(Ayush)	Dr.Hetal Z. Chaudhari	9408510902
	MPHS	Mr.Rajeshbhai Bagle	9409599362
	TFHS	Mrs.C.K. Mistry	9726164625
	Pharmacist	Mr.Chandramani Patel	8469686088
	Lab Tech	Mrs.Namrata K.Patel	9408203929

Subir Taluka

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Subir	THO	Dr.Dharmesh Pawar (I/C)	8980083330
	M.O	Dr.Hetal Chaudhari	7874395912
	M.O	Dr.Drashti N.Chaudhari	9512462754
	M.O	Dr.Mehul R.Pawar	9737419436
	MPHS	Mr.Vijay Deshmukh	9408247251
	MPHS	Mr. Guljibhai K Gamit	9016257081
	Pharmacist	Mr.Ankit Suryavanshi	8160802161
	Lab Tech	Mrs.Perin Patel	9512492235

PHC Wise Rapid Response Team



Ahwa Taluka

Saputara PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Ahwa	M.O	Dr.Piyush Bhoya	8320828561
	M.O(Ayush)	Dr.Prachi Bhoya	8469524563
	Pharmacist	Mr.Bharat Patel	9427174273
	Leb.Tech	Mr.Ankit Patel	9016666865
	MPHS	Mr.Prakash Ahire	7016199838
	FHS	Mrs.Shantaben Gavali	9429864269
	MPHW	Talpesh Chaudhari	9427868606
	CHO	Mahendra A. Waghmare	9426408800
	Driver	Yuvrajbhai Bhoye	9574133830

Galkund PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Ahwa	M.O	Dr.Smit J.Misty	9904680920
	Pharmacist	Mr.Hitesh Birari	9313169452
	Leb.Tech	Ms.Chhaya R.Chaudhari	7874011070
	MPHS	Mr.Kantibhai K.Rathod	9574296466
	FHS	Mrs.Bhavna M.Maisuriya	7698167116
	MPHW	Mr.Indrishi B.Vani	9714561978
	CHO	Martha S. Gaekwad	7359840273
	Driver	Ganeshbhai Waghera	7623834344

Gadhavi PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Ahwa	M.O	Dr.Renuka M.Chaudhari	6353997057
	M.O(Ayush)	Dr.Priyanka A.Patel	9409599365
	Pharmacist	Mr.Suraj B.Gavali	9428250481
	Leb.Tech	Mr.Savankumar D.Patel	9714334479
	MPHS	Mr.Sajid Shaikh	9427154862
	FHS	Mrs.Gitaben K.Bhoye	9924188249
	MPHW	Mayur Dhimmarr	8154849290
	CHO	Diptiben Hemilton Amos	9558635053
	Driver	Manish Mahala	9408448752

Pimpri PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Ahwa	M.O	Dr.Surajsinh Shikarvar	8347404492
	M.O(Ayush)	Dr.Jaydip Gavit	9427696737
	Pharmacist	Ms.Tejal M.Patel	9106051551
	Leb.Tech	Mrs. Alpaben S. Naik	7575066396
	MPHS	Mr.Subhas Gayakwad	9426319566
	FHS	Mrs.Urmilaben R.Jadav	9484806560
	MPHW	Mr.Ranjit J.Gayakwad	9409474338
	CHO	Rinaben Somabhai Mahala	9427833496
	Driver	Vivek Mahala	9313352911

Waghai Taluka

Kalibel PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Waghai	M.O	Dr.Sarita M.Mahala	9408684715
	M.O	Dr.Vandana Patel	7043469103
	Pharmacist	Mr.Dharmesh K.Ahir (I/C)	9722107007
	Leb.Tech	Ms.Pritiben Gamit	9979583177
	MPHS	Mr.Jenish D.Gamit (I/C)	7016920896
	FHS	Mrs.Amisha C.Patel	8225558987
	MPHW	Mr.Bhavik R.Patel	9537531613
	CHO	Nirmalaben R. Thakre	9510388814
	Driver	Ramchandra B.Gavit	6352995256

Zavada PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Waghai	M.O	Dr.Archit N.Patel	9106732976
	Pharmacist	Mr.Dharmesh K.Ahir	9722107007
	Leb.Tech	Mrs.Namrata Patel	9558443866
	MPHS	Mr.Sunil K.Birari	9726497473
	FHS	Mrs.Victoriaben R.Mahala	9429686937
	MPHW	Mr.Priyank D.Patel	7201844966
	CHO	Smitaben C.Deshmukh	8153834793
	Driver	Anand Kokani	9913886081

Sakarpatal PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Waghai	M.O	Dr.Piyush N.Bhoya	8320828561
	M.O	Dr.Keyur N.Gain	9408867329
	Pharmacist	Mr. Chadramani Patel	8469686088
	Lab.Tech	Ms. Miralben K.Patel	7600013944
	MPHS	Mr.Mahendra A Birari	9904146033
	FHS	Mrs.Kamuna D.Vadekar	9879911916
	MPHW	Mr.Hitesh S Chaudhari	8469583402
	CHO	Arunbhai T.Chaudhari	9106952495
	Driver	Jitendra Jadav	9574346514

Subir Taluka

Shingana PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Subir	M.O	Dr.Hetal Chaudhari	7874395912
	Pharmacist	Mr.Ankit Suryvanshi	8160802161
	Lab.Tech	Priyanka H.Chaudhari	9978778145
	MPHS	Mr. Guljibhai K.Gamit	9429787971
	FHS	Mrs.Hetal A.Patel	7069195053
	MPHW	Mr.Gulabbhai B Girinjale	9426743197
	CHO	Mr.Priteshbhai C.Gamit	9638572928
	Driver	Hiraman R.Bhoye	9664573834

Garkhadi PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Subir	M.O	Dr.Mehul R.Pawar	9737419436
	M.O(Ayush)	Dr.Krutika Mahala	8511230611
	Pharmacist	Mr.Sagar R.Gayakwad	9429144660
	Leb.Tech	Mrs.Perin Patel	9484424237
	MPHS	Mr. Balubhai M.Pawar	9408263955
	FHS	Mrs.Sumitra K.Rathva(I/C)	6352072368
	MPHW	Mr.Tejash I Vasava	9687181509
	CHO	Sangitaben P.Gayakwad	9427689905
	Driver	Vikasbhai Valvi	9426743591

Pipaldahad PHC

Taluka	Designation	Name	Mobile Number
Subir	M.O	Dr.Drashti N.Chaudhari	9512462754
	Pharmacist	Mr.Roshan Dalavi	7096167274
	Leb.Tech	Mr.Kishor Ladumore	7779088060
	MPHS	Mr.Vijay M.Deshmukh	9408247251
	FHS	Mrs.Shila I.Vasava (I/C)	9408688633
	MPHW	Mr.Jignesh Chaudhari	9712781759
	CHO	Vandanaben R. Patel	7046121035
	Driver	Vinesh Jadav	9409185807

Taking Care of in emergency

Focused Efforts
required

FIRST DELAY



Delay in problem recognition
and decision making

SECOND DELAY



Delay in reaching a
referral facility

THIRD DELAY



Delay in getting care at
the health facility

Emergency medical services

Prevention and Control of Disaster Management.

OBJECTIVE

Prevention & provide adequate Prompt medical & Health Service To Those Who Are Victimized By Natural Calamities, Man Made Disaster Waterborne Disease & Other Disease With Systematic Planning.

- To get the information regarding affected area.
- To start primary treatment center for provide immediately & on the spot treatment.
- Bacteriological water sample examination or affected area's drinking water source.
- Recommended chlorination at all level of water source.
- Planning for insecticidal spray.
- Establish round the clock -24 hours control room at PHC and block level
- Monitoring of intensive surveillance, EDPT & referral services.
- Prevention & control planning for vector born disease.

In Dang district all PHC and CHC have their own vehicles which they use in critical situation to transport patient from PHC to district hospital. On other hand in case of emergency, patient or passerby can call 108 emergency medical service which is only available all over Gujarat state.

CONTROL ROOM & REPORTING

- Epidemic control Room - IDSP Branch.
District Panchayat (Health Branch).
- Staff deputation from nearby PHCs - round the clock.
- Reporting at District level by ECSS-Mr.Ramesh Pawar(I/C).
- Fax No:- 02631-220444.

District(Block) Level Planning

➤ Medical Officer is Responsible for Concerned PHC.
As per persons listed below will be helpful to PHCs

Staff in providing preventive HEALTH services At village level.

SUCH AS.

- ❖ IEC
- ❖ SURVEILLANCE.

Distribution of Drug under Supervision of as per staff given bill.

- ❖ Male/Female supervisor & M.O.
- ❖ AWW.
- ❖ Asst Helper.
- ❖ Organizer-Mid Day Meal.
- ❖ Member of Mahila swasthya sangh.
- ❖ Local Influential leader.

No of Reporting Units Identified in the district for IDSP:

Emergency Drug Stock

Sr.No	Medicine Name	Dist.Stock
1	Tab.Paracetamol	1000
2	Tab.Sul + Trimo	1000
3	Tab.Ibuprofen	100
4	Cap.Amoxicillin	100
5	Cap.Doxycycline	100
6	Inj.Diclofenac	100
7	Cap.Oseltamivir	100
8	Inj.Anti Snake Venom	100
9	Inj.Adrenaline	1700
10	Inj.R.L	25
11	Inj.N.S	475
12	I/V Set	3241
13	Tab.Metronidazole	2000
14	Tab.Ciprofloxacin	1000
15	Tab.Domperidone	2100

Block Health Officer Information

S. N	Taluka	Name	Designation	Mobile No.	E-mail ID
1	Ahwa	Dr.Anuradha Gamit	T.H.O	7567475779	tho.health.dang1@gmail.com
2	Waghai	Dr.Swati Pawar	T.H.O	9586409651	dso.health.waghai@gmail.com
3	Subir	Dr.Dharmesh Pawar (I/C)	T.H.O	8980083330	tho.health.subir1@gmail.com

DANG District **Taluka Wise PHC and Sub Centre List**

Sr.No	Taluka	PHC Name	No.of SC
1	AHWA	Saputara	8
		Galkund	8
		Pimpari	4
		Gadhavi	8
2	SUBIR	Shingana	6
		Pipaldahad	6
		Garkhadi	6
3	WAGHAI	Sakarpatal	10
		Kalibel	5
		Zavda	7
TOTAL			68

Community Health Centre

Sr.No	Taluka	CHC Name	Superdent Name	Mobile No.
1	AHWA	Shamgahan	Dr.Suresh Pawar(I/C)	9408924824
2	SUBIR	Subir	Dr.Satish Bhoje(I/C)	9427869428
3	WAGHAI	Waghai	Dr.Saroj Patel(I/C)	9726280505

Details for reporting Unit Identified in the District

Category	No.
Sub center	68
PHCs	10
CHCs	3
Sub-Dist Hospital	-
District Hospital	1
ID Hospital or Fever Hospital	-
Govt. Medical College Hospital	-
Other Hospitals including Private Medical college Hospital	-
Private hospital including private Medical College Hospital	-
Private Laboratories	1
Private Practitioner	11

Cold Chain And Power Supply System
Generator/Inverter Information

Sr.No	PHC/CHC	Generator	Inverter
1	Ahwa (Civil.Hosp)	Yes	No
2	Waghai (CHC)	Yes	No
3	Subir (CHC)	Yes	No
4	Pipaldahad	Yes	No
5	Garkhadi	Yes	No
6	Gadhavi	Yes	Yes
7	Kalibel	Yes	No
8	Pimpari	No	Yes
9	Sakarpatal	Yes	No
10	Shamgahan(CHC)	Yes	No
11	Saputara	Yes	No
12	Shingana	No	Yes
13	Galkund	Yes	No
14	Zavda	No	Yes
15	P.P. Unit	Yes	No

Vehicle Information

Sr.No	Taluka	PHC Name	Govt.Vehicle	Private Vehicle
1	Ahwa	Saputara	-	
2		Galkund	-	
3		Shamgahan(CHC)	GJ 18 GA 0939	-
4		Pimpari	-	GJ 30 T 1229
5		Gadhavi	GJ 30 G 0601	-
6	Waghai	Waghai (CHC)	GJ 18 GA 0943	-
7		Kalibel	-	
8		Sakarpatal	GJ 30 G 0614	-
9		Zavada	-	GJ 30 T 1476
10	Subir	Subir (CHC)	GJ 18 GA 0940	-
11		Shingana	-	GJ 30 T 1257
12		Pipaldahad	-	
13		Garkhadi	-	

Forest Department

Dang District RFO Details

- **South Forest Area RFO**

Sr.No	Taluka	Range Name	Area Forest Officer's Name	Mo. Number
1	Ahwa	Ahwa (W)	Shri J. J. Vasava	9586812129
2	Ahwa	Timbar Depo Ahwa	Shri M. K. Gaikwad	9426161689
3	Ahwa	Straking Fource Ahwa	Mrs. P. I. Patel	9427574796
4	Subir	Lavchali	Shri P. A. Chaudhary	9213671324
5	Subir	Subir	Shri P. K. Gamit	9712017172
6	Subir	Shingana	Shri M. K. Gaikwad (I/C)	9426161689
7	Subir	Bardipada	Shri Jaisingh Bhatia	9601879122
8	Subir	Pipalaidevi	Shri D. T. Kokani	7990281049
9	Waghai	Kalibel	Shri S. M. Chaudhary	9913813339
10	Waghai	Bhenshkatari	Shri R. M. Bhoje (I/C)	9408452541

- **South Forest Area RFO**

Sr.No	Taluka	Range Name	Area Forest Officer's Name	Mo. Number
1	Ahwa	Ahwa (E)	Shri Arifbhai Dheba	8320203003
2	Ahwa	Galkund	Shri Vikikumar Mistri	9727623424
3	Waghai	Sakalpatal	Shri S A Chavda	9574566614
4	Waghai	Chikhali	Smt Harshidaben Chudhari	6351274767
5	Waghai	Waghai	Shri Amitkumar Chaudhari	9537995343
6	Waghai	Chichinagavtha	Shri Rameshbhai Chauhan	9429769802
7	Ahwa	Shamgahan	Shri Manjulaben Thakare	9714356839

Wireless Set Under Forest Department

Sr.no	Village	Wireless
1	Ahwa	Forest Rest House
2	Mahal	Round Forest Officer
3	Gadhavi	Round Forest Officer
4	Chinchali	Round Forest Officer
5	Pipalaidevi	Range Office
6	Kalamvihir	Round Forest Officer
7	Subir	Range Office
8	Shingana	Range Office
9	Kakshala	Round Forest Officer
10	Pipaldahad	Round Forest Officer
11	Lavchali	Range Office
12	Waghai	Range Office
13	Kilad(Vansada)	Round Forest Officer
14	Navtad(Vansada)	Range Office
15	Kala-amba	Round Forest Officer
16	Rambhas	Round Forest Officer
17	Sakarpatal	Range Office
18	Kushmal	Round Forest Officer
19	Kalibel	Range Office
20	Dhulda	Round Forest Officer
21	Sarvar	Round Forest Officer
22	Bheskatri	Range Office
23	Bardipada	Range Office
24	Savarkhadi	Round Forest Officer
25	Jamanpada	Round Forest Officer
26	Zavda	Round Forest Officer
27	Chikar	Round Forest Officer
28	Chichinagaatha	Range Office
29	Pimpari	Round Forest Officer
30	Shamgahan	Range Office
31	Chikhali	Range Office
32	Manmodi	Round Forest Officer
33	Saputara	Round Forest Officer
34	Galkund	Round Forest Officer

Police Department Details

- Police Station Contact Number

Sr.No	Police Station	Mo. Number
1	Ahwa Police Station	6359629453
2	Waghai Police Station	6359625699
3	Subir Police Station	8160875459
4	Saputara Police Station	6359625698

- Police Inspector Details

Sr.No	PI Name	Police Station	Mo. Number
1	Shri J. K. Bariya	Ahwa Police Station	9638698949
2	Shri A. A. Chavda	Waghai Police Station	7016522647
3	Shri D. K . Chaudhri	Subir Police Station	9687287100
4	Shri K. B Sankhala	Saputara Police Station	7046209396
5	Shri H. B. Patel	Cyber Crime	9727906248

- Police Sub Inspector Details

Sr.No	PI Name	Police Station	Mo. Number
1	Shri S. J. Kadivala	Ahwa Police Station	9998548198
2	Shri B. N. Chaudhari		7567909562
3	Shri K. J. Niranjana	Waghai Police Station	9193676955
4	Shri S. G. Gamit	Subir Police Station	9510861599
5	Shri B. B. Ptel	Saputara Police Station	9722536785
6	Shri B. P. Patel	Cyber Crime	7600034943
7	Shri S. B.Tandel	Mahila Police Station	8469385999
8	Shri J. G. Anadkad	LCB	8866600398

Wireless Set Under Police Department

Sr. No	Village	Wireless Set
1	Ahwa	Police Control Room, Police Station Ahwa
2	DM	DM Control Room
3	Saputara	Police Station
4	Saputara	Repeater Station
5	Waghai	Police Station
6	Subir	Police Station
7	Chinchali	Out Post
8	Kalibel	Out post

NH953 DISASTER TEAM-2025

Executive Engineer : - Shri Vipul bhai Mob. 9998932589
Dy.Executive Engineer(I/C) : - Shri Nirshal Dungarani Mob.9737529536

1) NH-953(Camp at Ahwa)

Agency :- Jay Shree Chamunda Construction Co. Vyara

(Bharatbhai Mo.No:-9727524348)

Site Engineer:- Hiteshbhai Mo.No:- 8780691385

Sr.No	Machinery/Manpower	Name	Mo.No
1	JCB (GJ26C1493)	Sandip	9879673630
2	JCB (GJ26C0847)	Pinkal	9879673630
3	Truck (DD01N9188)	Rinku	9879673630
4	Truck (DD02G9236)	Devendra	9879673630
5	Truck (DD02G9804)	Prakash	9879673630
6	Labour (MUKADAM)	Vikarmbhai	8780691385
7	Labour	Dharambhai	8780691385
8	Labour	Nareshbhai	8780691385
9	Labour	Akshaybhai	8780691385
10	Labour	Durgeshbhai	8780691385
11	Labour	Sembhai	8780691385

2) NH-953(Camp at Songadh)

Agency :- Jay Shree Chamunda Construction Co. Vyara

(Bharatbhai Mo.No:-9727524348)

Site Engineer:- Dhirajbhai Mo.No:- 9558898777

Sr. No	Machinery/Manpower	Name	Mo.No
1	JCB (GJ26C0858)	Ineshbhai Gamit	9879673630
2	JCB (GJ26C0949)	Julieshbhai Gamit	9879673630
3	Truck (JG19V2450)	Divyesh Gamit	9879673630
4	Truck (AS02DC6167)	Udayraj	9879673630
5	Truck (AS02DC6051)	Ajit	9879673630
6	Labour (MUKADAM)	Saradbhai	9558898777
7	Labour	Manaharbhai	9558898777
8	Labour	Bharatbhai	9558898777
9	Labour	Saileshbhai	9558898777
10	Labour	Arjunbhai	9558898777
11	Labour	Pankajbhai	9558898777

Detail of Rescue Relief Team R & B, State Department

આગામી ચોમાસા – ૨૦૨૬ વાવાઝોડાના અનુસંધાને ભારે વરસાદ / લેન્ડસ્લાઈડીંગ / ઝાડ પડવાના કારણે રસ્તા બ્લોકની બચાવ— રાહત ટીમની વિગત

અ. નં.	પેટા વિભાગ/ લાયઝનઅધિકારીની વિગત	રસ્તાનું નામ	રસ્તો બ્લોક થવાની સંભવિતજગ્યા / ચેઈનેજ	સંભવિત કારણો	રાહત-બચાવ ટીમની વિગત	ગાડી નંબર	ડ્રાઈવરનું નામ	ડ્રાઈવરનો મો.નં.	ટીમ લોકેશન અને સંભવિતજગ્યાથી અંતર
૧	૨	૩	૪	૫	૬	૭	૮	૯	૧૦
૧	આહવા (મા×મ) પેટા વિભાગ શ્રી વી.આર.પટેલ, ના.કા.ઈ. આહવા મો. નં.— ૯૯૨૪૩૮૮૧૧૫	વઘઈ — આહવા રોડ કિ.મી. ૮૦/૦ થી ૯૩/૦	ભવાનદગડની આગળ કિ.મી. ૮૪/૪ થી ૮૪/૬ શિવઘાટ —કિ.મી. ૮૯/૦ ઘોઘલીઘાટ — કિ.મી. ૯૧/૦	ઘાટમાં ઝાડ પડવા અને પથ્થર / લેન્ડ સ્લાઈડીંગ થવાથી	શ્રી પાર્થ આર.કાનડે (મદદનીશ ઈજનેર) મો. નં.—7041694455 શ્રી કલ્પેશ જી.પટેલ (વર્ક આસી.) મો 8758256364 શ્રી સાંઈ સિધ્ધી કન્સ્ટ્રક્શન (એજન્સી) મો.નં. ૬૩૫૨૪૭૬૬૫૪				આહવા ઓફિસ — કિ.મી. ૯૩/૦ ૬ થી ૧૦ કિ.મી. દૂર
					જે. સી. બી. — ૧	GJ 30 G 8118	રાહુલભાઈ	9427947725 7984539661	
					ટ્રેક્ટર — ૧	GJ 15 CA 5374	યોગેશભાઈ	6352476654	
					મજૂર — ૧૦				

૨	આહવા (મા×મ) પેટા વિભાગ શ્રી વી.આર.પટેલ, ના.કા.ઈ. આહવા મો. નં.— ૯૯૨૪૩૮૮૧૧૫	આહવા — નવાપુર રોડ કિ.મી. ૬/૦ થી ૪૪/૦	લવચાલી — કિ.મી. ૨૦/૬	ઘાટમાં ઝાડ પડવા અને પથ્થર / લેન્ડ સ્લાઈડીંગ થવાથી	શ્રીચિરાગ પી. ગાયકવાડ (મદદનીશ ઈજનેર.) મો. નં.—૯૦૨૩૩૪૭૭૪૧ શ્રી સૌરવભાઈ (એજન્સી) મો. નં.—૯૪૨૮૨૪૮૪૧૦ મો. નં.— ૮૧૬૦૦૪૮૪૮૫				લશ્કર્યા ફાટક — કિ.મી. ૬/૦ ૧૪— કિ.મી. દૂર
					જે. સી. બી. — ૧	GJ30P06 62	વિનેશભાઈ	8160244593	
					ટ્રેક્ટર — ૧	GJ15BB 5553	કેવલભાઈ	8160244593	
					મજુર — ૧૦				
			ઉકાળા ઘાટ કિ.મી. ૪૨/૦	ઘાટમાં ઝાડ પડવા અને પથ્થર / લેન્ડ સ્લાઈડીંગ થવાથી	શ્રીજીતેન્દ્રભાઈ એમ. પટેલવર્ક.આસી.મો. ૯૭૨૭૬ ૬૬૩૮૬ શ્રી સૌરવભાઈ (એજન્સી) મો. નં.— ૯૪૨૮૨૪૮૪૧૦				સુબીરકિ.મી. . ૩૦/૦ ૧૨.૦૦ કિ.મી. દૂર
					જે. સી. બી. — ૧	GJ15BB 8041	સોમાભાઈ	9409889036	
					ટ્રેક્ટર — ૧	GJ15CA 5374	સુમનભાઈ	7878903212	
					મજુર — ૧૦				
૩	આહવા (મા×મ) પેટા વિભાગ શ્રી વી.આર.પટેલ, ના.કા.ઈ. આહવા મો. નં.— ૯૯૨૪૩૮૮૧૧૫	આહવા — ચીચલી — બાબુલઘાટ રોડ કિ.મી. ૦/૦ થી ૩૧/૨	બાબુલઘાટ સેક્શન કિ.મી. ૨૮/૦ થી ૩૧/૨	ઘાટમાં ઝાડ પડવા અને પથ્થર / લેન્ડ સ્લાઈડીંગ થવાથી	શ્રી નિખિલ પટેલ (મદદનીશ ઈજનેર.) મો. નં.—૮૧૨૮૨૮૨૮૮૫ શ્રી કેતનભાઈ પટેલ (વર્ક.—આસી.) મો. નં.—૯૯૨૫૫૦૩૮૭૬ શ્રી પી. બી. રાણે (એજન્સી) મો. નં.—૯૪૨૬૪૩૦૫૭૮				ચીચલી સ્ટોર કિ.મી. ૨૮/૦ ૩.૦૦ કિ.મી. દૂર

					જે. સી. બી. - ૧	GJ30P67 1	રસિકભાઈ	7016812357	
					ટ્રેક્ટર - ૧	GJ21J94 00	રવિન્દ્રભાઈ ભોયે	9427864460	
					મજુર - ૧૦				
૪	આહવા (મા×મ) પેટા વિભાગ શ્રી વી.આર.પટેલ, ના.કા.ઈ. આહવા મો. નં.- ૯૯૨૪૩૮૮૧૧૫	મહાલ- સુબીર- વારસા		ઘાટમાં ઝાડ પડવા અને પથ્થર / લેન્ડ સ્લાઈડીંગ થવાથી	શ્રી પાર્થ આર.કાન્ડે (મદદનીશ ઈજનેર) મો. નં.-7041694455 શ્રી કલ્પેશ જી.પટેલ (વર્ક આસી.) મો 8758256364 શ્રી સાંઈ સિધ્ધી કન્સ્ટ્રક્શન (એજન્સી) મો.નં. ૬૩૫૨૪૭૬૬૫૪				
					જે. સી. બી. - ૧	GJ 30 G 8118	રાહુલભાઈ	9427947725 7984539661	
					ટ્રેક્ટર - ૧	GJ 15 BB 5553	સૌરવ	8160048495	
					મજુર - ૧૦				

Details of vehicles and machinery used by the lessees of R & B Department

ક્રમ	પેટા વિભાગ નું નામ	વાહન તેમજ મશીનરીની વિગત	વાહન તેમજ મશીનરી નું હાલનું સ્થળ	ઈજારદારશ્રીનું નામ	ઈજારદારશ્રીનો મોબાઈલ નં	ડ્રાઈવર / મશીનરી ઓપરેટર નું નામ	ડ્રાઈવર/ મશીનરી ઓપરેટરનો મોબાઈલ નં	ડ્રાઈવર/મશીનરી ઓપરેટરનું સરનામું
1	આહવા	જે. સી. બી. GJ 30 P 0662	લવચાલી, તા. સુબીર, ડી. ડાંગ	શ્રી સૌરવ	8160048495	વિનેશભાઈ	81602 44593	લવચાલી, તા. સુબીર, ડી. ડાંગ
2	આહવા	જે. સી. બી. GJ 15 BB 8041	આહવા તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ	શ્રી યોગેશભાઈ	6352476654	સોમાભાઈ	9409889036	આહવા, તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ
3	આહવા	જે. સી. બી. GJ 30 P 671	ચીંચલી, તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ	શ્રી પી. બી. રાણે	6353479447	રસિકભાઈ	7016812357	ચીંચલી, તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ
4	આહવા	ટ્રેક્ટર GJ 15 BB 5553	લવચાલી, તા. સુબીર, ડી. ડાંગ	શ્રી સૌરવ	8160048495	જયદીપભાઈ	9426114222	કોટબા, તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ
5	આહવા	ટ્રેક્ટર GJ 15 CA 5374	આહવા, તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ	શ્રી યોગેશભાઈ	6352476654	સુમાનભાઈ	7878903212	આહવા, તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ
6	આહવા	ટ્રેક્ટર GJ 21 J 9400	બોરખેત, તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ	શ્રી પી. બી. રાણે	6353479447	રવીન્દ્રભાઈ	9427864460	બોરખેત, તા. આહવા, જી. ડાંગ
7	વઘઈ	જે. સી. બી. GJ 30 P 0003	સાકરપાતળ, તા. વઘઈ, જી. ડાંગ	દીક્ષિત કન્સ્ટ્રક્શન	7623834343	શાંતિલાલ	8347322162	સાકરપાતળ, તા. વઘઈ, જી. ડાંગ

8	વઘઈ	ટ્રેક્ટર GJ 30 A 9339	સાકરપાતળ ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ	દીક્ષિત કન્સ્ટ્રક્શન	7623834343	હેમંત	7359766564	સાકરપાતળ ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ
9	વઘઈ	જે. સી. બી. GJ 30 T 006	બારીપાડા ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ	યુનિટી કન્સ્ટ્રક્શન	9429800036	અશ્વિન	9409047272	બારીપાડા ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ
10	વઘઈ	ટ્રેક્ટર GJ 30 A 0187	બારીપાડા ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ	યુનિટી કન્સ્ટ્રક્શન	9429800036	દિનેશ	8140645486	બારીપાડા ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ
11	વઘઈ	જે. સી. બી. GJ30 A 5055	ઝાવડા,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ	શ્રી મયુર જી. પટેલ	9426872554	પ્રકાશ	9824218948	ઝાવડા,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ
12	વઘઈ	ટ્રેક્ટર GJ 15 BB5561	ઝાવડા,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ	શ્રી મયુર જી. પટેલ	9426872554	દિલીપ	9409050663	ઝાવડા,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ
13	વઘઈ	જે. સી. બી. GJ 21 QQ 1144	કાલીબેલ ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ	યુનિટી કન્સ્ટ્રક્શન	9429800036	વિનેશ	9427588993	કાલીબેલ ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ
14	વઘઈ	જે. સી. બી. GJ 15 SV 6066	પીંપરી ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ	સાંઈ શિદ્ધિ કન્સ્ટ્રક્શન	63524 76654	પિયુષ	9714748085	પીંપરી ,તા. વઘઈ,જી. ડાંગ

Detail of Crane

S. No	Reg No	Owner Name	Father Name	Current Address	Ld. Wt.	UnLd. Wt.	Maker Model	Tax Upto	Fit Upto	Mobile Number
1	GJ01FQ0611	SHANKARBH AI PATEL	NATHUBHAI PATEL	A PO.WAGHAI NAKAFALIA TA AHWA DIST DANG AHWA Gujarat 999999	15660	5500	1612	2020-03-31	2020-04-15	9714446633
2	GJ05CE6014	HARSINGBH AI R SOHLA	RAMABHAI SOHLA	AT PO - 7 73, WAGHAI TA - WAGHAI, DIST - DANG TA - WAGHAI The Dangs Gujarat 394730	8600	8600	MOBILE CRANE	2020-03-31	2016-07-19	9727448809
3	GJ01LQ3799	KANABHAI H SOHLA	HARSINGBH AI SOHLA	AT PO- BHARWAD FALIYA TA- AHWA DIST- DANG TA - WAGHAI The Dangs Gujarat 394730	9190	9190	R CRANE	2020-03-31	2017-09-27	NA
4	GJ19A1652	ALPABEN	KANABHAI SOHALA	AT PO - BHARVAD FALIYU WAGHAI TA - WAGHAI The Dangs Gujarat 394730	5300	3410	TATA 407 31	NA	2019-03-08	9428542712
5	GJ23B4818	MANABEN H SOLHA	HARSINGBH AI SOLHA	AT PO WAGHAI TA AHWA DI DANG AHWA The Dangs Gujarat 394730	6255	6255	TATA 1210	2020-03-31	2020-12-03	9426258186
6	GJ01R2256	SHANKARBH AI N.PATEL	NATHUBHAI PATEL	NAKA FALIYA TA - WAGHAI The Dangs Gujarat 394730	11283	5750	CRANE	2020-03-31	2020-07-11	9428379132
7	GJ19A2112	HARISINGBH AI R SOHLA	RAMABHAI SOHLA	AT PO WAGHAI TA AHWA DI DANG AHWA The Dangs Gujarat 394730	7510	7510	TATA 1210	2020-03-31	2018-04-30	9426258186
8	GJ15BB9494	KANABHAI H SOHALA	HARSINGBH AI SOHALA	A P-WAGHAI,BHARVAD FALIYU TA-WAGHAI,DI-DANG AHWA The Dangs Gujarat 394730	9800	9800	MOBILE CRANE	2020-03-31	2018-04-30	9714446633

Detail of Rescue Relief Team R & B, Panchayat Department

List of Overtopping roads Panchayat R & B Department

ક્રમ	તાલુકો	રસ્તાનુંનામ	રસ્તાની કક્ષા	રસ્તાનીકુલ લંબાઈ (કી.મી.)	ઓવરટોપીંગ નીચેઈનેજ	ઓવરટોપીંગનાસ્થા નેહાલમાં આવેલ સ્ટ્રક્ચર	ઓવરટોપીંગથવાનુ કારણ	ઓવરટોપીંગઅટકાવાના કારણો
૧	આહવા	સતીવાંગણ કુતરનાચ્યા રોડ	વી.આર.	૧.૬૦	ચે.૦/૦ થી ૦/૨૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદર લો લેવલ કોઝવેની જગ્યાએ હાલે મેજર બ્રીજની કામગિરી પ્રગતિમાં છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની કામગિરી પ્રગતિમાં છે.
૨	વઘઈ	ઘોડવહળવી. એ.રોડ	વી.આર.	૨.૪૦	૦/૨ થી ૦/૪	કોઝવેકમ ચેક ડેમ	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFLથી હયાત કોઝવેનુ લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	હાઈલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્શન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૩	આહવા	બોરખલગાય ખાસ ચવડવેલ રોડ	વી.આર.	૫.૭૨	ચે.૦/૬૦૦ થી ૦/૮૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFLથી હયાત કોઝવેનુ લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ માઈનોર બ્રીજ મંજૂર છે.
૪	આહવા	ભવનદગડધુ લચોડ આમસરવલ ણ રોડ	વી.આર.	૪.૮૦	ચે.૦/૦ થી ૦/૨૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર સ્લેબ ડ્રેઈન સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની જરૂરીયાત છે.
૫	વઘઈ	આંબાપાડાવી .એ.રોડ	વી.આર.	૨.૧૦	૧/૮ થી ૨/૦	કોઝવે કમ ચેકડેમ	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFLથી હયાત કોઝવેનુ લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો	હાઈલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્શન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત

							હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોર્પીંગ થાય છે.	
૬	સુબીર	શિંગાણાધુલ ધા રોડ	વી.આર.	૨૨.૭૧	ચે.૦/૮ થી ૧/૦ અને ચે.૨૦/૦ થી ૨૦/૨૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર ૨ કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFLથી હયાત કોઝવેનુ લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોર્પીંગ થાય છે.	ચે.૦/૮ થી ૧/૦ ની સદર જગ્યાએ બ્રીજની કામગિરી પુર્ણ છે. તેમજ ચે ૨૦/૦ થી ૨૦/૨૦૦ ની જગ્યાએ એપ્રોચની કામગિરી પ્રગતિમાં છે.
૭	સુબીર	બંધપાડાવી. એ રોડ	વી.આર.	૧.૦૦	ચે.૦/૦ થી ૦/૨૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર સ્લેબ ડ્રેઇન સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોર્પીંગ થાય છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની કામગિરી પ્રગતિમાં છે.
૮	સુબીર	કાકડિયહિરખ ઈજ્જા રોડ	વી.આર.	૭.૭૦	ચે.૭/૦ થી ૭/૨૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFLથી હયાત કોઝવેનુ લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોર્પીંગ થાય છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની જરૂરીયાત છે.
૯	સુબીર	પિપલદહાડ થી જોગથવા રોડ	વી.આર.	૧.૬૦	ચે.૦/૬ થી ૦/૭૦૦ અને ચે.૦/૭૦૦ થી ચે.૦/૮૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર ૨ કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFLથી હયાત કોઝવેનુ લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોર્પીંગ થાય છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની કામગિરી પુર્ણ છે.
૧૦	આહવા	ચિકટીયાગાઢ વી રોડ	વી.આર.	૧૦.૦૪	ચે.૨/૦ થી ૨/૨૦૦ ચે.૩/૨૦૦ થી ૩/૪૦૦ ચે.૫/૬૦૦ થી ૫/૮૦૦ ચે.૮/૦૦ થી ૮/૨૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFLથી હયાત ૪ કોઝવેનુ લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોર્પીંગ થાય છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની જરૂરીયાત છે.
૧૧	આહવા	બારીપાડાભા પખલ	વી.આર.	૫.૬૦	ચે.૩/૪૦૦ થી ૩/૬૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFLથી હયાત કોઝવેનુ	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની જરૂરીયાત છે.

		રાનપાડા રોડ					લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	
૧૨	આહવા	ટાંકલીપાળા લહાનદભાસ મોટીદભાસ રોડ	વી.આર.	૯.૦૦	ચે.૨/૦ થી ૨/૨૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર સ્લેબ ડ્રેઇન સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની જરૂરીયાત છે.
૧૩	આહવા	મેઇનરોડ ટૂ ભુરાપાણી ચિરાપાડા બારીપાડા રોડ	વી.આર.	૪.૮૦	ચે.૧/૮૦૦ થી ૨/૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં H F L થી હયાત કોઝવેનું લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	હયાતજગ્યાએ બ્રીજની જરૂરીયાત છે.
૧૪	સુબીર	ચિયલીગારખ ડી રોડ	ઓ.ડી. આર	૯.૨૦	ચે.૧/૮૦૦ થી ૨/૦૦ ૩/૬ થી ૩/૮ ૮૯/૦ થી ૯/૨	બેકોઝવે એક સ્લેબ ડ્રેઇન	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFL થી હયાત કોઝવેનું લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	બેબોક્ષ કલ્પટ્ટે એક માઇનોર બ્રીજ
૧૫	સુબીર	મહાલસુબિર વારસા રોડ	વી.આર.	૩૭.૪૦	ચે.૨/૦૦ થી ૨/૨૦૦	લોલેવર સબમર્સીબર કોઝવે સ્ટ્રક્ચર	સદરજગ્યાએ લો લેવલ કોઝવે છે. સદર જગ્યાએ નદીનાં HFL થી હયાત કોઝવેનું લેવલ ઘણું નીચું છે તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	બોક્ષકલ્પટ્ટે
૧૬	વઘઈ	આહેરડીબોર દહાડ રોડ	વી.આર.	૩.૫૦	૦/૬ થી ૦/૮	કોઝવેકમ ચેક ડેમ	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	હાઇલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્શન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૧૭	વઘઈ	માનમોડીબો ડરમાલ બિનારપાડા રોડ	વી.આર.	૪.૪૦	૧/૬ થી ૧/૮	લોલેવલ કોઝવે	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	હાઇલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્શન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૧૮	વઘઈ	માછળી થે	વી.આર.	૪.૪૦	૪/૨ થી ૪/૪	લોલેવલ કોઝવે	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત	હયાત જગ્યાએ હાઇ લેવલ

		દિવડ્યાવન રોડ					સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	બ્રીજની કામગિરી પ્રગતિમાં છે.
૧૯	વઘઈ	ખાતળફાટક થી ઘોડી રોડ	વી.આર.	૩.૪૦	૦/૦ થી ૦/૨	લોલેવલ કોઝવે	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	હાઇલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૨૦	વઘઈ	ખાતળમાછ ળી રોડ	વી.આર.	૩.૨૦	૨/૨ થી ૨/૪	સ્લેબડ્રેઇન	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	સ્લેબડ્રેઇન તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૨૧	વઘઈ	ચીખલદાવી. એ.રોડ	વી.આર.	૧.૦૦	૦/૦ થી ૦/૨	સ્લેબડ્રેઇન	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	હાઇલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૨૨	વઘઈ	સુંસરદાવી.એ .રોડ	વી.આર.	૩.૧૦	૦/૦ થી ૦/૨	સ્લેબડ્રેઇન	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	હાઇલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૨૩	વઘઈ	માનમોડીબો ડરમાલ નિબારપાડા રોડ	વી.આર.	૨.૪૦	૧/૨ થી ૧/૪	લોલેવલ કોઝવે	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	સ્લેબડ્રેઇન તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૨૪	વઘઈ	ધાગડીકાનત ફળિયા રોડ	વી.આર.	૧.૬૦	૦/૦ થી ૦/૨	લોલેવલ કોઝવે	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	સ્લેબડ્રેઇન તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૨૫	વઘઈ	ઘોડીવિ એ રોડ	વી.આર.	૪.૫૦	૧/૪ થી ૧/૬	લોલેવલ કોઝવે	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	સ્લેબડ્રેઇન તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૨૬	વઘઈ	આહેરડીનડ ગચોડ રોડ	વી.આર.	૧૨.૪૮	૦/૪ થી ૦/૬	સ્લેબડ્રેઇન	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોંપીંગ થાય છે.	હાઇલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત

૨૭	વઘઈ	ઢાંઢરા વી.એ રોડ	વી.આર.	૨.૨૭	૦/૨ થી ૦/૪	પાઈપ કોઝવે	સદર જગ્યાએનદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથી વારંવારઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	સદર જગ્યાએ બોક્ષકલવટ્ટની કામગિરી પ્રગતિમાં છે.
૨૮	વઘઈ	ધાગડી ભદરપાડારોડ	વી.આર.	૨.૫૦	૦/૬ થી ૦/૮	સ્લેબડ્રેઈન	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	સ્લેબડ્રેઈન તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૨૯	વઘઈ	કાલીબેલપાં ઘરમાળ વાંકન રોડ	વી.આર.	૪.૨૦	૧/૦ થી ૧/૨	માઈનોરબ્રીજ	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	હાઈલેવલ બ્રીજ તેમજ પ્રોટેક્સન વર્કની જરૂરીયાત
૩૦	વઘઈ	વઘાઈ ડુન્ગરડા ભેસ્કાતરી રોડ	વી.આર	૨૦.૯૩	૧/૪ Y) ૧/૬	રોડ સર્ફેસ	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	
૩૧	વઘઈ	ખાતળ ફાટક થી ઘોડી રોડ	વી.આર	૩.૪૦	૨/૮ Y) ૩/૦	રોડ સર્ફેસ	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	
૩૨	વઘઈ	નાનાપાડાકુ મારબંધ બોરદહાડ રોડ	વી.આર.	૨.૬૫	૦/૪ થી ૦/૬	લોલેવલ કોઝવે	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	સદર જગ્યાએ હાઈલેવલ બ્રીજની કામગિરી પુર્ણ છે.
૩૩	વઘઈ	મેઈનરોડ ટૂ સુપદહાડ સૂર્યાબરડા રોડ	વી.આર.	૫.૫૬	૦/૨ થી ૦/૪	લોલેવલ કોઝવે	સદરજગ્યાએ નદીનું HFL કરતા હયાત સ્ટ્રક્ચર નીચું છે, તેમજ વોટર-વે ઓછો હોવાથીવારંવાર ઓવર-ટોપીંગ થાય છે.	સદર જગ્યાએ હાઈલેવલ બ્રીજની કામગિરી પુર્ણ છે.

Details of vehicles and machinery used by the lessees of
R & B Panchayat Department

Sr. No	Vehicles Details	Number of vehicles	Nme Of Lesseer	Location	Mobile No.
1	JCB	2	Faraz Waghahi	Waghahi	7698534227
2	1 JCB, 1 Truck	2	Mayur Patel	Waghahi	9979229711
3	JCB	3	Rajesh Patel	Waghahi	9979924024
4	Dumper	4			
5	JCB	1	R D Bhoya	Ahwa	9924386658
	Tractor	2			
	Tankor	1			
6	JCB	1	Saurav Const.	Ahwa	8160048495
	Tractor	2			
	Tankor	1			

7	JCB	1	Bhumi Const.	Ahwa	7990701171
	Tractor	2			
	Tankor	1			
8	JCB	1	P B Rane	Ahwa	9426430578
	Tractor	2			
	Tankor	1			
9	JCB	1	Chetan Kanade	Ahwa	8849656461
	Tractor	2			
	Tankor	1			
10	JCB	1	Jay Shree Chamunda	Ahwa	9426161397
	Tractor	2			
	Tankor	1			

Detail of Shalter Home in Government Primary Schools in Dang District

Sr. No	Talukas	School Name	standard	Contect	Numbers Of Room	Capacity
1	2	3	4	5	10	11
AHWA TALUKA DETAILS						
1	AHWA	BHAVANDAGAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427481147	4	60
2	AHWA	DHULCHOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429278490	2	30
3	AHWA	GOLSTA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427537518	2	30
4	AHWA	KHAPRI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427870841	1	15
5	AHWA	KUTARNACHYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429783711	2	30
6	AHWA	MULCHOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408649599	3	45
7	AHWA	SATI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428687509	3	45
8	AHWA	VANGAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9913660699	3	45
9	AHWA	VAVANDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426161381	2	30
10	AHWA	BORKHAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8347992033	14	210
11	AHWA	CHAVADVEL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429142504	3	45
12	AHWA	GAYKHAS PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8154936975	3	45
13	AHWA	ISDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9484497553	2	30
14	AHWA	MOTIDABHAS PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9904080690	2	30
15	AHWA	NIRGUDMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427980170	1	15
16	AHWA	PAYARGHODI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8140844100	5	75
17	AHWA	RAVCHOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408244368	5	75
18	AHWA	SONGIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427865591	2	30
19	AHWA	TANKLIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	6353527844	9	135
20	AHWA	TEMRUNGHARTA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427870827	1	15
21	AHWA	UMARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	6353961135	5	75
22	AHWA	VIHIRAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429118182	2	30
23	AHWA	BARIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9904529795	3	45
24	AHWA	BORIGAVTHA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9824983579	3	45
25	AHWA	CHIKHALI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7600993186	9	135
26	AHWA	CHIRAPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9484632596	3	45

27	AHWA	MAHARAICHOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9714835270	3	45
28	AHWA	VASURNA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8156061500	4	60
29	AHWA	CHINCHALI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9426741405	4	60
30	AHWA	CHINCHDHARA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9426574416	3	45
31	AHWA	GADHAVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428164420	5	75
32	AHWA	GAVTHAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408449363	0	0
33	AHWA	HANVATPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428758308	5	75
34	AHWA	HARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9978970632	4	60
35	AHWA	JAMALAPADA VARG SCHOOL	1-5	9737130851	4	60
36	AHWA	KADMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428379004	6	90
37	AHWA	KAMDAYAVAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9409250160	3	45
38	AHWA	KARADIAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429688554	3	45
39	AHWA	MAHARDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9023883508	4	60
40	AHWA	NIMPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408334938	5	75
41	AHWA	THORPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428379025	2	30
42	AHWA	VADIYAVAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427861503	3	45
43	AHWA	DHAVLIDOD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428365582	18	270
44	AHWA	DHULA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408191463	8	120
45	AHWA	GHUBITA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426824658	4	60
46	AHWA	GONDALVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9510680027	10	150
47	AHWA	KOTBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427121019	16	240
48	AHWA	SENDRIAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9409631574	5	75
49	AHWA	AVALIYAMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7621931383	4	60
50	AHWA	CHANKHAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8980519844	6	90
51	AHWA	DIVANTEMBRUN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9429821626	8	120
52	AHWA	GADHAVI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7046381278	17	255
53	AHWA	JAMANVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408446103	7	105
54	AHWA	JAMLAPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9537077382	7	105
55	AHWA	PATVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9574795179	3	45
56	AHWA	SUKMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8905633114	10	150
57	AHWA	AMBALIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8140354510	2	30
58	AHWA	GALKUND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7874336830	9	135
59	AHWA	JAMDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8347348140	3	45
60	AHWA	KHAIRIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9723811920	2	30

61	AHWA	MOHPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9714283233	2	30
62	AHWA	PAYARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7623055064	3	45
63	AHWA	PIPALPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9737916819	9	135
64	AHWA	SINBANDH PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7874236462	3	45
65	AHWA	UKHATIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7359257649	1	15
66	AHWA	UMRIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427538748	2	30
67	AHWA	VANAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9712527776	2	30
68	AHWA	VANKI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428796775	3	45
69	AHWA	CHICHPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8980133071	3	45
70	AHWA	DHUMKHAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9925560120	3	45
71	AHWA	KAHANDOLGHODI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9979248202	9	135
72	AHWA	KAMADVAKARIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9979508549	7	105
73	AHWA	KHOKHARCHOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427863528	3	45
74	AHWA	LAHANCHARIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7567787283	3	45
75	AHWA	MOTACHARIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428163061	2	30
76	AHWA	VAKARIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7698484497	5	75
77	AHWA	ANJANKUND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7096824588	0	0
78	AHWA	BILMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8140997071	4	60
79	AHWA	GARMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8238183240	4	60
80	AHWA	JAVTALA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428254009	1	15
81	AHWA	KHADAKVAHLI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427163316	0	0
82	AHWA	KOSMBIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408649746	0	0
83	AHWA	KUMBHARIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9184301407	2	30
84	AHWA	LINGA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408022236	8	120
85	AHWA	BHARADI FALIYA PRI.SCH.	1-5	9429058312	3	45
86	AHWA	BHISYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9409979985	9	135
87	AHWA	CHAUKIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9737934579	6	90
88	AHWA	GAVTHAN FALIYA PRI. SCH.	1-5	9409662883	3	45
89	AHWA	KALAMVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427119828	2	30
90	AHWA	KODMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428383176	0	0
91	AHWA	MAHALPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9924174550	14	210
92	AHWA	NANDANPEDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8866982605	8	120

93	AHWA	PANDVA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9409543811	3	45
94	AHWA	PIPALGHODI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408995871	2	30
95	AHWA	BARADPANI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8347500541	1	15
96	AHWA	BARMIYAWAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9099295282	5	75
97	AHWA	GOTIYAMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7698956610	9	135
98	AHWA	GUNDIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9574933774	7	105
99	AHWA	HUMBAPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9712405029	2	30
100	AHWA	JOGBARI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7698530500	4	60
101	AHWA	KOTAMDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7698212233	8	120
102	AHWA	MALEGAV PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9426176142	6	90
103	AHWA	NAVAGAM PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9574616469	4	60
104	AHWA	SAPUTARA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8401255906	2	30
105	AHWA	SONUNIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8128220507	4	60
106	AHWA	BAHEDANAMAL SCHOOL	1-5	9265746069	3	45
107	AHWA	BORTHARA SCHOOL	1-5	9624969377	3	45
108	AHWA	DON PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9737164454	8	120
109	AHWA	GADAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428686798	5	75
110	AHWA	JAMANHUNDA SCHOOL	1-5	9428164263	3	45
111	AHWA	KARANJDI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408445573	8	120
112	AHWA	MADALBARI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8758423090	4	60
113	AHWA	MOGARA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9484497642	4	60
114	AHWA	MORZIRA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427647198	6	90
115	AHWA	MURAMBARI SCHOOL	1-5	7874013451	1	15
116	AHWA	NARIAMBA SCHOOL	1-5	9484497148	2	30
117	AHWA	SADADVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428382697	1	15
118	AHWA	SAYMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9824623226	3	45
119	AHWA	TAKLIPADA (MAIN) PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9409267838	0	0
120	AHWA	TAKLIPADA VARG	1-5	9427186829	5	75
121	AHWA	VANJARGHODI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429785324	6	90
122	AHWA	VANZITEMBRUN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427865409	4	60
123	AHWA	VAYDUN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9426740300	7	105
124	AHWA	CHIKATIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428153076	14	210
125	AHWA	DAVDAHAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427801991	2	30
126	AHWA	DHUDHUNIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427160491	2	30
127	AHWA	GAURIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9727596793	1	15
128	AHWA	HANVATCHOND PRIMARY	1-8	9427859134	9	135

		SCHOOL				
129	AHWA	ISDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9316355152	1	15
130	AHWA	JUNA DAVDAHAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426742993	2	30
131	AHWA	KUMBHIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7874884059	6	90
132	AHWA	NADAGKHADI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428019927	10	150
133	AHWA	PIMPRI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428379880	2	30
134	AHWA	TOKARDAHAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9714674504	1	15
135	AHWA	BHAPKHAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8155037382	5	75
136	AHWA	BHURAPANI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8347246598	3	45
137	AHWA	CHAUHAN FALIA VARG SCHOOL	1-5	9904173967	1	15
138	AHWA	HEDIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8347512888	1	15
139	AHWA	JAKHANA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9726338830	2	30
140	AHWA	LAHANDABHAS PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7574026879	3	45
141	AHWA	RANPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9714642544	2	30
142	AHWA	SHAMGAHAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9426112754	9	135
143	AHWA	AMBAPADA	1-8	9427868727	9	135
144	AHWA	ASHRAM VIDHYALAY AHWA	1-8	9429142518	13	195
145	AHWA	BANDHARPADA SCHOOL AHWA	1-5	7984071399	7	105
146	AHWA	BORKHET PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426160630	0	0
147	AHWA	GHOHALI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429531157	5	75
148	AHWA	KASAVDAHAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429144924	3	45
149	AHWA	MILPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7201841993	10	150
150	AHWA	NILSHAKYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8160943732	0	0
151	AHWA	PIPALYAMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429787985	5	75
152	AHWA	SARDAR VIDHYALAY, AHWA	1-8	9429512916	14	210
153	AHWA	SUNDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428022829	0	0
154	AHWA	TALUKA SHALA, AHWA	1-8	9428064596	20	300
-	AHWA	BRC AHWA	-	9924155595	1	15

SUBIR TALUKA DETAILS

1	SUBIR	BANDHPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426574526	4	60
2	SUBIR	DHULDA PATELPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9924537247	3	45
3	SUBIR	DHULDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428390549	7	105
4	SUBIR	KHOKHARI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429479562	3	45
5	SUBIR	PRIMARY SCHOOL BARDIPADA	1-8	9624414401	0	0
6	SUBIR	SAJUPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427742510	5	75

7	SUBIR	AHIRPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427142255	1	15
8	SUBIR	BARDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408494951	3	45
9	SUBIR	GARKHADI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9924422146	4	60
10	SUBIR	GHANIAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427814337	3	45
11	SUBIR	JAMANIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426408606	5	75
12	SUBIR	PRIMARY SCHOOL ZARI	1-8	9408648580	9	135
13	SUBIR	AMSARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428200551	5	75
14	SUBIR	BIJURPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408328221	7	105
15	SUBIR	CHAMARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408449647	3	45
16	SUBIR	CHINCHVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9714377394	7	105
17	SUBIR	JUNNER PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408191407	6	90
18	SUBIR	KHAJURNA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9737874141	11	165
19	SUBIR	KHAMBHALA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8866847784	0	0
20	SUBIR	KHERINDRA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428453955	4	60
21	SUBIR	MOHPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429932772	0	0
22	SUBIR	SAVARDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408190175	6	90
23	SUBIR	SURIYABARDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9726055360	4	60
24	SUBIR	CHIKHALI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428542358	3	45
25	SUBIR	DAHER PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7990407680	5	75
26	SUBIR	DHAMADVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9510193551	3	45
27	SUBIR	GAYGOTHAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408696220	5	75
28	SUBIR	GHANA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427508378	12	180
29	SUBIR	GHUBDIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9687814245	5	75
30	SUBIR	KARANJDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429274006	4	60
31	SUBIR	LAVCHALI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9429530685	11	165
32	SUBIR	PADALKHADI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428392626	9	135
33	SUBIR	UGA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427173395	6	90
34	SUBIR	DHONGIAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9537034537	3	45
35	SUBIR	ISKHANDI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9773423855	5	75
36	SUBIR	LAHANKASAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427008933	3	45
37	SUBIR	MAHAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408415369	8	120
38	SUBIR	MOTIKASAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9409801232	1	15
39	SUBIR	RUIPADA SCHOOL	1-8	9409977884	5	75
40	SUBIR	SAWARDAKASAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9016237224	1	15

41	SUBIR	AMTHAVA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429785353	3	45
42	SUBIR	BARIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428808191	0	0
43	SUBIR	BEHDUN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408449263	4	60
44	SUBIR	BHONDVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427946350	4	60
45	SUBIR	GANVTHAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429014448	3	45
46	SUBIR	GAUHAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427713822	6	90
47	SUBIR	GURUDIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426321497	4	60
48	SUBIR	HANVATPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9484408838	14	210
49	SUBIR	JAMANSONDHA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426741675	3	45
50	SUBIR	JOGTHAWA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408445543	2	30
51	SUBIR	KARANJPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427802347	3	45
52	SUBIR	LAHANZADDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9824862594	4	60
53	SUBIR	MOTIZADDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427661082	3	45
54	SUBIR	PANDHARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429791177	0	0
55	SUBIR	PIPALDAHAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8141801096	14	210
56	SUBIR	SAVARKHAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428380581	4	60
57	SUBIR	SAVARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429274315	2	30
58	SUBIR	SHEPUAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429992946	2	30
59	SUBIR	SHIVBARA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429244589	3	45
60	SUBIR	AVALIYAMAL VARG SCHOOL	1-5	9428207255	2	30
61	SUBIR	BOKADMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408188347	2	30
62	SUBIR	CHICHPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408723171	4	60
63	SUBIR	HINDLA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9408449439	6	90
64	SUBIR	KAKADVIHIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426405402	3	45
65	SUBIR	KIRLI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429789542	0	0
66	SUBIR	LAMBASONDHA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	-	2	30
67	SUBIR	MAYADEVI VARG	1-5	9408739720	2	30
68	SUBIR	PIPALPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9624226516	3	45
69	SUBIR	PIPLAIDEVI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9426361215	10	150
70	SUBIR	PIPLAIDEVI VARG	1-5	9408648342	2	30
71	SUBIR	POLASMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427006258	3	45
72	SUBIR	VADPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408769672	4	60
73	SUBIR	BADINAGAVTHA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428159889	4	60

74	SUBIR	BARDIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429796657	3	45
75	SUBIR	BIBUPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427025167	4	60
76	SUBIR	BILBARI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429316289	5	75
77	SUBIR	DHOLIYAUMBAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8140138127	5	75
78	SUBIR	KATISFALIYA SCHOOL	1-5	9429791139	4	60
79	SUBIR	KEL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9687246670	3	45
80	SUBIR	MALAGA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427899501	8	120
81	SUBIR	PRIMARY SCHOOL NAKATYAHANVAT	1-8	9409471679	3	45
82	SUBIR	SATBABLA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9638563076	4	60
83	SUBIR	VAHUTIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428945903	9	135
84	SUBIR	AMLIPADA SCHOOL	1-5	9106185398	4	60
85	SUBIR	BILIAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9327477484	13	195
86	SUBIR	BURTHADI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7448225594	5	75
87	SUBIR	DHAMALA SCHOOL	1-5	9427868388	2	30
88	SUBIR	GAVDAHAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	6351630918	6	90
89	SUBIR	GIRMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426771383	8	120
90	SUBIR	JAMALA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5		4	60
91	SUBIR	JAMANYAMAL HEAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9687370706	6	90
92	SUBIR	JAMNIYAMAL VARG SCHOOL	1-5	9664621629	4	60
93	SUBIR	KAKSHALA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	6351750846	8	120
94	SUBIR	KHARDANDI SCHOOL	1-5	9016504324	3	45
95	SUBIR	NISHANA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9737077833	6	90
96	SUBIR	PRIMARY SCHOOL KESHBANDH	1-8	8849067367	10	150
97	SUBIR	SHINGANA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	6352532121	10	150
98	SUBIR	SINGARMAL SCHOOL	1-5	9825645517	4	60
99	SUBIR	TIMBARTHAVA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9978011233	9	135
100	SUBIR	ZARAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-6	9265475803	6	90
101	SUBIR	BARADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408650942	2	30
102	SUBIR	BHED SCHOOL	1-5	9428382485	6	90
103	SUBIR	HADOL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9978236234	2	30
104	SUBIR	JARSOL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9909680572	4	60
105	SUBIR	KADMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9426740975	18	270
106	SUBIR	KAGRIYAMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429785394	4	60
107	SUBIR	KASADBARI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429785560	3	45

108	SUBIR	LAHAN KADMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408081134	3	45
109	SUBIR	MOKHAMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9409186715	6	90
110	SUBIR	MOKHAMAL VARG SCHOOL	1-5	9664736530	2	30
111	SUBIR	PATELPADA SCHOOL	1-5	9408692581	2	30
112	SUBIR	SUBIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427153630	19	285
-	SUBIR	BRC SUBIR	-	9998252400	3	45

WAGHAI TALUKA DETAILS

267	WAGHAI	BHESHKATRI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7600554261	8	120
268	WAGHAI	BHONGDIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426490516	4	60
269	WAGHAI	BHUJAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9409506471	9	135
270	WAGHAI	DARDI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9979761248	2	30
271	WAGHAI	KAKRDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8141428291	3	45
272	WAGHAI	KANHADOLPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427634281	2	30
273	WAGHAI	KARLI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427408778	3	45
274	WAGHAI	KOLBARI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9408728616	3	45
275	WAGHAI	KOSHIMDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428169069	9	135
276	WAGHAI	SAVARKHADI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7567494867	5	75
277	WAGHAI	BORIGAVTHA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9687371675	3	45
278	WAGHAI	CHIKAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9979227793	17	255
279	WAGHAI	CHIKAR VARG SCHOOL	1-5	9898401322	1	15
280	WAGHAI	DHODHALPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7096228458	4	60
281	WAGHAI	GAIVAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426435214	0	0
282	WAGHAI	JAMANPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427516400	3	45
283	WAGHAI	KOSIMPATAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9484406676	3	45
284	WAGHAI	KOSMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9265512412	3	45
285	WAGHAI	KOYLIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9879451317	9	135
286	WAGHAI	VANZATAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427158021	3	45
287	WAGHAI	ZAVDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8758882208	16	240
288	WAGHAI	AMSARVALAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426868037	3	45
289	WAGHAI	BHENDMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426941877	1	15
290	WAGHAI	BORPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428882203	4	60
291	WAGHAI	DAGDIAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9909294994	5	75

292	WAGHAI	LAVARIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9409038987	11	165
293	WAGHAI	MALIN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427339672	2	30
294	WAGHAI	VAGHAMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7096574662	4	60
295	WAGHAI	BHADARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8758241125	4	60
296	WAGHAI	CHICHOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9913746261	3	45
297	WAGHAI	DAGUNIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9714002846	5	75
298	WAGHAI	DHANGADI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9726769818	4	60
299	WAGHAI	GURUKUL ASHRAM VIDYALAY	1-8	9714859757	0	0
300	WAGHAI	PRIMARY GUJ.SCHOOL DAGUNIYA (VARGA) PATEL FALIA	1-5	9427467628	2	30
301	WAGHAI	SADADMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7698532406	3	45
302	WAGHAI	SILOTMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9737355471	5	75
303	WAGHAI	BHALKHET PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9925775168	4	60
304	WAGHAI	CHIKHALA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427706176	5	75
305	WAGHAI	GODADIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429008837	3	45
306	WAGHAI	KALIBEL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9909207213	14	210
307	WAGHAI	KHOPARIAMBA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426503781	4	60
308	WAGHAI	PANDHARMAL VARG SCHOOL	1-5	9427780443	2	30
309	WAGHAI	PATALI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427893364	4	60
310	WAGHAI	TEKPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9429834066	8	120
311	WAGHAI	VANKAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9909284654	1	15
312	WAGHAI	BONDARMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8758774789	2	30
313	WAGHAI	DARAPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427865331	3	45
314	WAGHAI	GHODVAHAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7698071956	1	15
315	WAGHAI	GUNDVAHAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7046660433	9	135
316	WAGHAI	KANCHANPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9979296321	3	45
317	WAGHAI	LAHAN BARDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9574071010	2	30
318	WAGHAI	LAHANMALUNGA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7359849254	2	30
319	WAGHAI	MANMODI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7874360379	4	60
320	WAGHAI	MOTABARDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7820044200	1	15
321	WAGHAI	MOTAMALUNGA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8469689482	5	75
322	WAGHAI	MURAMBI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7359604260	3	45

323	WAGHAI	NADAGCHOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9898254033	15	225
324	WAGHAI	NIMBARPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9099294607	1	15
325	WAGHAI	SHULYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	6351331572	3	45
326	WAGHAI	SUPDAHAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429297837	2	30
327	WAGHAI	BAJ PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9979346723	7	105
328	WAGHAI	BARKHADHIYA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9979323197	8	120
329	WAGHAI	BARKHANDHYA VARG PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9724733727	2	30
330	WAGHAI	BHURBHENDI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9687460700	4	60
331	WAGHAI	CHIKAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9727597137	3	45
332	WAGHAI	DAGADPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9574133880	5	75
333	WAGHAI	DEVIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9979185716	3	45
334	WAGHAI	DOKPATAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8980823822	0	0
335	WAGHAI	JAMALAPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426332630	2	30
336	WAGHAI	KHIRMANI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7698484477	3	45
337	WAGHAI	RAMBHAS PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9974315615	11	165
338	WAGHAI	VANARCHOND PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9904445931	7	105
339	WAGHAI	AHERDI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7698754241	6	90
340	WAGHAI	AMBAPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427339268	3	45
341	WAGHAI	BORDAHAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8140825959	2	30
342	WAGHAI	BORIGAVTHA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9687236791	3	45
343	WAGHAI	CHIKHALDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8347244248	2	30
344	WAGHAI	KUMARBANDH PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8155094585	2	30
345	WAGHAI	KUNDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9574362991	3	45
346	WAGHAI	MOTIDABDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8155091203	5	75
347	WAGHAI	NANAPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9909633548	2	30
348	WAGHAI	NANIDABDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9638997120	5	75
349	WAGHAI	SAKARPATAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9624226481	5	75
350	WAGHAI	SHIVARIMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9574116682	6	90
351	WAGHAI	SUSARDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8238179090	5	75
352	WAGHAI	SUSARDAVARG PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9904513552	3	45
353	WAGHAI	CHIKAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	8160517135	3	45
354	WAGHAI	DIVDAYAVAN PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427469581	7	105

355	WAGHAI	GHODI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427485024	3	45
356	WAGHAI	GUNJPEDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9426282105	3	45
357	WAGHAI	KALAMKHET PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9429784823	2	30
358	WAGHAI	KHATAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9427663915	0	0
359	WAGHAI	MACHHALI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428168133	3	45
360	WAGHAI	SARVAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	8200978103	6	90
361	WAGHAI	SODMAL PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9574486155	2	30
362	WAGHAI	AMBAPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	7698325700	8	120
363	WAGHAI	BARDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9574925749	6	90
364	WAGHAI	BHAVADI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9427665580	4	60
365	WAGHAI	CHICHINAGAVTHA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428161918	11	165
366	WAGHAI	CHINCHPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9428164284	4	60
367	WAGHAI	DABDAR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9824518944	4	60
368	WAGHAI	DHADHARA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428381283	4	60
369	WAGHAI	DODIPADA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9558691600	4	60
370	WAGHAI	DUNGARDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9825035488	3	45
371	WAGHAI	GIRA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	7567211185	2	30
372	WAGHAI	KUDKAS PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9099302008	5	75
373	WAGHAI	KUKADNAKHI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9428022356	3	45
374	WAGHAI	RAJENDRAPUR PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-8	9974365224	8	120
375	WAGHAI	UGA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9624160040	3	45
376	WAGHAI	WAGHAI PRIMARY SCHOOL	1-5	9537493334	3	45
377	WAGHAI	WAGHAI TALUKA SHALA	1-8	9427185371	21	315
-	WAGHAI	BRC WAGHAI	-	7820044200	3	45
TOTAL					1748	26220

Dam Details in the District

Sr. no	Name of the dam	place	storable	Officer in charge
1	Saputara	Saputara	22.47 cu.ft	Executive Engineer, Department of Public Health and Welfare, Water Supply and Sewerage Board, Ahawa
2.	Bhiya	Bhiya	38.17 cu.ft	
3.	Kodamal	Kodamal	3.85 cu.ft	
4.	Mahardar	Mahardar	3.09 cu.ft	

Serial no. For 1 to 2 Saputara, Bhisya Dam, the water storage capacity can be increased by deepening and making the wall higher.

-: Details of NGOs and other Voluntary Organisations in the District: -

Sr. no	Name of Institution / Address	Contact
1	Shri P. P. Swamy Village Sri, PrayoshaPratisthan Malegaon, Jidang(BAPS)	9426440789
2.	The Aga Khan Trust, M.P.O. Ahwa, Dst. Dang	8238060112
3.	Sri Rovadan Trust, Ahwa Manager, Husenbhai, M.P.O. Ahwa,	02631-200653 9426872162
4.	Shri Nehru Youth Centre, Ahwamu.Po.Ahwa, Dst. Dang.	02631-200577 9427861040
5.	Lotus Development Trust, Manager Mr. Kalpeshbhai Ahire, M. Devalpada, Dst. Dang	9925960160
6.	BrahmakumariMeenakshiben PrajapitaBrahmakumari Centre, Dang Swarajya Ashram, M.P.O. Ahwa, Dst. Dang	9427618930
7.	Shri Sanjeev's Charitable Trust, Administrator Shri Kamleshbhai D. Patil, Mr. Vakil Colony, Po. Ahwa, Dst. Dang	9428064599
8.	Shri Sainila Trust, Ambapada, Ahva Opposite Jalaram Garage, Ahwa,G. Dang (Swimmer's Team) Mr. HiranbhaiVadu., M.Ahwa.	9426430634

AAPDA MITRA LIST

Sr. No	Name of Volunteer	Sex	Knowledge of Swimming	Concerned Taluka/ District	Phone Number
1	Dipak Rajubhai Mahajan	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9106697093
2	RavindaraMahendara Borse	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9712666678
3	Sagar ArunbhaiMandve	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9723864076
4	BhoyeArjunbhaiJivalbhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	8155938016
5	Bagul Chimanbhai Dharambhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	9427313835
6	ManbhavArvindbhaiManshbhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	7359994244
7	AjaybhaiSureshbhai Gond	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9428161640
8	Chaudhari SanjaybhaiVinubhai	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9428229947
9	Deshmukh VipulbhaiSureshbhai	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9624957291
10	Chaudhari Jayesh Yaswantbhai	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9428161640
11	ChuryaSachinbhaiDilipbhai	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9265875913
12	Chaudhari NiraJbhaiYaswantbhai	Male	Yes	Ahwa	9924637617
13	Pawar Shilaben Sitarambhai	Female	Yes	Subir	9408516594
14	BhoyeDaxabenchetanbhai	Female	Yes	Subir	9624165680
15	ZambreVijyabenPravinbhai	Female	Yes	Subir	9624165680
16	Gayakwad Ajaybhaibhavanbhai	Male	Yes	Subir	9484557211
17	Pawar SunilbhaiRajeshbhai	Male	Yes	Subir	
18	Malvi Rajubhai V	Male	Yes	Subir	9499590221
19	Thakare Kamlesh Shaileshbhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	9537032241
20	Govali Ramdas Bhilubhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	7621018295
21	Thakare SayleshbhaiJanubhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	9537496960
22	Tumbda Manubhai Sonubhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	9687356686
23	BariyaSureshbhaiBanasyabhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	9714911668
24	BhoyeGajendarabhaiRajulbhai	Male	Yes	Waghai	8980888336

List of Swimmers of Dang District

સાપુતારા યુનિટ હોમગાર્ડઝ સભ્યો તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ.નં.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ નં.
1	શિવાજીભાઈ રમણભાઈ પવાર	દબાસ	૭૬૨૧૮૨૪૯૬૮
2	સુમનભાઈ કાશિરામભાઈ વાઘમારે	બારીપાડા	૮૧૫૪૮૪૯૮૯૪
3	ચિંતાભાઈ દેવરામભાઈ બંગાળ	ગુંદિયા	૭૦૪૬૯૯૦૦૪૭
4	ગુલાબભાઈ સોમાભાઈ પવાર	કોટમદર	૯૭૧૨૦૧૪૫૪૦
5	લક્ષ્મણભાઈ ગંગારામભાઈ બાગુલ	કોટમદર	૯૭૧૨૦૧૪૫૪૦
6	મોતિરામભાઈ ચશવંતભાઈ ગાવિત	જાખાના	૯૩૨૪૯૩૨૧૫૩
7	કિશનભાઈ પાંડુભાઈ કાનાત	દબાસ	૮૩૪૭૧૯૨૫૬૮
8	રામુભાઈ.એલ.માહલે	જામદર	૯૫૭૪૧૫૮૩૦૮
9	મુકેશભાઈ સોમાભાઈ બાગુલ	કોટમદર	૮૨૩૮૯૬૦૦૭૮
10	ગુલાબભાઈ રામજીભાઈ ગાંગોડા	કોટમદર	૯૯૦૯૪૮૭૬૪૮

આહવા યુનિટ હોમગાર્ડઝ સભ્યો તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ.નં.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ નં.
1	જીતેશભાઈ તુળશીરામ રાઉત	સતી	૯૪૦૯૪૦૪૩૨૯
2	પરશુભાઈ જયરામભાઈ ગાવિત	ભવનદગડ	૯૪૨૭૭૭૩૪૫૨
3	ઉમેશભાઈ નાનુભાઈ જાદવ	સતી	૯૪૨૮૧૫૮૩૪૨
4	સુનિલભાઈ ઝીમાભાઈ ચૌર્યા	સતી	૯૪૨૬૨૮૩૪૨૫
5	વિનેશભાઈ સોનુભાઈ ફડવળ	સતી	૯૪૦૮૬૧૨૭૮૦
6	આનંદભાઈ શીવરામભાઈ ગાવિત	સરવર	૯૪૨૭૩૨૧૬૦૭
7	સાગરભાઈ અરૂણભાઈ માંડવે	આહવા	૯૭૨૩૮૬૪૦૭૬
8	દિપકભાઈ રાજુભાઈ મહાજન	આહવા	૬૩૫૩૫૩૮૮૧૦
9	અરવિંદભાઈ કાશીરામભાઈ પવાર	સતી	૯૪૦૯૯૨૩૪૧૦
10	ઈશ્વરભાઈ સોન્યાભાઈ બાગુલ	સુબીર	૯૪૨૬૩૮૬૦૪૨
11	સુનિલભાઈ મણીલાલભાઈ ગાવિત	કિરલી	૯૪૨૬૧૩૪૧૭૮
12	તુળશીરામભાઈ મોતુભાઈ ચૌધરી	માળગા	૯૪૨૮૪૯૧૫૯૩
13	કાંતીલાલભાઈ કોયાભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	ચીંચલી	૯૪૦૮૬૨૧૨૮૨
14	અલ્પેશભાઈ બુધનભાઈ પાલવા	ચીંચલી	૯૭૩૭૯૭૦૧૪૯
15	રાજેશભાઈ પંડીતભાઈ સાબળે	ચીંચલી	૯૪૨૯૬૩૦૯૪૬

વધઈ યુનિટ હોમગાર્ડઝ સભ્યો તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ.નં.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ નં.
1	મનુભાઈ સોનુભાઈ	આંબાપાડા	૯૬૮૭૯૫૬૬૮૬
2	સુનિલભાઈ પોસલ્યાભાઈ	આંબાપાડા	૯૫૩૭૭૪૬૫૧૮
3	સુરેશભાઈ બંશ્યાભાઈ	ઉગા-ચીચપાડા	૭૨૮૪૯૭૩૬૩૮
4	દેવજભાઈ બુદ્યાભાઈ	આંબાપાડા	૯૪૨૭૪૮૧૨૫૯
5	રાજેશભાઈ જતરભાઈ	ઉગા-ચીચપાડા	૯૬૨૪૯૯૫૨૯૫
6	સુરેશભાઈ સંતુભાઈ	ડોકપાતળ	૯૫૩૭૮૩૮૫૯૩
7	ઉમેશભાઈ જમનભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	૮૧૬૦૬૫૩૧૯૪
8	પ્રકાશભાઈ રાજુભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	૬૩૫૨૩૩૮૧૯૨
9	જમનભાઈ નાનુભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	૮૩૪૭૨૫૦૬૩૮
10	ગુલાબભાઈ રમણભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	૯૪૨૯૬૭૫૦૬૮
11	શીવરામભાઈ અર્જુનભાઈ	ચીકાર	૯૦૨૩૮૬૫૧૨૫
12	દિપકભાઈ બાબુરાવભાઈ	કુકડનખી	૯૪૨૮૧૬૮૯૬૭
13	જીજ્ઞેશભાઈ ગોવિંદભાઈ	કુકડનખી	૯૪૨૬૩૫૪૬૧૭
14	જિતેન્દ્રભાઈ રમેશભાઈ	કુકડનખી	૯૯૭૯૯૯૦૭૨૩
15	વિશાલભાઈ અનિલભાઈ	ચિચીનાગાવઠા	૯૪૦૯૫૧૪૪૬૪

Ahwa Taluka Swimmers

અ.નં.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ નં.
1	રમેશભાઈ	બારીપાડા	૭૩૫૯૮૪૪૧૦૦
2	શૈલેશભાઈગાંગુડે	બારીપાડા	૯૪૦૮૬૮૮૯૯૭
3	વિલાસભાઈ	બારીપાડા	૯૪૦૮૭૦૮૫૭૧
4	સંજયભાઈ બોરસે	બારીપાડા	૯૯૦૪૯૬૩૩૩૨
5	અજયભાઈ	બારીપાડા	૮૮૬૬૧૫૦૦૫૭
6	ઘનરાજભાઈ કાંતિલાલભાઈસાબળે	ચીંચલી	૯૪૨૭૮૬૪૮૩૫
7	પ્રદિપભાઈ સીતારામભાઈસુર્યવંશી	ચીંચલી	૯૪૨૭૮૬૪૮૩૫
8	વિનોદભાઈ ભાગવતભાઈબાગુલ	ચીંચલી	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
9	જિજ્ઞેશભાઈ મધુકરભાઈબાગુલ	ચીંચલી	૯૪૨૭૮૬૪૮૩૫
10	રમેશભાઈ રામદાસભાઈસોનીસ	ચીંચલી	૯૪૨૭૮૬૪૮૩૫
11	દિપકભાઈ શુકર્યાભાઈઆહિર	ચીંચલી	૯૪૨૭૮૬૪૮૩૫
12	રોહિતભાઈ અશોકભાઈસાબળે	ચીંચલી	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮

13	સંજયભાઈ અતિરામભાઈબહીરામ	ચીંચલી	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
14	પ્રકાશભાઈ રાહ્યાભાઈભોયે	ચીંચલી	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
15	રવિશભાઈ સોમનાથભાઈસાબળે	ચીંચલી	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
16	મનજીભાઈ જાનુભાઈજાદવ	મોરઝીરા	૮૮૭૮૨૨૫૭૪૭
17	શૈલેશભાઈ ગોપાળભાઈપવાર	મોરઝીરા	૮૮૭૮૨૨૫૭૪૭
18	સંદિપભાઈ મોહનભાઈગાંગુડે	મોરઝીરા	૮૮૭૮૨૨૫૭૪૭
19	તેજસભાઈ સુરેશભાઈબાગુલ	મોરઝીરા	૮૮૭૮૨૨૫૭૪૭
20	જયેશભાઈ લક્ષ્મણભાઈબાગુલ	મોરઝીરા	૮૮૭૮૨૨૫૭૪૭
21	મેહુલભાઈ રમેશભાઈબાગુલ	મોરઝીરા	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
22	સોમનાથભાઈ જાન્યાભાઈભોયે	મોરઝીરા	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
23	જગદીશભાઈ ઘનજીભાઈદેશમુખ	મોરઝીરા	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
24	કેશુભાઈ ગનસુભાઈચૌધરી	મોરઝીરા	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
25	ચશવંતભાઈ પુન્યાભાઈચૌધરી	મોરઝીરા	૮૩૦૬૫૦૫૫૧૮
26	શિવનભાઈ જાનુભાઈચૌધરી	ઘવલીદોડ	૮૪૦૮૪૪૬૫૨૪
27	શિવરામભાઈ ગોંદ્યાભાઈગવળી	ઘવલીદોડ	૮૪૦૮૪૪૬૫૨૪
28	રાજુભાઈ બદ્યાભાઈભોયે	ઘવલીદોડ	૮૪૨૭૮૬૪૮૩૫
29	નથુભાઈ ઝુલુભાઈભોયે	કોટબા	૮૪૦૮૧૮૦૧૫૮
30	અમદ્યાભાઈ હરિભાઈગવળી	કોટબા	૮૪૨૭૮૬૪૮૩૫
31	મોતીભાઈ રડુભાઈમાહલા	ધુડા	૮૪૦૮૦૮૦૭૩૪
32	શાંતારામ દયારામબરડે	કમધાવન	૮૪૨૮૫૩૧૨૨૫
33	કૈલાશભાઈ દામુભાઈબરડે	સાદડવિહીર	૮૪૮૪૪૮૮૧૧૧
34	સદુભાઈ મોહનભાઈપવાર	કડમાળ	૮૪૮૮૭૮૨૮૫૩
35	મહેશભાઈ અનંદરાવચૌધરી	હારપાડા	૮૪૨૮૫૩૧૨૨૫
36	ભરતભાઈ બુદ્યાભાઈભોયે	થોરપાડા	૮૪૮૪૪૮૮૧૧૧
37	અનાજીભાઈ ડી.ગાયકવાડ	ધુમખલ	૮૪૨૭૮૮૩૩૬૫
38	ચશવંતભાઈ મોતીરામભાઈચૌધરી	ધુમખલ	૮૭૨૬૩૮૭૪૭૭
39	ગણેશભાઈ કેવજીભાઈગાંવિત	ધુમખલ	૮૦૩૩૮૧૧૪૩૬
40	લક્ષ્મણભાઈ રાવજીભાઈપવાર	ધુમખલ	૮૪૨૭૮૮૩૩૬૫
41	શંકરભાઈ બુદ્યાભાઈબાગુલ	ધુમખલ	૮૭૨૬૩૮૭૪૭૭
42	સુર્યાભાઈ શંકરભાઈગાંગોડા	કોટમદર	૮૧૪૦૧૫૬૫૦૭
43	માહદ્યાભાઈ ગોવિંદભાઈબાગુલ	કોટમદર	૮૪૮૮૭૮૨૬૮૮
44	વિજયભાઈ ભાસ્કરભાઈબાગુલ	કોટમદર	૮૧૪૦૧૫૬૫૦૭
45	ગણેશભાઈ શુકરભાઈ બાગુલ	કોટમદર	૮૪૮૮૭૮૨૬૮૮
46	પપ્પુભાઈ જીવલ્યાભાઈગવળી	કોટમદર	૮૧૪૦૧૫૬૫૦૭
47	કમનસિંહ ચંદરસિંહપવાર	જાખાના	૮૭૨૬૩૮૭૪૭૭
48	સીતારામભાઈ ચશવંતભાઈપવાર	જાખાના	૮૧૪૦૧૫૬૫૦૭

49	વસંતભાઈ જયાભાઈ ભોયે	જાખાના	૯૪૯૯૭૯૨૬૯૯
50	દિપકભાઈ તારસિંગભાઈપવાર	જાખાના	૮૧૪૦૧૫૬૫૦૭
51	પંડિતભાઈ સોમાભાઈ ભોયે	જાખાના	૯૪૯૯૭૯૨૬૯૯
52	ચૌધરી દિનેશભાઈઈતુભાઈ	કરંજડી	૯૪૦૯૦૮૯૬૦૨
53	ચૌધરી બારકુભાઈબુધ્યાભાઈ	કરંજડી	૯૪૨૯૭૭૯૬૨૧
54	ગાવિત ગણેશભાઈવિનેશભાઈ	કરંજડી	૯૪૨૮૪૨૩૪૪૩
55	સુર્યવંશી કમલેશભાઈમંગુભાઈ	કરંજડી	૯૪૦૮૯૯૭૫૧૨
56	પવાર વિનુભાઈમન્યાભાઈ	કરંજડી	૯૪૨૬૯૨૩૭૧૦
57	ગાવિત જશવંતભાઈસુરેશભાઈ	કરંજડી	૯૪૦૯૪૩૩૮૧૨
58	ભોયે મુનાભાઈરમેશભાઈ	વાંઝીટેન્બ્રુન	૯૪૦૮૬૩૩૬૬૧
59	દિવા જીગનેશભાઈલક્ષ્મીભાઈ	વાંઝીટેન્બ્રુન	૯૪૦૯૫૨૩૩૪૦
60	વળવી છનાભાઈ સુર્યાભાઈ	વાંઝીટેન્બ્રુન	૯૪૦૯૯૭૭૫૩૫
61	પોજ્યા સુભાષભાઈગમનભાઈ	વાંઝીટેન્બ્રુન	૯૪૮૬૯૩૯૨૧
62	વળવી સતિષભાઈ સાયબુભાઈ	વાંઝીટેન્બ્રુન	૯૪૨૬૬૦૧૭૧૪
63	ઠાકરે દિલીપભાઈમોતીરામભાઈ	ટાંકલીપાડા	૯૪૨૬૦૧૯૯૪૦
64	સુર્યવંશી કાંતભાઈપ્રકાશભાઈ	ટાંકલીપાડા	૯૪૨૭૪૭૪૬૬૪
65	સુર્યવંશી કૈલાશભાઈનામદેવભાઈ	ટાંકલીપાડા	૯૪૦૯૫૫૧૮૫૩
66	માળવીશ સંજયભાઈસોમાભાઈ	ટાંકલીપાડા	૯૪૨૬૦૫૫૯૨૩
67	પવાર રમેશભાઈરતુભાઈ	ટાંકલીપાડા	૯૪૨૯૧૩૪૪૭૨
68	પવાર રતુભાઈઅવસુભાઈ	વંજારઘોડી	૯૪૦૮૭૨૮૫૫૮
69	સાબળે જયેશભાઈપંડિતભાઈ	વાયદુન	૯૪૨૯૬૮૫૪૫૩
70	કુવર જયુભાઈઆનંદભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૨૬૫૪૩૦૧૬૩
71	ચૌધરી સંતોષભાઈજમનભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૪૮૪૪૦૫૪૪૫
72	ચૌધરી આશિષભાઈઅરૂણભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૯૨૪૮૧૬૭૦૪
73	ગાવિત કાજુભાઈરતુભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૨૬૫૪૩૦૧૬૩
74	પવાર અનજભાઈરામુભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૪૮૪૪૦૫૪૪૫
75	પવાર રાજુભાઈકાળુભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૯૨૪૮૧૬૭૦૪
76	ગાંગુર્ડે અરવિંદભાઈજયરામભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૨૬૫૪૩૦૧૬૩
77	પવાર ગંગારામભાઈરામસભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૪૮૪૪૦૫૪૪૫
78	પવાર ચશવંતભાઈસમલુભાઈ	દિવાનટેન્બ્રુન	૯૯૨૪૮૧૬૭૦૪
79	વાઘમારે રાહુભાઈમન્યાભાઈ	ચનખલ	૯૪૨૮૩૭૯૦૭૫
80	પવાર રાજેશભાઈજયનભાઈ	ચનખલ	૮૧૪૦૪૫૧૬૬૬
81	ગાવિત કોલુભાઈબાબનભાઈ	ચનખલ	૯૪૨૯૦૮૧૫૪૫
82	ભોયે ચશવંતભાઈબેન્દુભાઈ	ચનખલ	૯૪૨૮૦૮૮૯૧૨
83	કિરણભાઈ ગમજભાઈગવળી	ચનખલ	૯૪૦૦૮૧૪૫૪૭
84	ભોયે મગનભાઈસીતારામભાઈ	ચનખલ	૯૯૭૮૦૬૨૭૬૮

85	ઝુલ્યાભાઈ મોહનભાઈપવાર	ચનખલ	૮૪૮૫૦૫૫૦૫
86	શીવરામભાઈ શંકરભાઈગાવિત	ચનખલ	૯૯૧૩૬૬૪૫૭૮
87	સચલેભાઈ અવસ્યાભાઈપવાર	ચનખલ	૯૪૨૯૦૯૪૪૫૬
88	ગમનભાઈ રમનભાઈપવાર	ચનખલ	૯૪૨૮૫૫૪૩૨
89	હિતેશભાઈ દેવરામભાઈચૌધરી	ચનખલ	૯૪૨૯૦૮૮૯૫૩
90	મોતીરામભાઈ ગાવિત	લહાનદભાસ	૯૪૨૬૧૬૫૫૪૭
91	મહેશભાઈ ઠાકરે	શામગહાન	૯૭૩૭૬૭૨૩૨૮
92	નિલેશભાઈ ઠાકરે	વનાર	૯૪૨૮૧૪૬૨૯૯
93	હેમરાજભાઈ ગાવિત	પાયરપાડા	૮૧૪૦૪૦૯૯૫૬
94	કિરણભાઈ બાગુલ	ઉમર્યા	૭૦૯૬૩૭૫૨૭૯
95	મનોજભાઈ ચૌધરી	સોનુનિયા	૯૪૨૬૯૨૩૬૪૮
96	ભરતભાઈ પાડવી	બરમ્યાવડ	૭૦૪૬૯૯૦૪૦૮
97	દેવજીભાઈ રાઉત	ચીખલી	૮૧૪૦૮૯૩૦૯૪
98	કલ્પેશભાઈ માવીય	ટેમ્બુનઘર્ટા	૯૪૨૬૮૯૫૭૦૦
99	અનિલભાઈ માહલે	આંબાડિયા	૭૦૯૬૩૦૧૪૬૫
100	મહેશભાઈ ભોવર	ભાપખલ	૯૫૭૪૫૨૭૦૬૪
101	અનિલભાઈ તુંબડા	નિરગુડમળ	૯૪૦૮૪૬૦૭૩૩
102	મનહરભાઈ ઠાકરે	ચિરાપાડા	૯૪૨૪૮૧૨૧૩૧
103	મિનેશભાઈ ગુલાબભાઈ	ચિયપાડા	૭૩૫૯૫૪૮૪૧૪
104	બળવંતભાઈ ઠાકરે	માલેગાવ	૯૪૨૮૩૭૯૧૨૪
105	કાળાભાઈ સોમાભાઈ	મોહપાડા	૯૪૮૪૬૩૧૦૭૫
106	રાજેશભાઈ ઠાકરે	પીપલપાડા	૭૦૯૬૮૬૪૨૫૦
107	રાજેશભાઈ કોલા	કોટમદર	૯૧૭૩૨૮૪૯૪૯
108	જયરામભાઈ ભોયે	ધુમખલ	૮૪૬૯૩૦૫૫૯૧
109	ધર્મેશભાઈ બિરારી	કાહડોળઘોડી	૮૧૪૦૬૧૨૧૬૬
110	ગણપતભાઈ ભોયે	જોગબારી	૭૬૯૮૫૩૦૯૧૪
111	રજનીકાંતભાઈ ભોયે	હુંબાપાડા	૭૦૪૬૯૯૨૪૪૬
112	ચીમનભાઈ પી. પવાર	ગોટિયામાળ	૭૮૭૪૭૨૫૮૭૩
113	મિનેષભાઈ ચૌધરી	ટાંકલીપાડા	૭૬૯૮૬૬૮૭૩૫
114	વિજયભાઈ જાદવ	જાખાના	૯૬૬૨૦૭૧૮૦૮
115	અશ્વિનભાઈ આર પવાર	મહારાઈચોંડ	૭૨૦૨૦૫૪૬૩૪
116	કિરણભાઈ દળવી	બરડપાણી	૭૦૪૬૮૨૯૧૨૭
117	સોમનાથભાઈ દેશમુખ	બોરીગાવઠા	૮૧૪૦૩૪૫૩૭૦
118	હનિફભાઈ બરડે	ઉમરપાડા	૭૩૫૯૧૫૨૪૨૯
119	માઘવભાઈ ગંગારામભાઈ	રાનપાડા	૮૧૪૦૩૮૭૨૭૬
120	મંદાભાઈ વાડુ	વિહિરઆંબા	૯૪૦૮૨૪૫૭૦૪

121	અવિનાશભાઈ જાદવ	મોટીદભાસ	૯૪૨૬૫૧૬૦૭૦
122	સુનિલભાઈ ઘાઘડે	લહાનચર્યા	૭૦૯૬૩૭૪૨૭૯
123	દેવીદાસભાઈ માહલે	જામદર	૯૬૨૪૪૩૨૫૧૭
124	વિલાસભાઈ	બારીપાડા	૯૯૦૪૮૩૯૪૯૮
125	દેવરામભાઈ	સિનબંધ	૯૬૨૪૪૭૫૬૩૧
126	અનીલભાઈ બરસાટ	બોરખલ	૯૬૨૭૮૨૮૩૦૧
127	મોહનભાઈ દેવાભાઈ ગવળી	વાંકી	૯૬૩૮૩૧૩૬૦૫
128	રવિન્દ્રભાઈ સુરેશભાઈ	બોરખેત	૯૪૨૭૮૬૪૪૬૦
129	કિરણભાઈ સાંતારામભાઈ ભુસારા	ગોંડલવિહિર	૭૬૨૩૦૫૨૯૦૮
130	મુકેશભાઈ સોનુભાઈ ભોચે	ધુબીટા	૯૪૨૧૨૧૧૧૩૮
131	દિલીપભાઈ એસ ગાંગોડા	ઘવલીદોડ	૯૪૨૬૬૬૭૫૪૩
132	અમરદિપ સખારામ પાલવા	કોટબા	૯૪૨૬૮૮૪૨૨૫
133	રાજુભાઈ સુરેશભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	ધુડા	૯૪૦૯૩૫૨૮૦૪
134	વિપુલભાઈ શીવદાસભાઈ ચૌધરી	પીપલઘોડી	૮૮૪૯૮૮૨૫૦૫
135	ઉમેશભાઈ ગુલાબભાઈ ગાંગુડે	સેન્દ્રિઆંબા	૯૪૦૯૪૦૬૨૬૪
136	કમલેશભાઈ તુળસીરામભાઈ દેશમુખ	મહાલપાડા	૮૩૪૭૦૭૦૪૨૦
137	પ્રભાતભાઈ જયરામભાઈ સાહેરે	નાંદનપેડા	૯૪૨૮૨૦૭૨૬૬
138	પ્રવણી જી. ચૌધરી	કલમવિહિર	૯૭૩૭૧૯૧૨૭૩

Waghai Taluka

અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મો.નં
૧	મંગુભાઈદામુભાઈ પવાર	વઘઈ (દ. ફ.)	૯૭૨૬૫૭૦૪૦૨
૨	વિજયભાઈમુળજીભાઈ બિરારી	વઘઈ (સિ. ફ.)	
૩	ગણેશભાઈલાહનુભાઈ ગાવિત	વઘઈ (સિ.ફ.)	
૪	કિશનભાઈસોમાભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	દોડીપાડા	૯૬૬૨૮૫૮૬૯૨
૫	ગણેશભાઈચિંતુભાઈ દેશમુખ	દોડીપાડા	
૬	શિવરાભાઈકાળુભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	દોડીપાડા	

ચિચિનાગાંવઠા તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મો.નં
૧	ભાવેશભાઈમોહનભાઈ માછી	ચીચીનાગાંવઠા	૯૪૨૭૪૩૬૭૨૮
૨	અનિલભાઈલક્ષ્મણભાઈમાછી	ચીચીનાગાંવઠા	
૩	હરીલાલભાઈકાંતુભાઈ ગાવિત	ચીચીનાગાંવઠા	
૪	કૈલાશડી. ચૌધરી	કુકડનખી	૯૪૦૮૪૪૯૮૬૨
૫	કિરણભાઈજાનુભાઈ પવાર	કુકડનખી	૯૦૯૯૬૬૧૭૬૬

૬	મિલેશરાપર્સીંગભાઈ માહલા	કુકડનખી	૯૪૨૬૧૧૦૯૨૯
૭	નંદાભાઈકે પવાર	કુકડસ	૯૪૨૯૩૪૭૭૦૩
૮	દિપકગંગલુ ખોટરે	કુકડસ	
૯	સંદિપએસ ભીવસન	કુકડસ	
૧૦	મંગાજાનુભાઈ પવાર	ઢાઢરા	૯૪૦૮૦૭૩૪૧૦
૧૧	કિશનકે માછી	ઢાઢરા	
૧૨	સોનીરાવકે ગોન્યા	ઢાઢરા	
૧૩	રમેશજીવા જુગરા	ભવાડી	૯૪૨૮૯૪૫૫૦૪
૧૪	ગમજીલાસુ ચૌહાણ	ભવાડી	
૧૫	રામચંદશુકર્યા પવાર	ભવાડી	

ડુંગરડા તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ. નું	નામ	ગામ	મો.નં
૧	હરીરામભાઈઅવશુ બાગુલ	ડુંગરડા	૭૬૯૮૭૭૦૮૯૫
૨	ચેતનભાઈગનશુ ગાંગોડા	ડુંગરડા	
૩	ગનશુભાઈકાળુભાઈ ગાંગોડા	ડુંગરડા	
૪	ધનજભાઈરુકુભાઈ પવાર	બોરીગાંવઠા	૮૧૪૧૪૯૨૯૬૨
૫	નાવજયાભાઈરુકુભાઈ પવાર	બોરીગાંવઠા	
૬	સીતરભાઈજીવ્યા ચૌધરી	બોરીગાંવઠા	
૭	પ્રભુભાઈમનુભાઈ ભોયે	બોરીગાંવઠા	
૮	મુકજભાઈતેરુભાઈ પવાર	બોરીગાંવઠા	૯૪૨૯૧૧૬૮૩૧
૯	ગુલચંદઅપદયા રાઉત	ગીરા	
૧૦	રાજેશભાઈજીવલુ ભગર્યા	ગીરા	
૧૧	દિલીપભાઈરામુભાઈ કેસર્યા	ગીરા	
૧૨	કમલેશભાઈભીમાભાઈ ચૌધરી	ગીરા	૯૫૮૬૬૦૪૬૫૦
૧૩	છનાભાઈછગન	દાબદર	
૧૪	દિનેશશુકરા	દાબદર	
૧૫	સલીમભાઈમોહન	દાબદર	
૧૬	ચંદુભાઈમણ	દાબદર	

ચીકાર તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ. નું	નામ	ગામ	મો.નં
૧	પવારઅલ્પેશભાઈ નગીનભાઈ	ચીકાર	૯૪૨૮૨૫૧૧૪૫
૨	પવારવિલ્સનભાઈ દેવાજ	ચીકાર	
૩	પવારચિંતુભાઈ શંકર	ચીકાર	૯૪૮૪૮૮૭૨૪૨
૪	પવારછગનભાઈ કાળુભાઈ	ચીકાર	૭૨૦૨૦૭૭૪૬૦

૫	પવારફિલીપભાઈ ગનુભાઈ	ચીકાર	
૬	પવારરાજેશભાઈ ચંદુભાઈ	ઘોઘલપાડા	૭૨૬૫૮૩૮૦૨૮
૭	પવારશુરેશભાઈ ચંદર	ઘોઘલપાડા	૯૭૧૪૩૩૦૮૫૯
૮	ભોયેકમલેશભાઈ ઘનજી	ઘોઘલપાડા	૯૭૩૭૧૭૪૫૪૮
૯	કનસ્યામુકેશભાઈ જયરામ	ઘોઘલપાડા	
૧૦	કનસ્યાસુરવેશ બીજલભાઈ	ઘોઘલપાડા	
૧૧	ગમજભાઈકાકડભાઈ પવાર	કોસીમપાતળ	૯૪૬૯૭૩૦૭૫૫
૧૨	ઉમેશભાઈજમુભાઈ પવાર	કોસીમપાતળ	
૧૩	કુલુભાઈકાકડભાઈ	કોસીમપાતળ	૭૬૯૮૭૬૭૪૪૭
૧૪	બાર્ડભાઈકુલુભાઈ	કોસીમપાતળ	

દગડીઆંબા તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ. નું.	નામ	ગામ	મો.નં
૧	દેવસુભાઈમાંદુભાઈ	દગડીઆંબા	૯૪૨૮૦૨૦૨૪૭
૨	વિપુલભાઈલલિચંદભાઈ	દગડીઆંબા	૯૪૨૭૮૭૭૪૭૪
૩	કાશીરામભાઈગનજભાઈ	મલીન	૯૪૨૭૬૮૦૬૭૧
૪	મનુભાઈરતનભાઈ	મલીન	
૫	વિજયભાઈગુલાબભાઈ	બોરપાડા	૯૯૨૫૯૫૭૦૭૯
૬	પરસ્યાભાઈરંગુભાઈ	બોરપાડા	
૭	જયરામભાઈમોદુભાઈ ખાનોલી	બરડા	૯૭૨૩૪૬૧૩૨૮
૮	દીનેશભાઈબુદ્યાભાઈ ખાનોલી	બરડા	

ભેંડમાળ તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મો.નં
૧	ખુશાલભાઈમોવજ્યાભાઈ	ભેંડમાળ	૯૯૨૪૦૦૭૫૭૮
૨	જયરામભાઈમોહનભાઈ	ભેંડમાળ	૭૩૫૯૪૭૫૪૨૨
૩	લાસ્યાભાઈસોનુભાઈ	લવાર્યા	૯૪૨૭૭૧૩૯૯૦
૪	નાન્યાભાઈચિન્તુભાઈ	લવાર્યા	૯૪૨૬૦૧૦૫૧૭
૫	નિલેશભાઈશુકરભાઈ બીરારી	વાઘમાળ	૮૧૪૩૦૫૨૫૧૬
૬	આનંદભાઈગાવિત	વાઘમાળ	૮૧૪૦૦૭૩૮૪૩
૭	રામદાસભાઈજીપુભાઈ કુંડુ	આમસરવલણ	૯૪૨૯૮૪૩૮૧૭
૮	સંજયભાઈદિવા લોખંડીયા	આમસરવલણ	૯૪૨૭૮૧૬૨૧૪
૯	રાજુભાઈમુલાભાઈ બીરારી	મોટીદાબદર	૭૬૨૨૯૦૦૯૬૨
૧૦	શાંતારામભાઈએસ. ભોયે	મોટીદાબદર	૮૧૫૬૦૬૧૧૮૨

ભાલખેત તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ. નું.	નામ	ગામ	મો.નં
---------	-----	-----	-------

૧	જમનુભાઈકાસુભાઈ ચૌર્યા	ભાલખેત	૯૪૦૮૩૩૮૦૫૩
૨	ગણેશભાઈસયાભાઈ બાર્યા	ભાલખેત	૯૪૨૬૪૨૭૪૦૭
૩	ઉનાભાઈશુકર્યાભાઈ પવાર	ભાલખેત	૯૪૨૭૨૭૭૩૨૬
૪	રોનેશભાઈગીરીશભાઈ ગાઈન	ભાલખેત	૯૪૨૭૬૩૬૨૫૩
૫	વિશાલસોમલભાઈ કામડી	ભાલખેત	૯૪૨૯૯૦૦૫૨૦
૬	ચંદેભાઈરાયજેભાઈ થાળકર	ખોપરીઆંબા	૯૪૨૬૧૩૯૦૨૧
૭	દશરૂભાઈલાહનુભાઈ થાળકર	ખોપરીઆંબા	૯૪૨૭૧૫૧૯૪૯
૮	સંજયભાઈદેવલેભાઈ થાળકર	ખોપરીઆંબા	૬૩૫૩૧૨૨૦૫૯
૯	અંકુભાઈગંગાભાઈ થાળકર	ખોપરીઆંબા	૭૯૮૪૭૬૦૨૧૮
૧૦	અપિનાશભાઈરાયજેશભાઈ થાળકર	ખોપરીઆંબા	૬૩૫૨૨૯૯૩૨૭
૧૧	સિતારામભાઈછગનભાઈ મિરઠા	ચિખલા	૯૪૨૯૮૩૪૦૫૩
૧૨	ઈશ્વરભાઈશંકરભાઈ ચૌધરી	ચિખલા	૯૪૨૬૪૩૧૨૫૫
૧૩	કિસનભાઈધનજભાઈ ધુલુમ	ચિખલા	૯૪૨૮૫૧૫૫૦૬
૧૪	શૈયલેશભાઈલક્ષુભાઈ થાળકર	ચિખલા	૯૪૮૪૫૫૭૮૧૫
૧૫	બચુભાઈસયલુભાઈ ચૌધરી	ચિખલા	

ગોદડીયા તરવૈયાની યાદી

અ. નું.	નામ	ગામ	મો.નં
૧	જીગ્નેશભાઈઆર ચૌધરી	ગોદડીયા	૯૦૨૩૫૧૨૭૮૦
૨	રતિલાલભાઈધર્માભાઈ માહલા	ગોદડીયા	૯૪૦૯૨૪૯૬૬૨
૩	મહેશભાઈશુકરભાઈ પવાર	ગોદડીયા	૯૩૧૬૬૫૩૬૦૮
૪	ચશવંતએવજીભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	ગોદડીયા	૯૩૧૬૮૭૧૧૩૪
૫	ગીરીશભાઈલાસુભાઈ ભોયે	ગોદડીયા	૯૪૦૯૪૬૪૨૮૧
૬	સીયાભાઈરામજભાઈ પવાર	પાતળી	૯૪૦૯૧૩૮૮૦૫
૭	નારસીંગભાઈકુલજીભાઈ પવાર	પાતળી	૯૪૨૭૬૭૬૭૨૮
૮	સોનજીભાઈએસવંત પવાર	પાતળી	૯૪૦૮૪૪૭૩૨૬
૯	વસંતભાઈઝીપરભાઈ પવાર	પાતળી	૯૪૨૭૬૭૪૨૩૭
૧૦	વિલસનભાઈસુબનભાઈ પવાર	પાતળી	૯૪૯૯૫૨૮૬૦૦
૧૧	દિનેશભાઈધનજભાઈ ભોયે	વાંકન	૬૩૫૨૧૫૪૨૮૭
૧૨	શૈલેશભાઈસોનજીભાઈ પવાર	વાંકન	૬૩૫૪૪૮૩૯૧૭
૧૩	કમલેશભાઈસનવભાઈ દેશમુખ	વાંકન	૯૪૨૯૦૧૭૮૩૪
૧૪	અશ્વિનભાઈસિમગુભાઈ ભોયે	વાંકન	૯૪૦૯૬૫૭૮૨૬
૧૫	રાજેશભાઈસનતભાઈ પવાર	વાંકન	૯૪૨૮૨૧૦૬૬૭
૧૬	જયરામભાઈજવરભાઈ ગાવિત	પાંઢરમાળ	૯૪૨૬૪૬૨૬૭૮
૧૭	મોતીરામભાઈઅમુભાઈ ગાવિત	પાંઢરમાળ	
૧૮	હરિલાલભાઈધનજભાઈ રાઉત	પાંઢરમાળ	૯૦૧૬૯૮૦૬૭૧

૧૯	રતનભાઈમાહર્યાભાઈ પવાર	પાંઢરમાળ	૯૫૧૦૫૯૧૨૮૭
૨૦	નિલેશભાઈસમનભાઈ ચૌધરી	પાંઢરમાળ	૬૩૫૩૫૪૪૬૮૬
૨૧	અરૂણભાઈસયાજીભાઈ રાઠોડ	કુશમાળ	૯૪૨૬૧૩૨૫૮૩
૨૨	રાજેશભાઈસોનુભાઈ રાઠોડ	કુશમાળ	૯૫૮૬૩૭૮૦૯૧
૨૩	શૈલેષભાઈકાળુભાઈ પવાર	કુશમાળ	૯૪૨૬૧૫૮૧૫૧
૨૪	પુલર્સીંગભાઈભાસીરામભાઈ બોરસા	કુશમાળ	
૨૫	અરવિંદભાઈએમ રાઠોડ	કુશમાળ	
૨૬	સાધુભાઈમનુભાઈ ચૌધરી	ચિકાર	૯૪૨૬૪૩૬૬૧૭
૨૭	સવનભાઈઅવસુભાઈ પવાર	ચિકાર	૯૯૦૪૬૨૮૫૬૬
૨૮	કૈલાશભાઈરાજુભાઈ પવાર	ચિકાર	૯૪૦૮૬૮૮૩૧૭
૨૯	સુભાષભાઈસોનુભાઈ ચૌધરી	ચિકાર	૭૦૪૬૫૦૫૩૬૩
૩૦	કુલચનભાઈધન્યભાઈ પવાર	ચિકાર	૯૪૨૬૪૨૮૪૦૪
૩૧	નિલેશભાઈકાસ્યાભાઈ તુંબડા	ઘોઘલપાડા	૭૦૯૬૮૨૪૨૯૦
૩૨	અનિલભાઈબુદ્યાભાઈ માછી	ઘોઘલપાડા	૯૪૨૮૦૬૬૫૦૩
૩૩	રાજેશભાઈસમરભાઈ ભોયે	ઘોઘલપાડા	૮૩૪૭૫૮૧૮૬૬
૩૪	કિશનભાઈરામજીભાઈ ધુમાડ	ઘોઘલપાડા	૯૪૨૭૬૫૨૦૧૪
૩૫	દેવલભાઈકાળુભાઈ ગાવિત	ઘોઘલપાડા	૭૦૯૬૩૪૬૦૫૦
૩૬	ઉમેશભાઈજીમુભાઈ પવાર	કોશીમપાતળ	૯૪૯૯૫૯૧૯૧૩
૩૭	મિનેશભાઈગોમા પવાર	કોશીમપાતળ	૯૫૧૦૧૬૮૪૦૩
૩૮	સુનિલભાઈસોમાભાઈ પવાર	કોશીમપાતળ	૯૪૨૭૬૦૮૭૭૫
૩૯	દિપકભાઈદેવસુભાઈ પવાર	કોશીમપાતળ	૯૭૧૪૬૬૮૭૨૫
૪૦	મોતીરામભાઈપોસલેભાઈ પવાર	કોશીમપાતળ	૯૪૨૮૫૨૪૫૮૬

ખાતળપંચાયત-તરવૈયાની યાદી

ખાતળ			
અ.નું	નામ	ગામનું નામ	મોબાઈલ
1	બાબુરાવમનસુવધેરા	ખાતળ	9426906445
2	ઈદરચંદર પવાર	ખાતળ	9427298563
3	પરેશજીના ગવિત	ખાતળ	9427818979
માછળી			
અ.નું	નામ	ગામનું નામ	મોબાઈલ
1	સુનિલસોનું બાગુલ	માછળી	9425758741
2	બસ્તરજીલિયાપવાર	માછળી	9408384062
3	શિવાભાઈબનસ્યા પવાર	માછળી	9429315709
દિવડયાવન			
અ.નું	નામ	ગામનું નામ	મોબાઈલ

1	પ્રકાશદશરૂ દેશમુખ	દિવડયાવન	8320875963
2	ગોવિંદમનશુપવાર	દિવડયાવન	9429926252
3	મધુગનસ્થાપવાર	દિવડયાવન	9408303454
સરવરસેજા ના -તરવૈયાની યાદી			
સરવર			
અ.નું	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
1	રિતેશશુકીરાવ માહલા	સરવર	9484558485
2	ઉમેસરામચદ્દુ ભોયે	સરવર	9429686284
3	અરવિંદમનાજ ભોયે	સરવર	9409462236
4	સંદીપમનાજ ભોયે	સરવર	9427434146
5	સુનીલધર્મ ભોયે	સરવર	9428369751
કલમખેત			
અ.નું	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
1	જસવંતઈન્દરપવાર	કલમખેત	9427731177
2	સોનિરાવઅખ્યાત પવાર	કલમખેત	9429347857
3	અશ્વિનગમજ પવાર	કલમખેત	9426111051
4	દિલીપદેવરામપવાર	કલમખેત	9429829294
5	અમિતરમસુ પવાર	કલમખેત	9510252218
ગુંજપેડા			
અ.નું	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
1	અશોકજીવલ પવાર	ગુંજપેડા	9408452528
2	અમ્મરકાસુ પવાર	ગુંજપેડા	94291449117
3	મોહનજીવલપવાર	ગુંજપેડા	9409599675
4	કાસીરામસોમા પવાર	ગુંજપેડા	9429058264
5	કેશવધર્મ પવાર	ગુંજપેડા	9408463108
સોડમાળ			
અ.નું	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
1	ભોયેકમલેશ મનસુ	સોડમાળ	9425876312
2	સુરેશનાનજી મહાલા	સોડમાળ	9913375412
3	વિજયકાન્ત ચોધરી	સોડમાળ	9425876327
4	દેવરામરૂપાલા ચોધરિ	સોડમાળ	9712548299
5	મહાલાનાનજી જાના	સોડમાળ	9452145295
ઘોડી			
અ.નું	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
1	ગમજયાકાબ્યા બાગુલ	ઘોડી	9427485024
2	રમેશમનસુ ગાયકવાડ	ઘોડી	9429019651

૩	કાળુભાટિયા પવાર	ઘોડી	9427089963
4	સમર્સીંગસોનીરાવ બંગાળ	ઘોડી	9429791948
નાનાપાડાપંચાયત			
અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
૧	મુકેશભાઈડી ગાઈન	નાનાપાડા	૯૯૦૪૫૫૦૨૩૬
૨	નિતીનભાઈએસ પવાર	નાનાપાડા	૭૦૯૬૯૧૬૪૯૩
૩	અમ્રતભાઈએલ ગાવિત	નાનાપાડા	૯૫૭૪૪૮૯૮૧૭
૪	અનિલભાઈએન જોગાર્યા	નાનાપાડા	૯૦૯૯૧૭૬૩૧૯
૫	ઈશ્વરભાઈજી તુંબડા	નાનાપાડા	૮૧૫૬૦૭૦૦૯૮
૬	એવજનભાઈબિ પવાર	શીવારીમાળ	૮૧૪૦૭૩૧૧૧૭
૭	પિન્ડ્યાભાઈએમ ભોયે	શીવારીમાળ	૯૦૮૧૭૭૨૩૮૫
૮	સકારમભાઈમુલુભાઈ ભોયે	શીવારીમાળ	૯૪૨૭૩૧૩૩૨૫
૯	વિજયભાઈઆર પવાર	શીવારીમાળ	૯૭૨૩૫૯૭૭૧૪
૧૦	સોન્યાભાઈયુ પવાર	શીવારીમાળ	૭૨૬૫૦૦૮૯૧૦
૧૧	શિવદાસભાઈએસ કડાળી	આંબાપાડા	૭૦૯૬૬૬૦૪૭૧
૧૨	શુકર્યાભાઈએસ ભમરે	આંબાપાડા	૯૭૩૭૯૫૦૫૨૯
૧૩	કૈલાશભાઈએમ થોરાટ	આંબાપાડા	૭૦૬૯૪૯૩૪૨૯
૧૪	જમનભાઈસોમાભાઈ અરઘ	આંબાપાડા	૯૪૦૮૯૯૨૫૯૩
૧૫	કેશવભાઈજે વાહુટયા	આંબાપાડા	૭૦૯૬૬૨૪૪૧૬
૧૬	સનભાઈડી પવાર	કુમારબંધ	૯૪૨૬૬૭૯૭૧૩
૧૭	રમેશભાઈએસ પવાર	કુમારબંધ	૭૨૦૫૯૪૪૭૨૭
૧૮	દેવરામએમ ગાંગોડા	કુમારબંધ	
૧૯	શંકરભાઈએન ગાંગોડા	કુમારબંધ	
૨૦	ધર્મુભાઈસી ભોયે	કુમારબંધ	૮૩૪૭૪૬૮૨૪૨
૨૧	યોહાનભાઈજી પવાર	બોરદહાડ	૬૩૫૬૭૦૯૮૪૭
૨૨	કમલેશભાઈએસ પુઘાન	બોરદહાડ	૮૩૪૭૪૬૭૧૯૪
૨૩	લાલુભાઈજી પવાર	બોરદહાડ	૭૩૯૮૯૭૮૦૮૩
૨૪	વિજયભાઈગવનભાઈ પવાર	બોરદહાડ	
૨૫	શાંતુભાઈડી વાઘમારે	બોરદહાડ	૯૫૮૬૩૬૯૮૨૧
૨૬	અરવિંદભાઈડી લાહરે	આહેરડી	૯૫૭૪૮૯૭૩૮૯
૨૭	શ્રાવણભાઈએમ પવાર	આહેરડી	૯૫૭૪૭૪૦૪૫૧
૨૮	વિજયભાઈઆર રેંજડ	આહેરડી	૮૧૫૩૦૩૯૬૯૪
૨૯	છગનભાઈબી તુંબડા	આહેરડી	૮૧૫૪૦૫૯૨૯૨
૩૦	રામુભાઈઆર સાહરે	આહેરડી	૮૧૫૩૮૫૪૬૦૭
દગુનીયાપંચાયત			
અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ

૧	ચિંતાભાઈજી ચૌધરી	દગુનીયા	૯૯૨૪૧૫૧૦૧૧
૨	દિવુભાઈકે વામડ	દગુનીયા	૯૪૨૭૫૦૯૦૮૦
૩	શંકરભાઈકે પવાર	દગુનીયા	૯૪૨૬૫૮૦૪૧૮
૪	દેવરામાએમ કાનળ	દગુનીયા	
૫	પરસુભાઈએમ હળકે	દગુનીયા	
૬	સુરેશભાઈએમ ગાયકવાડ	બરડા	૭૦૪૮૫૪૪૮૬૨
૭	લક્ષ્મણભાઈડી ચૌધરી	બરડા	૯૫૭૪૫૮૬૦૧૨
૮	ગંગારામભાઈબી માહલા	બરડા	૯૬૨૪૮૩૧૩૬૩
૯	સુરેશભાઈએમ ખૂરખૂટિયા	બરડા	૭૬૨૧૯૩૧૫૮૮
૧૦	જીજ્ઞેશભાઈદેવરામભાઈ	બરડા	૮૧૫૫૦૧૦૪૭૨
૧૧	પાંડુભાઈબી ભોયે	ઘોડવહળ	૯૯૨૪૭૫૮૮૬૮
૧૨	ગુલાબભાઈએમ ચૌધરી	ઘોડવહળ	૯૪૯૯૬૬૭૦૬૨
૧૩	સુરેશભાઈએમ દેશમુખ	ઘોડવહળ	૭૦૯૬૫૧૫૨૨૦
૧૪	રખુભાઈઉખારામભાઈ જાદવ	ઘોડવહળ	૭૬૯૮૫૨૭૮૭૯
૧૫	પ્રવિણભાઈએમ દેશમુખ	ઘોડવહળ	૮૧૫૫૦૧૪૫૫૧
૧૬	બાળુભાઈએમ ગાવિત	સુપદહાડ	૭૩૫૯૧૫૬૭૩૦
૧૭	સોમનાથભાઈએમ ગાવિત	સુપદહાડ	૯૭૩૭૨૯૧૪૮૨
૧૮	પરસ્યાભાઈબી પવાર	સુપદહાડ	૯૪૨૪૪૫૩૭૩૨
૧૯	હિરામણભાઈઈ ચૌર્યા	સુપદહાડ	૭૦૯૬૬૪૩૩૦૫
૨૦	રામચંદ્રભાઈજી ગાવિત	સુપદહાડ	૯૪૨૬૪૬૩૬૦૨

બારખાંધ્યાપંચાયત

અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
૧	વસંતભાઈએમ તુંબડા	બારખાંધ્યા	૭૬૯૮૫૪૩૯૯૯
૨	કૈલાશભાઈએ ભોયે	બારખાંધ્યા	૯૦૯૯૨૦૧૩૯૩
૩	શાંતીલાલએલ બિરારી	બારખાંધ્યા	૮૭૫૮૪૫૬૫૨૩
૪	રમેશભાઈજે વારડે	બારખાંધ્યા	૭૨૦૨૮૬૫૭૮૨
૫	આનંદભાઈબી બિરારી	બારખાંધ્યા	૯૪૦૯૪૪૦૦૮૪
૬	દિલીપભાઈસી માહલા	ખીરમાણી	૯૬૨૪૨૨૮૪૭૮
૭	નિલેશભાઈસી પાલવે	ખીરમાણી	૯૦૯૯૨૦૩૫૬૪
૮	મોહનભાઈમાહધ્યા	ખીરમાણી	૯૪૦૮૯૧૩૩૧૩
૯	સાધુરામભાઈબી ગવળી	ખીરમાણી	
૧૦	હરીરામજી ગવળી	ખીરમાણી	
૧૧	મગનભાઈબી ગાવિત	દગડપાડા	૯૬૮૭૪૬૦૨૬૯
૧૨	નિલેશભાઈએમ પતેલ	દગડપાડા	૯૭૨૬૭૫૧૪૭૬
૧૩	રામચંદ્રભાઈટી પાડવી	દગડપાડા	
૧૪	બીબલુભાઈબી ભોયે	દગડપાડા	૯૫૮૬૫૨૯૦૯૯

૧૫	સોનજીભાઈએ ગાયકવાડ	દગડપાડા	
૧૬	પરસુભાઈડી ગાંગોડા	ભુરભેંડી	૭૩૫૬૪૭૪૨૬૩
૧૭	હરીશભાઈકે વાઘમારે	ભુરભેંડી	૭૦૪૬૧૦૧૨૨૫
૧૮	દિનેશભાઈસી ગાંગોડા	ભુરભેંડી	
૧૯	વિલેશભાઈસી વાઘમારે	ભુરભેંડી	
૨૦	ઈશ્વરભાઈબી ચૌધરિ	ભુરભેંડી	૭૨૦૨૯૬૬૮૯૩
ભેંસકાત્રીપંચાયત			
અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
૧	ભરતભાઈકુથિયાભાઈ ગાંગોડા	ભેંસકાત્રી	૯૦૧૬૪૦૨૯૯૫
૨	ગુલાબભાઈઉંબરભાઈ પવાર	ભેંસકાત્રી	૯૪૨૬૨૧૯૮૧૨
૩	રાજેશભાઈભગુભાઈ ધુલુમ	કાકરદા	૯૪૨૭૬૩૦૫૧૦
૪	અનિલભાઈજયલુભાઈ પવાર	કાકરદા	૯૪૨૭૬૩૦૯૧૦
૫	નિલેશભાઈરંગાભાઈ મરળી	ભોંગડીયા	૯૩૭૭૦૬૬૭૮૫
૬	રમેશભાઈઆવજુભાઈ તુબડા	ભોંગડીયા	૯૩૨૭૩૩૦૮૧૦
૭	ગણપતભાઈમંગળભાઈ દેશમૂખ	એઠિજનપાદા	૯૪૦૯૫૩૦૪૩૮
૮	કિશનભાઈએવાજભાઈ પવાર	એઠિજનપાદા	૯૪૨૯૨૯૯૩૬૮
નડગચોડપંચાયત			
અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
૧	અંબાદાસભાઈકાશીરામભાઈ	મુરંબી	૯૪૮૪૪૦૬૯૧૧
૨	વસનભાઈલક્ષ્મણભાઈ	મુરંબી	૯૪૮૪૬૩૧૦૬૯
૩	જગુભાઈમધુભાઈ	મુરંબી	૯૪૦૯૦૫૬૧૯૨
૪	અનિલભાઈપિનુભાઈ	મુરંબી	૯૪૦૯૦૫૬૫૧૧
૫	કાશુભાઈનાનુભાઈ	મુરંબી	૮૧૫૩૮૬૧૬૭૦
૬	કિશનભાઈલહાનુભાઈ લહેરે	દરાપાડા	૯૪૨૭૯૫૪૯૯૩
૭	ધનરાજભાઈરામજીભાઈ દોડકા	દરાપાડા	૯૯૨૪૪૫૧૦૪૫
૮	દેવરામભાઈરામજીભાઈ બારિયા	દરાપાડા	૯૪૦૮૧૫૫૦૮૭
૯	મધુભાઈકાળુભાઈ જોગાર્યા	દરાપાડા	૯૦૧૧૭૮૬૩૭૯
૧૦	ભગુભાઈસકારામભાઈ સાહેરે	દરાપાડા	૮૧૫૩૮૦૧૩૩૬
૧૧	ચંદુભાઈદેવાજીભાઈ દળવી	ગુંદવહળ	૯૪૨૮૦૧૩૩૩૨
૧૨	શયજીભાઈબયાજીભાઈ ગવળી	ગુંદવહળ	૯૪૨૭૯૪૪૨૧૪
૧૩	યશવંતભાઈરામુભાઈ સાહેરે	ગુંદવહળ	૮૩૪૭૫૧૧૩૩૬
૧૪	મોહનભાઈકાળુભાઈ સાહેરે	ગુંદવહળ	૯૫૭૪૫૯૨૬૬૨
૧૫	ઉમેશભાઈએવાજભાઈ પવાર	ગુંદવહળ	૯૪૨૬૨૫૮૯૯૬
૧૬	ગણેશભાઈહેરેશભાઈ ધુળે	નડગચોડ	૭૦૪૬૫૫૩૬૦૪
૧૭	સતિષભાઈમધુભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	નડગચોડ	૯૪૨૮૧૯૬૭૦૩
૧૮	રમણભાઈરઘુનાથભાઈ ધુળે	નડગચોડ	૯૦૮૧૨૩૭૭૫૧

૧૯	ચોસેફભાઈપરસુભાઈ પવાર	નડગચોંડ	૭૨૦૩૦૭૦૩૧૯
૨૦	અજયભાઈસુરેશભાઈ મોહવરે	નડગચોંડ	૯૪૦૮૮૦૨૩૦૮
માનમોડીપંચાયત			
અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ
૧	મુકેશભાઈશ્રીરામભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	મોટામાનુંગા	૯૫૨૯૬૬૩૫૨૩
૨	યશવંતભાઈસોન્યાભાઈ ગાવિત	મોટામાનુંગા	૯૪૨૬૫૦૦૧૨૯
૩	માધવભાઈશિવાભાઈ ગાવિત	મોટામાનુંગા	૯૪૦૮૬૮૩૫૪૨
૪	સુરેશભાઈગોવિંદભાઈ શેવરે	મોટામાનુંગા	૭૩૫૯૭૪૮૧૬૬
૫	રામાભાઈશિવરામભાઈ વારડે	મોટામાનુંગા	૯૭૨૪૦૨૬૦૨૧
૬	ચિમનભાઈદિરાજીભાઈ થવીલ	લહાનમાનુંગા	૯૪૨૮૮૮૬૧૩૬
૭	શિતારામભાઈરામજીભાઈ માહલે	લહાનમાનુંગા	૯૫૮૬૪૫૪૩૭૧
૮	સુભાષભાઈપ્રભુભાઈ ગાવિત	લહાનમાનુંગા	૯૦૯૮૮૨૬૦૨૧
૯	શંકરભાઈજયરામભાઈ શેવરે	લહાનમાનુંગા	૭૫૬૭૬૬૨૫૫૩
૧૦	કિષ્નાભાઈરામજીભાઈ માહલે	લહાનમાનુંગા	૭૦૪૬૫૫૩૦૯૩
૧૧	રાન્યાભાઈશુક્લભાઈ વાઘ	બોંડારમાળ	૯૫૭૪૬૬૧૨૩૧
૧૨	હરિભાઈમાહદુભાઈ લહરે	બોંડારમાળ	૭૦૬૯૨૩૨૩૫૮
૧૩	કિશનભાઈલાહનુભાઈ લહરે	બોંડારમાળ	૮૧૫૫૦૯૦૮૪૫
૧૪	સુરેશભાઈશુકરભાઈ કોતવાલ	બોંડારમાળ	
૧૫	લક્ષ્મણભાઈદેવરામભાઈ થવિલ	બોંડારમાળ	
૧૬	રાજુભાઈઝીપરભાઈ દેશમુખ	નિંબારપાડા	૭૩૫૯૮૩૭૯૦૫
૧૭	વસંતભાઈહિરાજીભાઈ ગાવિત	નિંબારપાડા	૭૬૨૩૯૮૮૭૦૬
૧૮	અર્જુનભાઈકાસુભાઈ ગાવિત	નિંબારપાડા	૯૫૭૪૧૩૮૩૧૧
૧૯	સીતારામભાઈધવળભાઈ ચૌધરી	નિંબારપાડા	૯૪૨૮૦૧૧૭૪૪
૨૦	ભોવાનભાઈહરિભાઈ ચૌધરી	નિંબારપાડા	૬૩૫૩૧૯૨૯૫૧
૨૧	બાપુભાઈબનસ્યાભાઈ જાદવ	કાંચનપાડા	૯૭૩૭૬૫૮૪૮૩
૨૨	હિરામણભાઈસોનુભાઈ પવાર	કાંચનપાડા	૯૫૭૪૪૭૪૪૦૩
૨૩	યશવંતભાઈધર્માભાઈ ગાંગુડે	કાંચનપાડા	
૨૪	જયરામભાઈશુકર્યાભાઈ જાદવ	કાંચનપાડા	
૨૫	આનંદભાઈભાવલુભાઈ ગાવિત	કાંચનપાડા	
૨૬	કાશીનાથભાઈહરિભાઈ પવાર	માનમોડી	૭૨૦૩૦૮૯૪૨૫
૨૭	અનિલભાઈદતુભાઈ ચૌધરી	માનમોડી	૭૨૦૩૦૮૪૬૩૪
૨૮	બુધ્યાભાઈશિવરામભાઈ ગાંગુડે	માનમોડી	૯૬૨૪૮૯૩૪૩૫
૨૯	પ્રકાશભાઈપાંડુભાઈ પવાર	માનમોડી	૮૭૫૮૨૫૬૧૧૦
૩૦	દિલીપભાઈંગારામભાઈ ચૌધરી	માનમોડી	૯૪૦૯૫૦૨૫૮૩
રંભાસપંચાયત			
અ.નું.	નામ	ગામ	મોબાઈલ

૧	વિજયભાઈતુળશીરામભાઈ	રંભાસ	૯૪૨૮૦૬૮૬૬૪
૨	દિનેશભાઈમોહનભાઈ	રંભાસ	૮૯૮૦૩૨૬૦૨૯
૩	રાજેશભાઈતુળશાભાઈ	રંભાસ	૯૯૨૫૮૦૫૮૨૨
૪	સુનિલભાઈમોતીલાલ	રંભાસ	૭૮૭૪૫૯૨૫૬૫
૫	હરીભાઈદેવજભાઈ	રંભાસ	૯૭૨૬૫૭૩૦૫૧
૬	કલ્પેશભાઈચીનુભાઈ	જામલાપાડા	૯૫૭૪૩૮૨૨૬૯
૭	ગમનભાઈકુન્યાભાઈ	જામલાપાડા	૭૦૯૬૭૦૬૧૯૩
૮	ચેતનભાઈગનાજભાઈ	જામલાપાડા	૭૦૬૯૪૧૫૦૭૧
૯	શિવાભાઈશુકરભાઈ	જામલાપાડા	
૧૦	મધુભાઈમાહદુભાઈ	જામલાપાડા	
૧૧	શંકરભાઈમામલભાઈ	ચિકાર (રંભાસ)	૯૪૨૭૭૭૫૩૭૦
૧૨	સીતારામભાઈબાળજભાઈ	ચિકાર (રંભાસ)	૭૫૬૭૯૬૯૮૪૨
૧૩	પુનેભાઈબુધ્યાભાઈ	ચિકાર (રંભાસ)	૮૧૫૩૮૪૯૫૯૬
૧૪	રાજેન્દ્રભાઈહરીભાઈ	ચિકાર (રંભાસ)	૭૪૩૩૦૮૮૯૬૦
૧૫	સોમાભાઈમનાજભાઈ	ચિકાર (રંભાસ)	૭૩૫૯૨૦૯૨૧૧
૧૬	રાજેશભાઈસોનુભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	૯૦૯૯૧૮૩૦૪૭
૧૭	ગુલાબભાઈધનજુભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	૯૮૨૪૨૧૩૨૭૭
૧૮	જયેશભાઈસિકારામભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	૭૮૭૪૮૪૮૪૭૬
૧૯	સુરજભાઈહરિભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	
૨૦	ગુલાબભાઈમણભાઈ	દેવીપાડા	
૨૧	મધુભાઈચીમનભાઈ	બાજ	૭૫૬૭૬૦૧૫૭
૨૨	ચંદુભાઈસોમાભાઈ	બાજ	૯૭૨૭૬૬૧૪૨૭
૨૩	સોમનાથભઈઅમ્રતભાઈ	બાજ	
૨૪	ગયજુભાઈસિયારામભાઈ	બાજ	૯૯૨૫૯૮૩૭૧૩
૨૫	પુન્યાભાઈલાહનુભાઈ	બાજ	૬૩૫૬૯૧૩૨૧૯

Subir Taluka

–:ચિંચવિહીર પંચાયત:–

અ.નં	ગામનુનામ	તરવૈયાનુંનામ	મોબાઈલનંબર
૧	ચિંચવિહીર	અશોકભાઈ શાંતારામભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૦૮૪૪૯૨૦૮
૨	ચિંચવિહીર	હર્ષદભાઈ અંત્યાભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૨૭૩૦૦૬૬૯
૩	બાજુર્ણા	બાગુલ બન્ડુભાઈ રામજ્યાભાઈ	૯૪૨૮૪૩૪૯૫૮
૪	બાજુર્ણા	બાગુલ રતુભાઈ ધર્માભાઈ	૯૪૨૯૮૬૧૩૮૪
૫	જુન્નેર	વસનભાઈ જીવલ્યાભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૨૭૮૪૫૧૭૩
૬	જુન્નેર	છગનભાઈ કેશુભાઈ ઠાકરે	૯૪૨૮૩૮૩૧૬૯

૭	ખેરિન્દ્રા	ચૌધરી વિજયભાઈ સેત્યાભાઈ	૯૪૦૮૫૨૨૩૫૭
૮	ખેરિન્દ્રા	દેશમુખ અંતુભાઈ શુકર્યાભાઈ	૯૪૨૭૪૮૨૭૬૦
૯	સાવરદા	જીતેશભાઈ દામુભાઈ બાગુલ	૯૪૨૮૧૬૧૨૧૫
૧૦	ચમારપાડા	શિવરામભાઈ ભિમડ્યાભાઈ ચૌધરી	
શેપુઆંબા પંચાયત:-			
૧૧	શેપુઆંબા	દેશમુખ બિપીનભાઈ જીવુભાઈ	૯૪૨૬૭૪૨૯૫૮
૧૨	શેપુઆંબા	વાઘમારે રાહુલભાઈ સંપતભાઈ	
૧૩	કરંજપાડા	પવાર રમણભાઈ કે.	૯૪૦૮૩૨૮૮૭૭
૧૪	કરંજપાડા	પવાર ગુલાભાઈ સખારામભાઈ	
૧૫	લહાનકાડદર	કુંવર મોતીરામભાઈ ચંદરભાઈ	૯૪૨૮૭૧૭૨૮૨
૧૬	મોટીકાડદર	અનેશભાઈ લોટુભાઈ કુંવર	૯૪૨૮૨૨૭૧૬૮
૧૭	મોટીકાડદર	બુધાભાઈ અવસુભાઈ ચૌધરી	
૧૮	પાંઢરપાડા	શિંદે પ્રદિપભાઈ રામજીભાઈ	૯૪૨૭૬૪૮૮૭૨
૧૯	પાંઢરપાડા	ગાયકવાડ વિરલભાઈ ભોવાનભાઈ	
૨૦	શિવબારા	રમણભાઈ ભિરડુભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૦૯૧૪૭૩૩૭
૨૧	શિવબારા	શિંદે રમેશભાઈ ફકરભાઈ	
કડમાળ પંચાયત:-			
૨૨	કડમાળ	શિવુભાઈ મંગળ્યાભાઈ કાનાત	૯૭૭૩૧૫૮૫૩૦
૨૩	કડમાળ	સુલેમાનભાઈ ગણપતભાઈ ચૌધરી	
૨૪	કસાડબારી	બાબુભાઈ રતનાભાઈ ઝાંબર	૯૪૨૬૦૧૮૨૦૭
૨૫	કસાડબારી	યોગેશભાઈ કાળુભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૨૭૬૧૭૩૨૬
૨૬	કસાડબારી	ગનસુભાઈ વાળલભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૨૯૦૧૫૩૨૪
૨૭	હાડોળ	આસેન્દ્રભાઈ ગમજ્યાભાઈ પાર્યા	૯૪૦૯૩૪૯૧૩૦
૨૮	હાડોળ	યોગેશભાઈ અવસ્યાભાઈ	૯૪૦૯૧૧૩૬૦૦
૨૯	ઈસખંડી	નાનુભાઈ તાનુભાઈ	૯૭૭૩૪૨૩૮૫૫
૩૦	ઈસખંડી	મોહનભાઈ આબધાભાઈ	
દહેર પંચાયત:-			
૩૧	ઉગા	બીપીનભાઈ ગનસ્યાભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૨૮૩૨૫૨૪૩
૩૨	ઉગા	રામજીભાઈ ગમજીભાઈ દેશમુખ	૯૪૦૮૦૭૧૮૫૦
૩૩	ઉગા	ઝીપરભાઈ ગુલજ્યાભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૦૮૩૪૬૫૯૫
૩૪	દહેર	દાઉદભાઈ દેવરામભાઈ ગવારે	૯૪૦૯૬૩૬૭૯૭
૩૫	દહેર	મણીલાલ ભવાનભાઈ	૯૪૨૮૭૯૭૩૦૧
૩૬	દહેર	ગુલાબભાઈ શુકર્યાભાઈ વાહુટ	૯૪૨૭૬૪૬૩૨૫
૩૭	ઘાણા	અમદાભાઈ ગનસુભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૨૮૧૭૧૨૫૫
૩૮	ઘાણા	યોહાનભાઈ સોમાભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૦૯૧૮૫૯૮૬
મહાલ પંચાયત:-			
૩૯	મોટીકસાડ	અમિતભાઈ માહાદરાવભાઈ પવાર	૯૩૧૩૧૭૬૯૫૫
૪૦	મોટીકસાડ	ચશવંતભાઈ બાપુભાઈ વળવી	
૪૧	લહાનકસાડ	ભરતભાઈ રામુભાઈ બાગુલ	૯૭૭૩૦૪૮૭૩૯
૪૨	લહાનકસાડ	સુરીમણભાઈ બુધુભાઈ ગાવિત	

૪૩	ઢોંગીઆંબા	પ્રકાશભાઈ સંપતભાઈ કુંવર	૯૪૨૭૭૧૩૧૬૭
૪૪	ઢોંગીઆંબા	જીતેશભાઈ જમસુભાઈ દળવી	૯૩૧૬૬૦૭૨૫૪
૪૫	ઢોંગીઆંબા	રાજેશભાઈ ભાણાભાઈ વળવી	૯૪૦૯૦૧૫૯૭૪
૪૬	મહાલ	વિશાલભાઈ ગણેશભાઈ વળવી	૭૦૧૬૭૩૮૧૭૭
૪૭	મહાલ	જીતેશભાઈ રમેશભાઈ ગદયા	
૪૮	સાવરદાકસાડ	ગુલાબભાઈ સોન્યાભાઈ કુંવર	૯૪૨૬૧૧૦૯૫૧
૪૯	સાવરદાકસાડ	અનિલભાઈ સુરેશભાઈ વળવી	૭૯૮૪૩૨૭૪૬૫
બરડીપાડા પંચાયત:-			
૫૦	બંધપાડા	રાજેશભાઈ દેવુભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	૮૨૩૮૧૮૩૧૫૪
૫૧	બંધપાડા	દિનેશભાઈ મંજુભાઈ વાડુ	
૫૨	ધુલદા	કાનુભાઈ સજનભાઈ ગાઢર	૯૪૨૬૧૧૭૩૪૭
૫૩	ધુલદા	અજિતભાઈ ગજનભાઈ પવાર	
૫૪	બરડીપાડા	નયનેશભાઈ શિવજીભાઈ માંછી	૭૬૬૩૦૦૮૮૩૮
૫૫	બરડીપાડા	જિતેશભાઈ મુકેશભાઈ ધુલુમ	
૫૬	ખોખરી	ગણેશભાઈ નથ્યુભાઈ પારે	૯૪૨૭૭૯૦૪૨૨
૫૭	ખોખરી	સતિષભાઈ રામુભાઈ ભોયે	
૫૮	સાજુપાડા	ભરતભાઈ ગમનભાઈ ઠાકરે	૯૪૨૮૯૬૫૨૪૯
૫૯	સાજુપાડા	ઉમેશભાઈ જાનુભાઈ ગાવિત	
નકટ્યાહનવંત પંચાયત:-			
૫૩	નકટ્યાહનવંત	નથુભાઈ તુકારામભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	૯૪૦૮૨૫૬૧૪૫
૫૪	નકટ્યાહનવંત	ભરતભાઈ મધુભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	
૫૫	નકટ્યાહનવંત	વિનેશભાઈ ગોમાભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	
માળગા પંચાયત:-			
૬૧	માળગા	અનિલભાઈ દયારામભાઈ કામડી	૯૪૦૯૩૬૯૪૭૨
૬૨	માળગા	વામનભાઈ સિતારામભાઈ કામડી	૯૪૦૮૯૯૪૩૯૧
૬૩	બિલબારી	કલ્પેશભાઈ પોપટભાઈ ગાંગોડા	૯૪૦૮૪૪૭૦૧૮
૬૪	બિલબારી	દિનેશભાઈ શિવલ્યાભાઈ ગવળી	૯૪૦૯૦૯૫૧૪૯
૬૫	અંબુર	આશિષભાઈ રમણભાઈ રાઠોડ	૯૪૯૯૫૯૧૫૪૨
૬૬	અંબુર	પિન્ટુભાઈ ગોપુભાઈ રાઠોડ	૯૪૨૮૪૦૯૬૧૯
૬૭	અંબુર	સંત્યાભાઈ ગોપુભાઈ રાઠોડ	૯૪૨૬૧૫૯૬૧૧
૬૮	ઢોલ્યાઉંબર	દિલીપભાઈ સુકીરાવભાઈ બરડે	૯૪૨૮૪૧૯૦૯૪
૬૯	ઢોલ્યાઉંબર	આશિષભાઈ જયરામભાઈ રાઠોડ	૯૪૨૯૮૩૯૬૯૭
પિપલાઈદેવી પંચાયત:-			
૭૦	પિપલાઈદેવી	દાઉદભાઈ મોતીરામભાઈ	૯૪૦૯૦૪૯૭૧૨
૭૧	પિપલાઈદેવી	ચીમનભાઈ સન્તુભાઈ મોરીશ	૯૪૦૮૬૧૧૯૨૫
૭૦	પિપલાઈદેવી	અશ્વિનભાઈ રામુભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૯૭૭૯૦૨૫૩
૭૧	પિપલાઈદેવી	અનિલભાઈ કાનુભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૨૪૧૧૦૯૧૪
૭૨	બોકડમાળ	સુરેશભાઈ પુન્યાભાઈ ભોયે	૯૪૨૭૯૪૮૪૯૨
૭૩	બોકડમાળ	રાજુભાઈ નથ્યુભાઈ ભોયે	૯૪૨૯૮૦૩૧૮૦
૭૪	હિંદળા	કુંવર મગનભાઈ મોહનભાઈ	૯૪૨૭૧૧૭૫૩૪

૭૫	હિંદળા	ચૌધરી હિરુભાઈ તુળશીરામભાઈ	૯૪૮૪૫૩૬૮૬૯
૭૬	હિંદળા	અરવિંદભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૮૪૮૮૯૬૨૩
૭૭	પિપલપાડા	મહેશભાઈ રતુભાઈચૌધરી	૯૪૨૮૬૯૫૯૮૮
૭૮	પિપલપાડા	વિજયભાઈ રામુભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૨૮૧૭૭૦૭૬
૭૯	વડપાડા	જયરામભાઈ પુન્યાભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૦૯૬૫૧૪૪૬
૮૦	વડપાડા	દેવરામભાઈ શંકરભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	૯૪૮૪૯૦૪૨૬૦
૮૧	વડપાડા	ઉમેશભાઈ દેવરામભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૦૯૦૧૯૬૨૫
૮૨	વડપાડા	ગણેશભાઈ સંતેભાઈ માહલા	૯૪૨૮૧૭૫૬૫૯
૮૩	વડપાડા	સંજયભાઈ સખારામભાઈ પવાર	૯૧૪૦૧૮૮૬૪૯
કિરલી પંચાયત:-			
૮૪	કિરલી	આનંદભાઈ ચમારભાઈ ગવળી	૯૪૨૭૧૫૭૩૩૭
૮૫	કિરલી	દિલ્લાભાઈ નવસુભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૨૬૯૨૧૧૧૦
૮૬	કાકડવિહીર	રમેશભાઈ નવસુભાઈ ખુરકુટીયા	૯૪૮૮૪૭૬૨૩૩
૮૭	કાકડવિહીર	સુનિલભાઈ રામુભાઈ ચૌધરી	
૮૮	પોળસમાળ	પિન્ટયાભાઈ રામજીભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	૯૪૨૬૨૮૭૨૬૯
૮૯	પોળસમાળ	રતનભાઈ વાળલભાઈ હળસ	૯૪૯૯૫૬૬૯૪૯
સુબીર પંચાયત:-			
૯૦	સુબીર-	પવાર તુકારામભાઈ અનાજુભાઈ(સરપંચ)	૯૧૦૬૬૧૩૫૬૪
૯૧	સુબીર	પવાર જીવુભાઈ સધ્યાભાઈ	૬૩૫૩૭૨૫૭૪૫
૯૨	સુબીર	ગવળી સુરેશભાઈ અશોકભાઈ	૯૪૨૯૯૦૧૪૯૬
૯૩	સુબીર	ગામીત જયેશભાઈ શાંતિલાલ	
૯૪	સુબીર	પટેલ શીતારામભાઈ નાથુભાઈ	૯૪૨૭૯૪૫૩૩૦
૯૫	સુબીર	દેશાઈ સુનિલભાઈ મગનભાઈ	૯૦૧૬૩૨૫૫૬૯
૯૬	કાંગર્યામાળ	રમેશભાઈ ઉલસભાઈ પવાર(ઉપ સરપંચ)	૯૪૦૯૬૧૦૬૭૩
૯૭	કાંગર્યામાળ	પવાર ગુલાબભાઈ તાનુભાઈ	
૯૮	કાંગર્યામાળ	જયરામભાઈ કાશીરામભાઈ પવાર	
૯૯	કાંગર્યામાળ	બરડે ઝનકભાઈ જાનુભાઈ	૯૪૦૮૭૬૨૫૩૬
૧૦૦	કાંગર્યામાળ	ગમજીભાઈ સેન્ડુભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૦૮૩૩૮૯૨૬
૧૦૧	કાંગર્યામાળ	દેવસિંગભાઈ અનાજ્યાભાઈ	૯૪૦૮૫૧૬૩૭૩
હનવતપાડા પંચાયત:-			
૧૦૨	હનવતપાડા	બુદ્ધનભાઈ તુળસ્યાભાઈ ભોયે	૯૪૦૮૩૩૮૯૭૪
૧૦૩	હનવતપાડા	કમલેશભાઈ મંગાભાઈ ગાંગોડા	૯૪૦૯૬૨૭૦૪૩
૧૦૪	હનવતપાડા	કમલેશભાઈ મન્યાભાઈ ગવળી	૯૪૨૬૩૪૩૨૬૯
૧૦૫	હનવતપાડા	મધુભાઈ ગણપતભાઈ માહલા	
૧૦૬	હનવતપાડા	રાજુભાઈ લાસુભાઈ ગાવિત	
૧૦૭	ધુબડીયા	માહરુભાઈ ધર્માભાઈ દેશમુખ	-
૧૦૮	ધુબડીયા	સુરેશભાઈ સોનુભાઈ દેશમુખ	
૧૦૯	ધુબડીયા	શુકરભાઈ લાહનુભાઈ પવાર	
૧૧૦	કરંજડા	રાજુભાઈ રમેશભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૨૮૪૩૪૬૪૨
૧૧૧	કરંજડા	અજુભાઈ હળદરાવભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૯૯૫૯૧૨૦૭

૧૦૮	કરંજડા	સંજયભાઈ મનુભાઈ ગાવિત	
૧૦૯	જારસોળ	સોનીરાવભાઈ વાળલભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૦૮૬૧૧૮૩૦
૧૧૦	જારસોળ	દેવસીંગભાઈ દૌલતભાઈ પવાર	
૧૧૧	જારસોળ	મહેશભાઈ દેવરામભાઈ દેશમુખ	
લવચાલી પંચાયત:-			
૧૧૨	લવચાલી	ચિમનભાઈ કાળુભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૦૮૦૭૮૮૭૪
૧૧૩	લવચાલી	રવિભાઈ રમેશભાઈ પવાર	
૧૧૪	લવચાલી	જુજેશભાઈ રમેશભાઈ પવાર	
૧૧૫	ગાયગોઠણ	અનંદભાઈ રંગુભાઈ ગોંડ	
૧૧૬	ગાયગોઠણ	સીતારામભાઈ જમસુભાઈ ચૌધરી	
૧૧૭	ગાયગોઠણ	શુકરભાઈ ઘર્મુભાઈ લાખન	
૧૧૮	પાદલખડી	લક્ષ્મણભાઈ સીતરભાઈ પાડવી	૯૪૦૯૪૬૧૮૧૧
૧૧૯	પાદલખડી	શાંતારામભાઈ ભીલુભાઈ પાડવી	
૧૨૦	પાદલખડી	જયેશભાઈ જાન્યાભાઈ રાઉત	
૧૨૧	પાદલખડી	સુમનભાઈ દામુભાઈ રાઉત	૯૪૨૬૫૧૦૯૫૪
૧૨૨	ચીખલી	બાલુભાઈ બાપુભાઈ ચૌર્યા	૯૪૨૯૭૮૨૩૫૬
૧૨૩	ચીખલી	સુકીરાવભાઈ લાહનુભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	૯૪૨૭૭૫૩૪૭૦
૧૨૪	ચીખલી	સંજયભાઈ સોન્યાભાઈ ચૌર્યા	
ગારખડી પંચાયત:-			
૧૨૫	ગારખડી	કિશનભાઈ ગનસુભાઈ ભોચે	૯૪૦૮૭૧૩૩૮૦
૧૨૬	ગારખડી	જતીનભાઈ ભીખ્યાભાઈ ભોચે	૯૪૨૬૪૦૫૯૪૪
૧૨૭	ગારખડી	સુરેશભાઈ મોતીરામભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૨૮૬૯૦૮૪૧
૧૨૮	ગારખડી	સુનિલભાઈ સાંત્યાભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	૯૪૨૯૮૫૫૬૫૫
૧૨૯	ગારખડી	સચાજુભાઈ રામદાસભાઈ ભોચે	૯૪૦૮૫૩૧૭૯૬
૧૩૦	જામન્યા	રમેશભાઈ ગુંત્યાભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૨૬૫૧૧૮૭૩
૧૩૧	જામન્યા	રમેશભાઈ સંપતભાઈ ચૌધરી	
૧૩૨	આહીરપાડા	ઈશ્વરભાઈ સોન્યાભાઈ બાગુલ	૯૪૨૬૩૮૬૦૪૨
૧૩૩	આહીરપાડા	સુરેશભાઈ બન્યાભાઈ મોરીશ	૯૪૦૮૮૦૧૫૮૩
૧૩૪	ચીચપાડા(વડપાડા)	શૈલેષભાઈ યશવંતભાઈ માળવીશ	૯૪૨૮૫૩૩૪૮૩
૧૩૫	ચીચપાડા (વડપાડા)	જલાલભાઈ બચુભાઈ માળવીશ	
૧૩૬	સાતબાબલા	દિનેશભાઈ જતુભાઈ દેસાઈ	૯૪૨૮૧૭૭૦૯૮
૧૩૭	સાતબાબલા	વિજયભાઈ સીમગુંભાઈ માહલા	૯૪૨૬૬૧૮૨૯૦
૧૩૮	સાતબાબલા	જયેશભાઈ જગનભાઈ માહલા	૯૪૨૯૯૨૪૨૯
૧૩૯	ઘાણીઆંબા	જગનભાઈ આનંદભાઈ વળવી	૯૪૨૬૯૨૧૧૬૮
૧૪૦	ઘાણીઆંબા	સાબળે હસ્તારામ કાશીરામભાઈ	૯૪૨૮૨૦૬૪૮૩
૧૪૧	ઘાણીઆંબા	વળવી મધુભાઈ મોહનભાઈ	૯૪૨૮૧૨૭૦૯૭
૧૪૨	ઝરી	વંજુભાઈ મંગલ્યાભાઈ ચૌર્યા	૯૪૨૬૮૧૭૧૬૮
૧૪૩	ઝરી	સોમાભાઈ બુધ્યાભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૦૮૭૨૮૧૨૦
ખાંભલા પંચાયત:-			
૧૪૪	ખાંભલા	મહેશભાઈ અંતિરામભાઈ ગવળી	૯૪૦૮૫૬૧૪૪૯

૧૪૫	ખાંભલા	યોગેશભાઈ રામલ્યાભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૦૮૪૬૬૪૫૮
૧૪૬	બિજુરપાડા	અનિલભાઈ મંગલ્યાભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	૯૪૦૯૯૭૭૭૯૭
૧૪૭	બિજુરપાડા	ગુલાબભાઈ રૂઘ્યાભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	૯૪૨૯૧૧૯૦૯૧
૧૪૮	બિજુરપાડા	વેન્યાભાઈ હસીરામભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	૯૪૦૯૬૩૬૨૧૮
૧૪૯	બરડા	ઈશ્વરભાઈ મંગળભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૪૨૭૦૦૮૮૧૦
૧૫૦	બરડા	કાળુભાઈ ગંમરૂભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૨૮૮૬૯૮૩૭
૧૫૧	બરડા	ચમારભાઈ સેયાભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	
૧૫૨	આમસરપાડા	હીરામણભાઈ ચૌત્યાભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૦૯૩૪૮૭૭૯
૧૫૩	આમસરપાડા	જયેશભાઈ પ્રવિણભાઈ ચૌધરી	૯૪૨૮૨૦૩૭૩૮
૧૫૪	આમસરપાડા	લાલજીભાઈ મનસ્યાભાઈ ઠગરે	૯૪૦૯૦૪૮૧૩૯
પિપલદહાડ પંચાયત:-			
૧૫૫	પિપલદહાડ	હિતેશભાઈ મોતીરામભાઈ ભોચે	૯૪૦૮૬૮૮૫૩૦
૧૫૬	પિપલદહાડ	જીજ્ઞેશભાઈ બી. ભોચે	૯૪૨૮૫૧૩૨૦૦
૧૫૭	પિપલદહાડ	રવાજીતભાઈ બંસીરામભાઈ ગવળી	૯૪૦૮૨૬૪૬૨૪
૧૫૮	પિપલદહાડ	ઉત્પલભાઈ સુરેશભાઈ બાગુલ	૯૪૮૪૪૯૮૩૦૯
૧૫૯	જોગથવા	હરેશભાઈ વખરડુભાઈ ખુરખુટીયા	૯૪૦૮૯૯૨૧૯૯
૧૬૦	જોગથવા	હિતેશભાઈ બુદ્યાભાઈ ચૌધરી	
૧૬૧	ભોંડવિહીર	પવાર રતિલાલભાઈ સોનુભાઈ	
૧૬૨	ભોંડવિહીર	સુભાષભાઈ દેવુભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૨૬૨૫૨૯૭૮
૧૬૩	ભોંડવિહીર	સતિષભાઈ સોમાભાઈ પવાર	૯૪૯૯૭૯૫૨૭૬
૧૬૪	બહેડુન	સોમનાથભાઈ મનુભાઈ સાવડે	૯૪૦૯૬૨૫૯૦૭
શિંગાણા પંચાયત:-			
૧૬૫	શિંગાણા	ગામિત ગીલેશભાઈ મગનભાઈ	૮૬૯૦૯૦૫૩૪૧
૧૬૬	શિંગાણા	બારીશ નિલેશભાઈ રસિકાભાઈ	૯૦૧૬૮૯૮૬૬૪
૧૬૭	શિંગાણા	બારીશ રાજેશભાઈ ભીલ્યાભાઈ	૮૬૯૦૬૭૯૧૫૧
૧૬૮	ઝરણ	સોમલેશભાઈ જમસુભાઈ હિલીમ	૬૩૫૩૫૦૨૩૬૨
૧૬૯	ઝરણ	પ્રકાસભાઈ બાબલાભાઈ હિલીમ	૯૪૦૮૮૨૨૮૯૧
૧૭૦	જામન્યામાળ	ગીરીશભાઈ મનસુભાઈ દેવળે	૮૧૬૦૦૮૧૪૯૦
૧૭૧	જામન્યામાળ	સુરેશભાઈ શુકરભાઈ ઠાકરે	૯૨૬૫૧૫૮૮૫૬
૧૭૨	મોખામાળ	વાનુભાઈ તુળાજીભાઈ બરડે	
૧૭૩	મોખામાળ	સતીષભાઈ ભાવુભાઈ બરડે	
ગાંવદહાડ પંચાયત:-			
૧૭૪	બુરથડી	ગણેશભાઈ ચશવંતભાઈ ગાવિત	૯૦૧૬૯૨૯૨૩
૧૭૫	બુરથડી	જીતેન્દ્રભાઈ રેવાભાઈ કુંવર	
૧૭૬	ગાંવદહાડ	નિલેશભાઈ (સભ્ય)	૯૪૯૯૭૯૩૩૩૫
૧૭૭	ગાંવદહાડ	અશોકભાઈ (સભ્ય)	૯૩૨૭૦૯૦૭૪૦
૧૭૮	ગીરમાળ	યેસુભાઈ (સભ્ય)	૯૪૯૯૪૮૧૯૬૨
૧૭૯	ગીરમાળ	આશિષભાઈ (ઉપસરપંચ)	૯૦૧૬૮૫૯૫૬૮
કેશનંદ પંચાયત:-			
૧૮૦	જામાલા	નરેન્દ્રભાઈ નપર્યાભાઈ ઠેંગળ	૭૦૧૬૦૪૮૬૩૩

૧૮૧	જામાલા	કિશનભાઈ રડત્યાભાઈ ગામીત	
૧૮૨	કેશબંધ	કમલેશભાઈ ઈદીયાભાઈ વળવી	
૧૮૩	કેશબંધ	દિવાનજીભાઈ ઘનજીભાઈ	
૧૮૪	કેશબંધ	વસંતભાઈ જીમાભાઈ પવાર	
૧૮૫	કેશબંધ	વસંતજી જેઠયા ગામીત	
૧૮૬	બીલીઆંબા	રાજેશભાઈ આત્યાભાઈ ભીલાર	૬૩૫૩૭૭૦૮૮૭
૧૮૭	બીલીઆંબા	સુબનભાઈ પોસત્યાભાઈ ગામીત	૬૩૫૩૭૬૩૦૩૦
૧૮૮	ટીમ્બરથવા	વેરયાભાઈ છગનભાઈ સવરા	
કાકશાળા પંચાયત:-			
૧૮૯	ઘામાલા	ઈંદુભાઈ બાબજીભાઈ માળવી	૯૪૦૯૨૭૩૦૪૦
૧૯૦	નિશાણા	સુભાષભાઈ જીવલભાઈ	
૧૯૧	નિશાણા	મહેશભાઈ ઘનસુભાઈ નિરુકુડુયા	
૧૯૨	સેંગળમાળ	બાબુભાઈ સોમલ્યાભાઈ પવાર	૯૫૨૯૧૦૧૫૪૪
૧૯૩	સેંગળમાળ	સખારામભાઈ બાપુભાઈ પવાર	

District Collector Office - Dang

Jilla Seva Sadan Kacheri,
Dang-Ahwa, Gujarat –394710

Collector & District Magistrate

Office Number + 02631-220201
Fax Number + 02631-220294

E-Mail ID - collector-dan@gujarat.gov.in

District EOC Helpline No.+ **02631-220347 / 1077**

DM Office Dang-Ahwa

Name	Designation	Contact
Ms. N D Parmar (IAS)	Collector and DistrictMagistrate, Dang-Ahwa	Mo.No9978406208 (OFFICE) + 02631 220201 (FAX) + 02631 220294 (E-MAIL) collector-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri S D Tabiyar,(GAS) I/C	ResidentialAdditional Collector, Dang-Ahwa	Mo.No9978447801 (OFFICE) + 02631 220221 (FAX) + 02631220294 (E-MAIL) rac-dan@gujarat.gov.in

Prant Officer

Name	Designation	Contact
Shri U V Patel (GAS)	Sub Divisional Magistrate,Dang-Ahwa	Mo.No 9978447807 (OFFICE) + 02631 221303 (FAX) + 02631 220294 (E-MAIL) po-dan@gujarat.gov.in

Mamlatdar

Name	Designation	Contact
Shri S D Meh	Chitinis To Collector,Dang (i/c)	8200884622 (Office) + 02631220221 (E-Mail) chitnis-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Rajani Vaishnav	Mamlatdar, Disaster-Dang (i/c)	9428636578 (Control Room) + 02631 220347 (E-Mail) dismgmt-dan@guajrat.gov.in
Shri Rajani Vaishnav	Mamlatdar, Ahwa-Dang	9428636578 (Office) + 02631 220272 (E-Mail) mamcls2-ahwa@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Arjunsinh Chauhan	Mamlatdar, Waghai-Dang	9978447814 (Office) + 02631 246391 (E-Mail) mamcls2-waghai@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Imtiyaz Saiyad,	Mamlatdar, Subir-Dang	9427377635 (Office) + 02631 (E-Mail) mamcls2-subir@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Dipikaben Chaudhari	Mamlatdar, Election Dang-Ahwa,	9512396038 (Office) + 02631 220071 (E-Mail) dydeo-rev-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri S D Meh	Mamlatdar, MDM- Dang,	8200884622 (Office) + 02631 220409 (E-Mail) midday-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Yatinkumar Bhadja	P.R.O., Dang-Ahwa	9924448284 (Office) + 02631220221

Dang District Important Officer

Name	Designation	Contact
Shri Kishanbhai Vasava, (IAS)	DDO, Dang-Ahwa	9978406233 (OFFICE) + 02631 220254 (FAX) + 02631220444 (E-MAIL) ddo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Pooja Yadav, (IPS)	SP, Dang-Ahwa	9978405021 (OFFICE) + 02631 220248 (FAX) + 02631220226 (E-MAIL) sp-dan@gujarat.gov.in (Twitter) @SPDangAhwa
Shri Murarilal Meena, (IFS)	DCF-North, Dang-Ahwa	7579202387 (OFFICE) + 02631 220203 (FAX) + 02631 220917 dcfdangnorth16@gmail.com (Twitter) @DCFDangnorth
Shri Niraj Kumar, (IFS)	DCF-South, Dang-Ahwa	7574950071 (OFFICE) + 02631 220246 (FAX) + 02631 220307 dcfdangsouth16@gmail.com (Twitter) @DCFDangSouth
Mrs Smita Patel	District PlannigOfficer, Dang-Ahwa	9879794771 (OFFICE) + 02631 220310 (FAX) + 02631 220294 (E-MAIL) dpo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
ShriS.D.Tabiyar, (GAS)	D.R.D.A., Director, Dang-Ahwa	9408024048 (OFFICE) + 02631 220217 (FAX) + 02631 220214 (E-MAIL) drda-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri, Hiral Patel, (GAS)	Deputy District Development Officer, Ahwa-Dang	9978412744 (Office) + 02631 220317 dyddo-pan-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri M.K.Khant, (GAS)	Deputy District Election Officer, Ahwa-Dang	9978447816 (Office) + 02631 220071 dydeo-rev-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Ketan Kukana,	Ex.RNB-state, Dang-Ahwa (i/c)	9016998554 (OFFICE) + 02631 220228 (FAX) + 02631 220476 (E-MAIL) rnb dang@gmail.com

Shri Piyush Chaudhari,	Ex.RNB-Panchayt, Dang-Ahwa	9725664489 (OFFICE) + 02631 220309 exernb-ddo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Shreeraj Patel	Ex.GWSSB, Dang-Ahwa	9978406664 (OFFICE) + 02631 220394 (FAX) + 02631 220313 (E-MAIL) gwssbdangs@gmail.com
Shri Prashantbhai Bharti,	Ex.Irrigation, Dang	8141000443 (OFFICE) + 02631 220368 exeirridangpanch@gmail.com
Shri Riteshbhai Patel,	Ex.Wasmo, Dang	9824756590 (OFFICE) + 02631 221144 (E-MAIL) dangd.dwsc@gmail.com
Dr.Mitesh Kunbi,	CDMO Officer,Dang	9427148549 (OFFICE) + 02631 220205 cdmo.health.ahwal@gamil.com
Dr. Hemanshu Gamit,	ADHO, Dang- Ahwa	7359289196 (OFFICE) + 02631 220344 adho-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Dr. Hemanshu Gamit,	R.C.H.O. Officer Ahwa-Dang (I/C)	7359289196 (Office) + 02631 220344 cdho.health.dang@gmail.com
Shri R.B.Chaudhari,	Accounting officer, District Development Officer, Ahwa-Dang	(Office) + 02631 220302 (Email) ao-ddo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Jitendrakumar Patel,	Treasury Officer, Dang-Ahwa (i/c)	9727243248 (Office) + 02631 220245 treasury-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri, Jignesh Trivedi,	D.E.O., Dang,	9909970208 (Office) + 02631 220208 (Fax) + 02631 220408 (Email) dangldeo@gmail.com
Shri, Vijay Deshmukh,	D.P.E.O., Dang,	7284889586 (Office) + 02631 220337 (Email) dpeo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri R.B.Chaudhari,	TDO-Ahwa-Dang (I/C)	6354725479 (Office)+ 02631 220523 (Email) tdo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri R B Patel	TDO-Waghai, Dang	9913041190 (Office)+ 02631 246313

		(Email) tdo-waghai@guajrt.gov.in
Shri Dhirubhai Bhoya	TDO-Subir, Dang	9825417244 (Office) +02631- (Email) tdo-subir@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Balubhai Patel	Agirculture Officer- Dang	8140230986 (Office) + 02631 220320 dao-ddo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Tusar Gamit	Assistant Horticulture Officer, Ahwa-Dang	9925144579 (Office) + 02631 221273 (Email) adhdang73@gmail.com
Shri Vinod Bhoje,	DEE Officer, Dang-Ahwa (i/c)	9428160207 (Office) + 02631 220393 (Email) dee-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Manoj Khengar,	Ass.Director Of Info. Dang (i/c)	8200151576 (Office)+ 02631 220326 (Fax) + 02631 220581 (Email) adiahwa@gmail.com
Shri Y J Goswami	Depot Manager (ST) Dang	6359918785 (Office) + 02631 220308 (Email) dmahwagsrtc@gmail.com
Shri Bhavesh Patel,	Dy.Ex.DGVCL, Ahwa-Dang (i/c)	9879591178 (Office) + 02631220354 (Email) sdo.ahwa@gebmail.com
Shri Alkeshbhai Patel,	Sports Officer, Dang-Ahwa	9484557167 (Office) + 02631221375 (Email) dsodang13@gmail.com
Shri C. R. Patel,	ARTO Officer, Dang-Ahwa	94263 07661 (Office) + 02631 246201 (Email) arto-trans-dng@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Sharveshkumar Arya,	BSNL , Dang	9428489900 (Office) + 02631 221060 (Email) saroj.vmp@gmail.com
Shri Vikashsing Parihar,	NIC officer, Dang	9198921999 (Office)+ 02631 220327 (Email) gujdan@nic.in
Shri B M Raut	Principal District Education & Training Building (DIES), Waghai-Dang	9099081163 (Office) +02631 246214 (Email) dietwaghai@yahoo.co.in
Shri U K Gangude	Govt.	9408466899 (Office) + 02631 220265

	Arts/Commerce College Ahwa-Dang	(Email) gaccahwa@gmail.com
Shri Arunbhai Dharya,	Govt. Science (B.Sc.) College Ahwa-Dang	9427869009 (Office) + 02631 220138 (Email) gscahwa@gmail.com
Shri Brijeshbhai Aghera	D.L.R.C., Officer Dang-Ahwa (i/c)	9664548644 (Office) + 02631 220237 (Email) dilr-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Sanjaybhai Bhagariya	Deputy Director Atmaproject officer, Dang	9998026516 (Office) + 02631 220355 (Email) atmadang07@gmail.com
Shri Garasiya	Assistant Commissioner TASP Officer Ahwa-Dang	8733844246 (Office) + 02631 220268 (Email) swo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Ms. Vipul Panchal,	Deputy Ex.National Highway Authority, Navsari-Dang	9427463301 (Office) + 02637 254422 nhsdnavsari730@gmail.com
Shri A R Gavli	(i/c) Food and drug Officer, Valsad-Dang	9427792013 (Office) + 02632 249788 valsadfdca@gmail.com
Shri C M Joshi,	District Child Protection Officer,Ahwa-Dang	9428962240 (Office) + 02631 220106 dcpu-gscps-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Kamlesh Girase	District Dowry Restrictions Officer,Ahwa-Dang (i/c)	9227898986 (Office) + 02631 220106 dpo-wcd-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Jaydipsinh Sarvaiya	Deputy Police Superintendent, Ahwa-Dang	9409984544 (Office) + 02631 220904
Shri Janeswar Nalwaya	Deputy Police Superintendent, (HQ) Ahwa-Dang	9574743377 (Office) + 02631 220200 dysp-hq-dang@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Manshukhbhai Bamaniya	District Social Welfare Officer,DDO,Ahwa- Dang	9772836264 (Office)+ 02631 220349 swo-ddo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Vishal Mavani	Assistant District (i/c) Registrar of	9722525717 (Office) + 02631 220223

	Co-operative Societies, Ahwa-Dang	(Email) drcsdang@gmail.com
Shri S B Bagul,	District Statistics Officer, DDO,Ahwa-Dang	7874234890 (Office) + 02631 220351 dso-ddo-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Pranav Dave	Town Planning Officer, Ahwa-Dang	8160109067 (Office) + 02631 220282 tp-udd-dang@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Dinesh Ahir	Principal, ITI-Waghai,	9725758050 (Office) + 02631 (Email) prlwaghaiti@yahoo.co.in
Shri Dinesh Ahir	Principal, ITI-Ahwa(i/c)	9725758050 (Office) + 02631 220314 (Email) prlahwaiti@yahoo.co.in
Shri Hitesh Patel,	Principal, ITI-Subir,	9426343213 (Office) + 02631 220314 (Email) prlsubiriti@yahoo.co.in
Shri Chintanbhai Patel,	D.P.O. Disaster Dang	8866641248 (Office) + 02631 220347
Shri Sandip Patel,	General Manager, District Industries Center, Ahwa-Dang	9427345931 (Office) + 02631 220101 gm-dic-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Dharmesh Chaudhari	Assistant Director of Animal Husbandry,Ahwa-Dang	9408607429 (Office) + 02631 220375 dydir-ah-dan@gujarat.gov.in
Shri Mitesh Patel	District Administrator Government District Library Ahwa-Dang	8401242129 (Office) + 02631 221226 districtlibrarydang@gmail.com
Shri Arvindbhai Chaudhari	108 Manager Ahwa-Dang	9427945014 (Office)+ 02631

District Talati Kum Mantri Details

Ahwa Taluka

Sr. No	Talati Name	Seja	Contact
1	Shri Madhiri Thakare	Malegav,Gotiyamal,Sonuniya	9429026686
2	Shri Rajeshbhai Gaykawad	Pimpri,Hanvantchond,Chikatiya,Ghoghali,Bhavandagad Vangan	9712675694 9429808647
3	Shri Sukrityben Vadu	TAkali pada,Chinchali,Harpada,Kadmal,Gadvahir	6355120506
4	Shri Nayanaben Der	Borkhal,Umarpada,Chaukya,Baripada,Chikhali	9978225747
5	Shri Jagrutiben Gain	Morzira,Gadad,Don,Mahalpada,Nandanpada	9427186833
6	Shri Tarunbhai Rabari	Dhavlidod,bhisya,Gondalvahir,Linga,Kamad	6355160516
7	Kumari Pooja Kheranar	Gadvi,Divantemrun,Chankhal	7016504180
8	Shri Dhruveshkumar Chaudhari	Shamgahan,Bhpkhal,Jhakhana,Vasurna,Lahancharya	7698252762
9	Shri Prashantsinh Chauhan	Ahwa,Galkund,Pipalpada	9737434665

Subir Taluka

Sr. No	Talati Name	Seja	Contact
1	Shri Chetanbhai Giranjale	Subir,Shingana,Bardipada,Sajupada	6353734044
2	Shri Narayan Thakare	Keshbandh,Kakshala,Giramal,	9428190770
3	Shri Rakeshbhai Gavit	Lavchali	9016988685
4	Shri Nayankumar Chaudhri	Khabhala,Bijurpada,Juner,Chinchvahir	9737997355
5	Shri Mitulbhai Kolhe	Pipaldahad,Gauhan,Behdun,Naktyahanvant,Vahutiya	8347510992
6	Shri Nimisha Bhoje	Kadmal,Daher,Kasadbari	9426747663
7	Shri Yogesh Pavara	Hanvantpada,Shepuamba,Mahal,Malaga	9662668989
8	Shri Kalpanaben Konkani	Pipalaidevi,Kirali,Zari	9429117486

Waghai Taluka

Sr. No	Talati Name	Seja	Contact
1	Shri Bipinbhai Thakare	Saravar,Khatal,Machhali,Bhalkhet	9429773644
2	Shri Rasilaben Gavit	Nanapada,Shivarimal,Rambhas,Baj	8758375688
3	Shri Hitendra Chaudhari	Zavda,Bheskatari,kakarda	9428371870
4	Shri Ketanbhai Pavar	Waghai, Daguniya	9409689854
5	Shri Harshida Patel	Sakalpatal, Badharpada, Chichond,Barkhandya,Dagadpada	9409524943
6	Shri Ashwinbhai Bhoye	Kalibel,Tekpada,Kosimda	9428261536
7	Shri Sehenzben Patel	Godadiya, Chikar, Dungarda	9714594135
8	Shri Manalikumari Patel	Bhendamal, Dagdiamba, Chichinagavtha	6354085610
9	Shri Ankit Garashiya	Manmodi,Nadakchond,Dokpatal,Ambapada	9724039779

Details of Members of District Panchayat

Sr. No	PRI Member Name	Name of the electorate	Address	Mobile
1	2		3	4
1	રનેહલકુમાર રામુભાઈ ઠાકરે	આહવા	મું.પો.આહવા તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	99268 70917
2	શ્રદધાબેન તુષારભાઈ ખરે	આહવા	મું.પો.આહવા તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	94084 49655
3	ચન્દ્રકલાબેન નગીનભાઈ ગાવિત	બરડા	મું.માનમોડી તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	70160 05560
4	નિતેશભાઈ દેવરામભાઈ ચૌધરી	દગડીઆંબા	મું.આમસરવળન પો.ભવાનદગડ તા.વઘઈ, જિ.ડાંગ	94267 55783
5	વિમલબેન રમેશભાઈ ભોયે	ઘવલીદોડ	મું.કોટબા પો.ઘવલીદોડ તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	94268 70917
6	યોગીતાબેન વિજયભાઈ પવાર	ડોન	મું.પો.વાસુર્ણ તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	94261 11088
7	ગીતાબેન રાજુભાઈ બાગુલ	ગડદ	મું.પો.પાંડવા તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	94083 34558
8	સુંદરબેન શૈલેષભાઈ ચૌધરી	ગારખડી	મું.જામન્યા પો.ગારખડી તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ.	94095 31040
9	શંકરભાઈ જીવરામભાઈ પવાર	જાખાના	મું.આંબાળીયા પો.ગલકુંડ તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	94091 16618
10	રાજેશભાઈ મનસુભાઈ ગામીત	કડમાળ	મું.બરડીપાડા તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ.	94298 71157
11	જીતેન્દ્રભાઈ દામુભાઈ પવાર	કાલીબેલ	મું.પો.ખાતળ તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	94290 17899
12	આશાબેન બિપિનભાઈ ગામીત	કોશીમદા	મું.પો.કોશીમદા તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	94094 71832
13	દિનેશભાઈ રમેશભાઈ હિલીમ	નિશાણા	મું.કાકશાળા પો.નિશાણા તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	96648 25322
14	મંગળભાઈ ગંગાજીભાઈ ગાવિત	સાકરપાતાળ	મું.શિલોટમાળ પો.દગુનિયા તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ.	93160 48248
15	કમળાબેન હિરાભાઈ રાઉત	શામગાહાન	મું.ચિરાપાડા પો.શામગાહાન તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	97142 75591
16	જયનુબેન બાબુભાઈ બાગુલ	સુબીર	મું.પાંઢરપાડા પો.પિપલદહાડ તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	94091 86689
17	મનાભાઈ ગબદુભાઈ સુર્યવંશી	ટાંકલીપાડા	મું.કડમાળ, પો.ચિંચલી, તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	94269 23736
18	ઉષાબેન ધર્મેશભાઈ પટેલ	વઘઈ	મું.પો.વઘઈ (નાકા ફળીયું) તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	94266 87688

Details of Members of Taluka Panchayat

Ahwa Taluka

Sr. No	Names of Members	Name of the electorate	Address	Contact
1	રાકેશભાઈ ભરતભાઈ પવાર	આહવા - ૧	મું.પો.આહવા મિશનપાડા તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9409534078
2	જિજ્ઞેશકુમાર જીતેન્દ્રભાઈ સોલંકી	આહવા - ૨	મું.પો.આહવા ડુંગરી ફળીયું,તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	8154969624
3	નયનાબેન દિપકભાઈ પટેલ	આહવા-૩	મું.પો.આહવા P.W.D કોલોની તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	7984824843
4	સુમિત્રાબેન અવસ્યાભાઈ સાબળે	ચિંચલી	મું.પો.ચિંચલી તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9773408201
5	પવનભાઈ રામુભાઈ બાગુલ	ઘવલીદોડ	મું.પો.ઘવલીદોડ તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9426867638
6	કાજલબેન રવિન્દ્રભાઈ ચૌર્યા	ડોન	મું.પો.લીંગા તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9429099833
7	જગુભાઈ સોમનાથભઈ બાગુલ	ગડદ	મું.ગડદ પો.મોરઝીરા તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9429781377
8	વીણાબેન જયરામભાઈ ગાંગુડે	ગાઢવી	મું.જામનવિહીર પો.ગાઢવી તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	8140826153
9	લક્ષ્મીબેન ચિંતામણભાઈ ગવળી	ગલકુંડ	મું.મોટાચર્યા પો.ગલકુંડ તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	8140826153
10	સુનિતાબેન રાજેશભાઈ ગાવિત	કલમવિહીર	મું.પો.પાંડવા તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9427820075
11	ગુંતીબેન યોગેશભાઈ ગાંગોડા	માલેગાવ	મું.પો.ગોટીયામાળ તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9428379275
12	શાંતારામભાઈ શુકરભાઈ ચૌધરી	નડગખાદી	મું.ચિકટીયા તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9429531168
13	ભુપેશભાઈ લક્ષ્મણભાઈ પવાર	પિંપરી	મું.હનવંતચોંડ પો.સરવર તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9429784973
14	ગોપાળભાઈ લાહન્યાભાઈ બંગાળ	શામગહાન	મું.રાનપાડા પો.શામગહાન તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	8140893015
15	મમતાબેન ચિંતામણભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	ટાંકલીપાડા	મું.થોરપાડા પો.ચિંચલી તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9484498111
16	રવિનાબેન કિરણભાઈ પવાર	વાસુર્ણા	મું.રાવચોંડ પો.બોરખલ તા.આહવા જિ.ડાંગ	9426410817

SUBIR TALUKA

Sr. No	Names of President/ Vice President/ Members	Name of the electorate	Address	Contact
1	તેજલબેન ગજેંદ્રભાઈ પવાર	દહેર	મું.દહેર પો.લવચાલી તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9712670782
2	બાલુભાઈ રાજયાભાઈ વળવી	ગારખડી	મું.પો.ગારખડી તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9408386157
3	પુશબુબેન અરવિંદભાઈ ભોયે	ગૌંઘાણ	મું.પો.પિપલદહાડ તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9328398549
4	જયશ્રીબેન દિલીપભાઈ ગાવિત	ગીરમાળ	મું.બુરથડી પો.શિંગાણા તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9313401911
5	સુરેશભાઈ લાહુભાઈ પવાર	હનવંતપાડા (પિપલદહાડ)	મું.ધુબડીયા પો.લવચાલી તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9429785027
6	રઘુનાથભાઈ કાસુભાઈ સાબળે	જામન્યામાળ	મું.દહેર પો.લવચાલી તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9429708967
7	સંજયકુમાર જેરામભાઈ પવાર	કડમાળ	મું.પો.કડમાળ તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9106521871
8	જગનભાઈ અવસ્યાભાઈ વળવી	કેશબંધ	મું.પો.કેશબંધ તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	8160061810
9	કાંતીલાલભાઈ કાશીરામભાઈ રાઉત	ખાજુર્ણા	મું.બિજુરપાડા પો.ખાંભલા તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9409204382
10	ઈન્દુબેન રમેશભાઈ કામડી	ખાંભલા	મું.પો.ખાંભલા તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9429241377
11	અનિતાબેન સુભાષભાઈ પવાર	કિરલી	મું.પિપલપાડા પો.પિપલાઈદેવી તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9484557277
12	લતાબેન નાનુભાઈ લોત્યા	મહાલ	મું.ઢોંગીઆંબા પો.મહાલ તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9429287509
13	મંજુલાબેન જગદીશભાઈ ભોયે	માળગા	મું.બીલબારી પો.નકટ્યાહનવંત તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9428365463
14	બચુબેન સુરેશભાઈ બારીશ	નિશાણા	મું.પો.નિશાણા તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9408328946
15	અશ્વિનભાઈ પિલાજીભાઈ ગામીત	સાજુપાડા	મું.સાજુપાડા પો.બરડીપાડા તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	9409424701
16	લગનભાઈ સોનુભાઈ પવાર	સુબીર	મું.પો.સુબીર તા.સુબીર જિ.ડાંગ	8849141258

WAGHAI TALUKA

Sr. No	Names of Members	Name of the electorate	Address	Contact
1	સરલાબેન વિનોદભાઈ પવાર	બરડા	મું.પો.નડગચોડ તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9484984285
2	મગનભાઈ બાળુભાઈ ગાવિત	બારખંધ્યા	મું.દગડપાડા પો.બારખંધ્યા તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	8320151642
3	નિકીતાબેન વિજયભાઈ તુપે	ચિચિનાગંવહા	મું.પો.ચિચિનાગંવહા તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9409036857
4	પ્રકાશભાઈ માંદાભાઈ ચૌધરી	ચિકાર	મું.બોરીગંવહા પો.કુંગરડા તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9727659717
5	પ્રિયંકાબેન રાહુલભાઈ વાઘેરા	દગડીઆંબા	મું.પો.દગડીઆંબા તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9408811669
6	ઉર્મિલાબેન અરૂણભાઈ રાઠોડ	ગોદડીયા	મું.કુશમાળ પો.ચિકાર તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	8780280349
7	શકુંતલાબેન સુભાષભાઈ પાડવી	કાલીબેલ	મું.પો.કાલીબેલ તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	6351516649
8	સુશીલાબેન ગમજ્યાભાઈ બાગુલ	ખાતળ	મું.પો.ઘોડી તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	6353177039
9	ઉર્મિલાબેન શૈલેષભાઈ કુરંગડે	કોશીમદા	મું.પો.ભેંસકાત્રી તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9016088661
10	દર્શનાબેન રાજેશભાઈ બહીરમ	મોટામાળુંગા	મું.મોટામાળુંગા પો.માનમોડી તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	7874277114
11	સ્મિતાબેન જીતેન્દ્રભાઈ ચૌધરી	રંભાસ	મું.પો.રંભાસ તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9409084180
12	અજીતભાઈ રામજીભાઈ ગાવિત	સાકરપાતળ	મું.ભદરપાડા પો.દગુનિયા તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9624998083
13	જયોતિબેન સંજયભાઈ બિરાંરી	શિવારીમાળ	મું.મોટીદાબદર પો.સાકરપાતળ તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9638594985
14	સુરેશભાઈ બાબુભાઈ પવાર	વઘઈ-૧	મું.પો.વઘઈ (રાજેન્દ્રપુર) તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	7433089041
15	ધનશ્યામભાઈ શુકરભાઈ ગાયકવાડ	વઘઈ--૨	મું.ઉગા ચિંચપાડા પો.રંભાસ તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9913732373
16	ઈસ્તરબેન દાનીયેલભાઈ માહલા	ઝાવડા	મું.પો.ઝાવડા તા.વઘઈ જિ.ડાંગ	9327819040

Details of Sarpanch

Taluka	Gram Panchayat Name	Sarpanch Name	Contact
Ahwa	Ahawa	HarichandbhaiAyajubhaiBhoye	9426417274
	Don	Mrs. UlushibenRameshbhai Chaudhari	9409185999
	Lahancharya	Smt. ManjulabenSureshbhai Gavit	9408691252
	Jakhana	Mrs. KelubenSanjaybhai Valvi	9898234711
	Gadhavi	Shri GautambhaiBhikhajibhai Gangurde	9408413935
	Malegav	Mrs. TanmaybenDevrambhai Thackeray	9904067496
	Chikatiya	Mrs. SitabenRavindrabhaiBhivasan	9429008599
	Chankhal	Mrs. Viluben Dineshbhai Pawar	9408679763
	Vasurna	Smt. GitabenAnilbhai Gavit	9409535770
	Diwantambrun	PrabhubhaiLahnubhai Chaudhari	9409553298
	Dhavalidod	SmtHarshdabenRameshbhaiGangorde	9427870594
	Chaukya	Mrs. SumichibenSonubhai Ahir	9428554468
	Tanklipada	Mrs. SidhubenMotirambhai Thackeray	9409638878
	Ghoghali	Shri NareshbhaiGamajbhaiBhoye	8154878834
Waghai	Chichond	Smt. AmitabenRajnikantbhai Gavit	9409980002
	Koshimada	Shri RajeshbhaiSonyabhai Gamit	9409471832
	Chikar(Zawda)	Shri RameshbhaiDamubhai Pawar	9409459864
	Dungarda	Mrs. VasantibenRajeshbhai Chaudhari	9427706187
	Bhendmal	Shri NiteshbhaiDevrambhai Chaudhari	9426755783
	Bhalkhet	Shri RajeshbhaiAvsubhaiVaghera	9426218938
	Godadiya	Smt. ShantabenDilibhai Chaudhari	8320932336

	Zavda	Smt. MarthabenNareshbhai Ranged	9727380356
	Nadgchond	SmtArunaben Dineshbhai Bhoye	9428717392
	Dagunia	Mrs. AshabenHarshadbhai Gavit	9427980033
	Manmodi	Shri MahendrabhaiKalubhai Gavit	9927872478
	Dagdiamba	Shri KirtibhaiGangabhaiBhoye	9408536313
	Sarvar	Mrs. PrajnabenJigneshbhai Patel	9428064636
	Chichinagavtha	Shri SanketbhaiBughyabhai Bengal	9408072971
	Vaghai	Mrs. SindubenMohanbhaiBhoye	9426894418
Subir	Subir	Gavit Yogitaben Sitarambhai	8320596440
	Shingana	SujatabenPravibhai Pawar	8320755376
	Kakshala	MaljibhaiGantabhai Gamit	8459831073
	Keshabandh	VasanjibhaiBabjibhai Kunwar	8849790529
	Daher	KarimbhaiRambhai Khasya	9408190852
	Mahal	SarikabenPravinbhai Valvi	9409889289
	Shepuamba	MethubenRajubhai Kunwar	9428327168
	Hanvantpada	SulaimanbhaiMahdubhai Deshmukh	9409110330
	malaga	ArjunbhaiMotubhai Chaudhari	9428224508
	Pipalaidevi	PrakashbhaiTulshirambhai Chaudhari	9408275724
	Lavchali	KapilabenSumanbhai Raut	9408259088
	Kirali	BhanubenBudhanbhaiGangoda	9408452682

Dang Rajvishri Name List

Sr. No	Name	Village Name	Contect
1	2	3	4
1	RajvishriDhanrajsinhchandra singh Suryavanshi	Rajvishrivasurna, Vasurna, Ta. Ahwa, Dist. Dang.	9429788101
2	RajvishriKiransinghayashwan trao Pawar,	Rajvishrigadhvi, M. Chikar, Po. Zawda, Ta. Ahwa, Dist. Dang.	9427005538
3	RajvishriTrikamarasahebrav Pawar,	Rajvishripimpari, M.P.O. Vasurna, Ta. Ahwa, Dist. Dang.	9913924012 9099294528
4	RajvishriBhavarsinhhasusing h,	Rajvishriamal, Md.Po.Linga, Ta.Ahva, Dist. Dang.	9408446413
5	RajvishriTaptaraoAnandaraao,	Rajvishri Daher, Md. Uga, Po. Lavachali, Ta. Subir, Dist. Dang.	9427447751

Dang District Daily Journalist Association, **Dang District**

Sr. no.	Name of Journalist	Name of daily news paper	work area	contact
1	2	3	4	5
1	Srisomnathbhai Pawar	DivyabhaskarDainik	Dang	9978297329
2	Mr. Sunilbhai Sharma	Sandesh - Daily	Dang	9099956111
3	Shri Shailesh Solnki	Samana Dainik	Dang	8140292623
4	Shri Jitu Parmar	Gujaratsamachar-Dainik	Dang	9428884333
5	Shri GirishbhaiBhoye	Gujaratmitra- Dainik	Dang	9574659624
6	Shri kadubhai	Lokprahari- Dainik	Dang	9427869273
7	Shri Papu mahala	Daman ganga timsDainik	Dang	9427707799
8	Shri Laxmanbhai Bagul	ChalangerDainik	Dang	9426160658
9	Shri Rameshbhai	HatavobhratacharDainik	Dang	8140733745

Details of all Collectors of Gujarat State

No.	District	Collector Name	Phone	Fax
1	Ahmedabad (079)	Shri Bhavya Verma	(O)079-27551681	07927552144
2	Amreli (02792)	Shri Vikalp Bhardwaj	(O)02792-222307	02792222710
3	Anand (02692)	Shri Praveen Chaudhary	(O)02692-262271	02692261575
4	Arvalli (02774)	Shri Milind Bapna	(O)02774-250201	02774250202
5	Banaskantha (02742)	Shri Mihir Patel	(O)02742-257171	02742252740
6	Bharuch (02642)	Dr. Navnath Gavhane	(O)02642-240600	02642240602
7	Bhavnagar (0278)	Shri Manish Kumar	(O)02782428822	02782427941
8	Botad (02849)	Shri H. M. Vora	(O)02849271301	02849271304
9	Chhotaudepur (02669)	Smt. Gargi Jain	(O)02669-233003	02669233002
10	Dahod (02673)	Ms. Surbhi Gautam	(O)02673-239001	02673239005
11	Dangs-Ahwa (02631)	Shri N. D. Parmar	(O)02631220201	02631220294
12	Devbhumi Dwarka- Khambhaliya	Shri Rajesh M. Tanna	(O)02833232804	02833232102
13	Gandhinagar (079)	Shri Ravindra D. Khatle	(O)079-23220630	07923259040
14	Gir-Somnath- Veraval (02876)	Shri J. N. Vaghela	(O)02876240001	02876243300
15	Jamnagar (0288)	Shri P. B. Pandya	(O)02882555869	02882555899
16	Junagadh (0285)	Shri Yogesh Choudhary	(O)0285-2630100	02852635599
17	Kachchh (02832)	Shri Anilkumar Ranavasiya	(O)02832250020	02832250430

18	Kheda (0268)	Shri N. V. Upadhyay	(O)0268-2553334	02682553358
19	Mahisagar- Lunavada (02674)	Ms. Arpit Sagar	(O)02674-250664	02674250655
20	Mehsana (02762)	Shri S. K. Prajapati	(O)02762222211	02762222202
21	Morbi (02822)	Shri Swapnil Khare	(O)02822-240701	02822240701
22	Narmada-Rajpipla (02640)	Shri Ganga Singh	(O)02640222161	02640222171
23	Navsari (02637)	Shri Manish Gurwani	(O)02637-244999	02637281540
24	Panchmahal (02672)	Shri Ajay Dahiya	(O)02672-242800	02672242899
25	Patan (02766)	Dr. Prashant Jilova	(O)02766233301	02766233055
26	Porabandar (0286)	Shri S. D. Dhanani	(O)0286-2221800	02862222527
27	Rajkot (0281)	Dr. Om Prakash	(O)0281-2473900	02812453621
28	Sabarkantha (02772)	Shri Lalit Narayan Singh Sandu	(O)02772-241001	02772241611
29	Surat (0261)	Shri Tejas Parmar	(O)0261-2652525	02612655757
30	Surendranagar (02752)	Shri G. H. Solanki	(O)02752-282200	02752283862
31	Tapi-Vyara (02626)	Shri Dev Choudhary	(O)02626224460	02626221281
32	Vadodara (0265)	Shri Anilbhai Tulashibhai Dhameliya	(O)0265-2433000	02652431093
33	Valsad (02632)	Shri Nitin Sangwan	(O)02632253613	02632243417
34	Vav-Tharad	Shri Mayur K. Mehta	(O)02737223378	-

Details of all District Development Officers **of Gujarat State**

No.	District	District Development Officer Name	Phone	Fax
1	Ahmedabad (079)	Shri Videh Khare	(O)079-25506487	07925511359
2	Amreli (02792)	Shri K. J. Jadeja GAS (I/C)	(O)02792222313	02792222378
3	Anand (02692)	Ms. Devahuti	(O)02692264110	02692263895
4	Arvalli-Modasa (8819)	Ms. Mehek Jain	(O)02774-250010	02774250011
5	Banaskantha-Palanpur (02742)	Shri M. J. Dave	(O)02742-254060	02742252063
6	Bharuch (02642)	Shri Yogesh Shivkumar Kapase	(O)02642240603	02642240951
7	Bhavnagar (0278)	Shri Hanul Choudhary	(O)0278-2426810	02782430295
8	Botad (02849)	Shri B. C. Parmar	(O)02849-255222	02849255333
9	Chhotaudepur (02669)	Shri Sachin Kumar	(O)02669-233050	02669233251
10	Dahod (02673)	Shri Smit Santosh Lodha	(O)02673-239066	02673239138
11	Dangs-Ahwa (02631)	Shri K. S. Vasava	(O)02631220254	02631220444
12	Devbhumi Dwarka (02833)	Shri A. B. Pandor	(O)02833235947	02833235947
13	Gandhinagar (079)	Shri B. J. Patel	(O)079-23222618	07923223266
14	Gir-Somnath-Veraval (02876)	Ms. Snehal Bhapkar	(O)02876249255	02876249255
15	Jamnagar (0288)	Ms. Nisha	(O)0288-2553901	0288-2552394
16	Junagadh (0285)	Shri Jayantsingh Rathod	(O)0285-2635315	0285263617
17	Kachchh (02832)	Shri Utsav Gautam	(O)02832-250080	02832250355

18	Kheda (02694)	Shri Jayant Kishor Mankale	(O)0268-2557262	02682557851
19	Mahisagar-Lunavada(02674)	Shri Yuvraj Seddharth	(O)02674-250945	02674250946
20	Mehsana (02762)	Dr. Anchu Wilson	(O)02762222301	02762221447
21	Morbi (02822)	Shri Vidya Sagar	(O)02822222899	02822222580
22	Narmada-Rajpipla(02640)	Shri R. V. Vala	(O)02640-224820	02640222086
23	Navsari (02637)	Shri Kartik N. Jivani	(O)02637-244299	02637230475
24	Panchmahal-Godhra (02672)	Shri Pranav Vijayvergiya	(O)02672253377	02672253350
25	Patan (02766)	Shri Chandrakant Laljibhai Patel	(O)02766232936	02766234294
26	Porbandar (0286)	Shri B.B.Chaudhari	(O)0286-2243803	02862211806
27	Rajkot (0281)	Shri Anandu Suresh Govind	(O)0281-2477008	02812479128
28	Sabarkantha-Himmatnagar (02772)	Shri H. P. Patel	(O)02772-242350	02772240872
29	Surat (0261)	Shri Devendra Prakash Meena	(O)0261-2422160	02612450091
30	Surendranagar (02752)	Smt. K.S.Yagnik,	(O)02752283752	02752283402
31	Tapi-Vyara (02626)	Shri Ram Niwas Bugalia	(O)02626222141	02626222142
32	Vadodara (0265)	Shri Patil Anand Ashok	(O)0265-2432027	02652431078
33	Valsad (02632)	Shri Atirag Chaplot	(O)02632-253184	02632253829
34	Vav-Tharad	Shri Kalpesh Kumar Sharma		

Details of all Municipal Commissioner of Gujarat State

No.	City	Municipal Commissioner	Telephone No.
1	Ahmedabad	Shri Banchha Nidhi Pani	(O)07925352828
2	Anand	Shri R. N. Dodiya	(O)02692243942
3	Bhavnagar	Dr. N. K. Meena	(O)02782510532
4	Gandhidham	Shri B. D. Davera	(O)02836226573
5	Gandhinagar	Shri J. S. Prajapati	(O)07923220440
6	Jamnagar	Shri Deepesh Kedia	(O)02882552321
7	Junagadh	Shri Prabhav Joshi	(O)02852650450
8	Mehsana	Ms. Shalini Duhan	(O)02762254568
9.	Morbi	Ms. Sangeeta Raiyani	(O)02822220551
10.	Nadiad	Shri Kiran B. Jhaveri	(O)02682551376
11.	Navasari	Shri Jayeshkumar B. Upadhyay	(O)02637250253
12.	Porbandar	Shri H. J. Prajapati	(O)02862240936
13.	Rajkot	Shri Tushar D. Sumera	(O)02812224133
14.	Surat	Shri Nagarajan M.	(O)02612422244
15	Surendranagar	Shri J. K. Jadav	(O)02752282858
16.	Vadodara	Shri Arun Mahesh Babu	(O)02652433344
17.	Vapi	Shri N. F. Chaudhari	(O)02602463378

Secretaries to the Government of Gujarat

Chief Secretary

Shri Manoj Kumar Das, IAS
Chief Secretary

1st Block, 5th Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

07923250301

General Administration Department

Dr. Anju Sharma, IAS
Additional Chief Secretary
(Personnel)

1st Block, 6th Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

079 23250311

Shri Hareet Shukla, IAS
Principal Secretary (NRI &
ARTD)

7th Block, 1st Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

07923250333

Ms. Ardra Agarwal, IAS
Secretary (Planning)

7th Block, 4th Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

079-23250403

Shri Sandip J. Sagale, IAS
Chief Electoral Officer for the
State of Gujarat & Ex. Officio
Principal Secretary

7th Block, 2nd
Floor, Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

07923250316

Agriculture, Farmers Welfare & Co-operation Department

Shri Arun Kumar M. Solanki, IAS
Additional Chief Secretary (Co-
operation, Animal Husbandry,
Cow Breeding & Fisheries)

5th Block, 2nd Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

07923250328

Shri Ramesh Chand Meena, IAS
Principal Secretary

5th Block, 1st Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar

07923250803

Climate Change Department

Dr. Rahul Babulal Gupta, IAS
Principal Secretary

11th Block, 1st
Floor, Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.
1991

07923257377-78

Education Department

Shri Mukesh Kumar, IAS
Additional Chief Secretary
(Higher And Technical
Education)

5th Block, 8th Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

07923251306

Shri Milind S. Torawane, IAS
Principal Secretary (Primary &
Secondary Education)

5th Block, 7th Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

079 23251301

Energy & Petrochemicals Department

Shri Ashwani Kumar, IAS
Principal Secretary

5th Block, 5th Floor,
Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar.

079 - 23250772

Finance Department

Dr. T. Natarajan, IAS
Additional Chief Secretary

4th Block, 5th Floor,
Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.

07923250611

Shri Sandeep Kumar, IAS
Secretary (Economic Affairs)

4th Block, 5th Floor,
Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.

07923250603

Shri Jenu Devan, IAS
Secretary (Expenditure)

4th Block, 5th Floor,
Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.

07923250606

Food, Civil Supplies & Consumer Affairs Department

Ms. Mona Khandhar, IAS Additional Chief Secretary	14th Block, 5th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	079 - 23251163
---	--	----------------

Forests & Environment Department

Dr. Vinod Ramachandra Rao, IAS Principal Secretary	14th Block, 8th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	079 - 23251051
--	--	----------------

Health & Family Welfare Department

Shri Rajeev Topno, IAS Additional Chief Secretary	7th Block, 7th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251403
---	---	-------------

Home Department

Shri Sanjeev Kumar, IAS Principal Secretary (I/C)	2nd Block, 1st Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar	23250503/04/05
---	--	----------------

Smt. Nipuna M Torawane, IPS Secretary (Home)	2nd Block, 2nd Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar	23250511
--	--	----------

Industries & Mines Department

Ms. Mamta Verma, IAS Additional Chief Secretary	5th Block, 3rd Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923250701
---	---	-------------

Shri Mohammad Shahid, IAS Commissioner of Cottage & Rural Industries and Secretary to Government (Cottage & Rural Industries)	5th Block, 2nd Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	079232-59477/57389
--	---	--------------------

Dr. Kuldeep Arya, IAS Secretary (Tourism, Devasthanam Management, Civil Aviation & Pilgrimage)	5th Block, 4th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251862/50708
--	---	-------------------

Information & Broadcasting Department

Dr. Vikrant Pandey, IAS Secretary (I/C)	2nd Block, 9th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251281
---	---	-------------

Labour, Skill Development and Employment Department

Shri Lochan Sehra, IAS Secretary	5th Block, 6th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923250873
--	---	-------------

Legal Department

Shri Upendra M. Bhatt (I/C) Secretary and R.L.A.	4th Block, 2nd Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923250901, 23250903
--	---	-----------------------

Legislative and Parliamentary Affairs Department

Shri Ashwani Kumar, IAS Principal Secretary (I/C)	4th Block, 4th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251373
---	---	-------------

Shri K. M. Lala Secretary (Legislative)	4th Block, 3rd Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar	07923255836
---	--	-------------

Shri C. J. Gothi Secretary (Parliamentary Affairs)	4th Block, 4th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar	07923250962
--	--	-------------

Narmada, Water Resources, Water Supply and Kalpasar Department

Shri Chandra Vanu Som, IAS Additional Chief Secretary (R & R)	9th Block, 1st Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251651
---	---	-------------

Shri Chandra Vanu Som, IAS Additional Chief Secretary (Narmada)(I/C)	9th Block, 2nd Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251646
---	---	-------------

Smt. Shahmeena Husain, IAS Principal Secretary (Water Supply)	7th Block, 9th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923250812 07923252135
--	---	----------------------------

Shri P. C. Vyas Secretary (Water Resources)	9th Block, 5th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251700 07923251735
---	---	----------------------------

Shri K. R. Parikh Secretary (Kalpsar)	8th Block, 7th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923252233, 07923252235
---	---	-----------------------------

Panchayat, Rural Housing & Rural Development Department

Shri Dhananjay Dwivedi, IAS Principal Secretary	8nd Block, 3nd Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251101/03
---	---	----------------

Shri Dhananjay Dwivedi, IAS Commissioner of Rural Development & Secretary to Government (Rural Development)(I/C)	16th Block, 3nd Floor, Old Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923253461
---	---	-------------

Ports & Transport Department

Shri Hareet Shukla, IAS Principal Secretary (I/C)	2nd Block, 1st Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	079 232 50508/09
---	---	------------------

Revenue Department

Dr. Jayanti S. Ravi, IAS Additional Chief Secretary	11th Block, 5th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251503
Shri Alok Kumar Pandey, IAS Commissioner of Relief and Ex- officio Secretary to Government	Revenue Department, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar	079232-51509
Shri Rajesh Manjhu IAS Revenue Inspection commissioner & Ex. Officio Secretary	11th Block, 5th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	079232-88575

Roads & Building Department

Shri P. R. Patelia Secretary	14th Block, 2nd Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar	07923251801
Shri K. M. Patel Special Secretary (I/C)	14th Block, 1st Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar	07923251808

Science & Technology Department

Smt. P. Bharathi, IAS Secretary	7th Block, 5th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	079232-59999
---	--	--------------

Social Justice & Empowerment Department

Shri Harshadkumar R. Patel, IAS Secretary	5th Block, 8th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251201
---	--	-------------

Sports, Youth & Cultural Activities Department

Dr. Rahul B. Gupta, IAS	2nd Block, 8th	07923251371/73
--------------------------------	----------------	----------------

Secretary	Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.
-----------	--

Tribal Development Department

Smt. Shahmeena Husain, IAS Principal Secretary (I/C)	8th Block, 6th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923252080
--	--	-------------

Urban Development & Urban Housing Department

Shri M. Thennarasan, IAS Principal Secretary	14th Block, 9th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251001/003
--	---	-----------------

Shri Rajkumar Beniwal, IAS Secretary (Housing & Nirmal Gujarat)(I/C)	14th Block, 7th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	07923251037
---	---	-------------

Women & Child Development Department

Shri Rakesh Shankar, IAS Commissioner, Women & Child Development & Secretary to Government	9th Block, 6th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar.	079232-54822/52076
--	--	--------------------

Contact detail of Nationl and State Government

Sr.no	Control room	Contact No.	Fax No	Email
1	SEOC	23251914, 23251900 23251902, 23251907, 1070	23251912 23251916	revcontrol1@gujarat.gov.in revcontrol2@gujarat.gov.in
4	Commissioner of Relief, G'nagar	23251905 9978406123		
5	CEO – GSDMA	23259502, 23259276	23259275	ceo@gsdma.org
6	Diecotr of Relief, G'nagar	23251611, 23251612 9978496087		dor@gujarat.gov.in
7	Diecoter GSDMA	23259292	23259302	director@gsdma.org
8	Mamlatdar SEOC	23251914 9978405746 9978405744	23251912 23251916	revcontrol1@gujarat.gov.in revcontrol2@gujarat.gov.in
9	IMD, A'bad	22865165, 22867657 22861413, 22865449	22865165 22865449	http://www.imd.gov.in
10	CWC, A'bad	079-22865012 079-22865165	22867206 22865449	
11	IRS, G'nagar	66739001 66739002	66739015	http://www.isr.gujarat.gov.in
12	NDRF, G'nagar	079-23201551	079- 23202540	comdt.6ndrf@nic.in dcops.6ndrf@nic.in acm.6ndrf@nic.in

Gujarat State Disaster Management Authority
(GSDMA)

Sr. no	Designation	Office No
1	CEO0	79-23259502, 79-23259276
2	ACEO	079-23259303

Gujarat Institute of Disaster Management (GIDM)

Sr. no	Designation	Office No	Residence	Mobile No
1	Deputy Director	079 23259247	079 23228550	9825498952
2	Assistant Professor	079 23259220	079 27910371	9824284149

State Level Control Room Numbers

Sr. No	EOCs/Control Rooms	Code	Contact Numbers
1	State Emergency Operation Center	079	23251900,23251902, 23251907,23251914(1070) Fax-23251916,23251912
2	Relief Commissioner	079	23251506,23250301,23250799,23251568 (1070), Fax-23251507
3	Director Relief	079	23251611,23251612, 23251916,23251912
4	CEO, GSDMA	079	23259502,23259283,23259276 Fax-23259275,23259383
5	Pri. Secretary Revenue Department	079	23251501,23251507 Fax-23251591,23251508
6	Dy. Collector (SEOC)	079	23251900,23256335, 2325190,Fax-23251916
7	India Methodology Department, Ahmadabad	079	22865165,22858020, 22865012,22865449 Fax-22865165,22865449
8	Institute of sismologycal Gandhinagar	079	66739001,66739000 Fax-66739015,66739028
9	NDRF Team Gandhinagar	079	23201551,23202540, 23201551Fax-23202540
10	Commandant of NDRF Team Gandhinagar	079	23201551,23202540, 09428826445,9427304217, 9427304213
11	State EOC Help Line		1070
12	District EOC Help Line	02631	1077

District Control Room Telephone Numbers

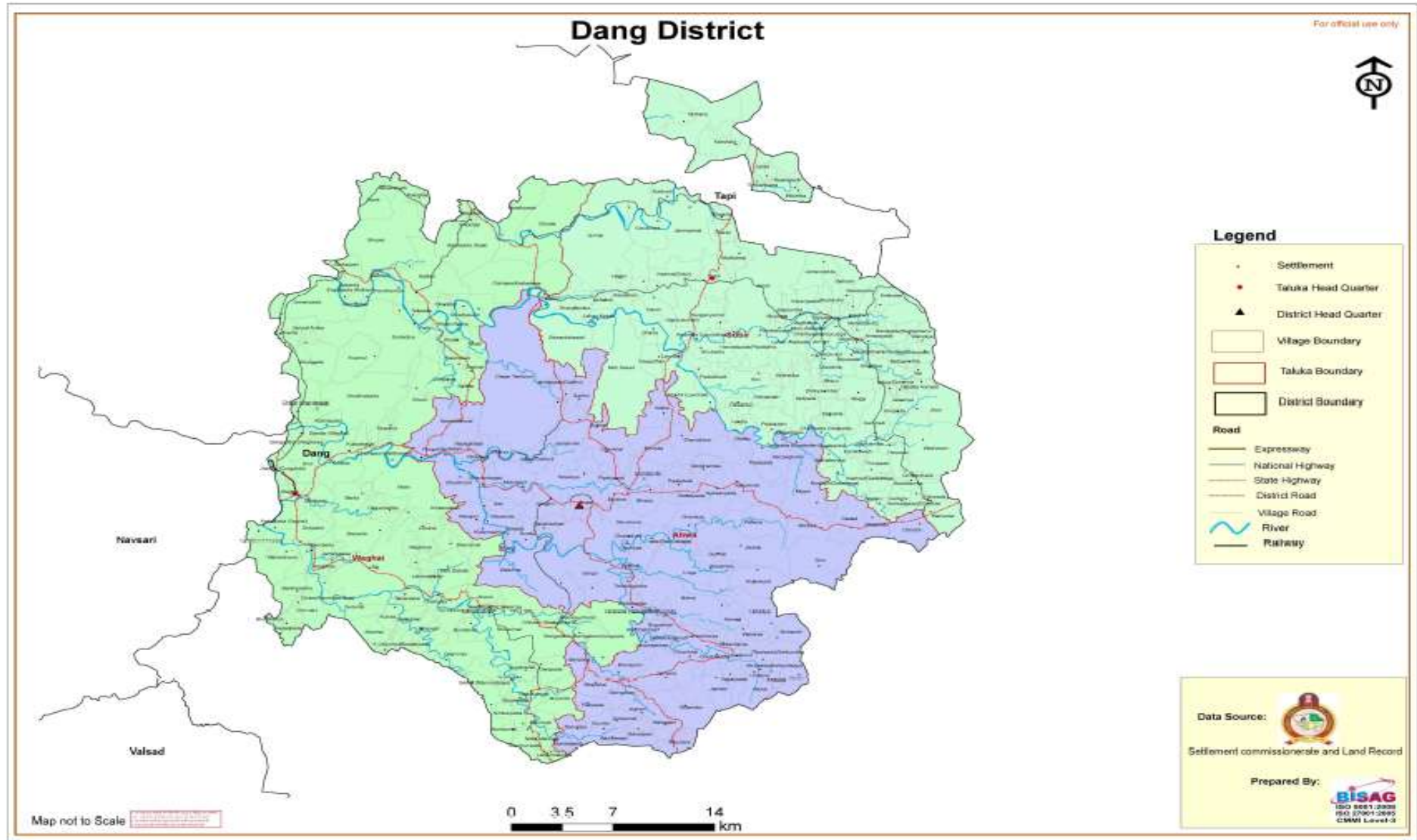
Sr. No	Office	Control Room Telephone no.
1	District Emergency Operation Center, Collector Office	02631-220347
2	D.S.P Office	02631-220658
3	Forest Department	02631-220305
4	R & B Department, State Ahwa	02631-220228
5	G.E.B Board (DGVCL), Ahwa	02631-220079 8980803942
6	S.T Depot	02631-220308 02631-220030
7	R & B Department Panchayat	02631-220309
8	Civil Hospital, Ahwa	02631-220205
9	Saputara Notifide Area Office	9484432758
10	District irrigation Office	02631-220368

-: Near Dang District Fire Station List : -

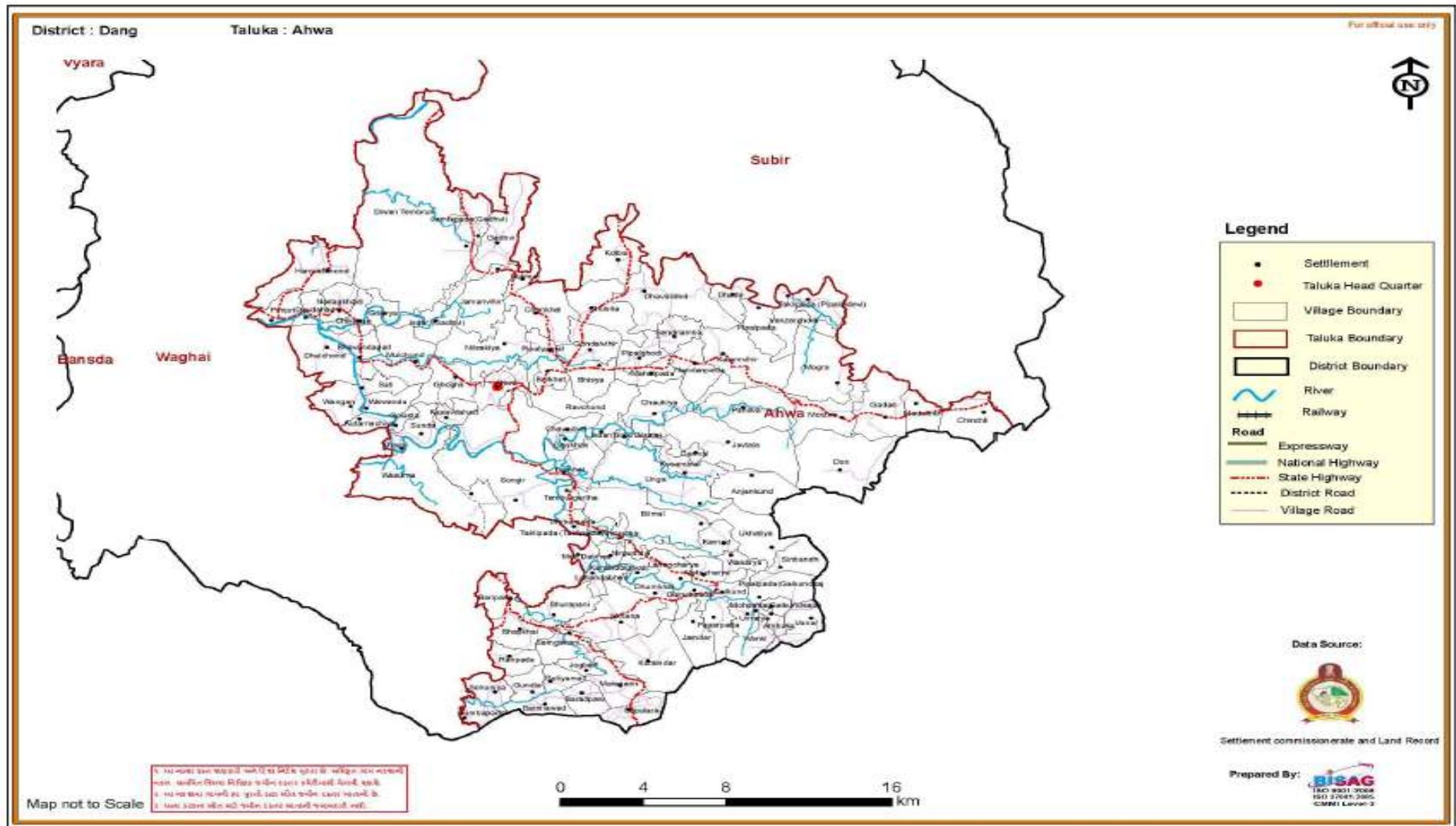
Dang district does not have any municipal corporation at the district headquarters or elsewhere. Even though it is a district headquarters, Gram Panchayat is the body of local self-government. There is a Mini Fire Tanker by Disaster Management in the district and a Mini Fire Tanker at Saputara Notified Area. For major emergencies, efforts will be made to get municipal firemen from nearby district locations whose contact numbers are as follows.

1	AhwaDist:-Dang	02631-220347	
2	Saputara Notified Areas	9484432758	
3	Billimora Fire Station	02634-285637	9726120101
4	Gandevi Fire Station	02634-262436	8849072358 9998832909
5	Valsad Fire Station	02632 244 222	
6	Navsari Fire Station	02637-259001	
7	Vyara Fire Station	02626 221322	
8	Vansada Fire Station	02630 222214	
9	Surat Fire Station	0261-2414139 0261-2400173	

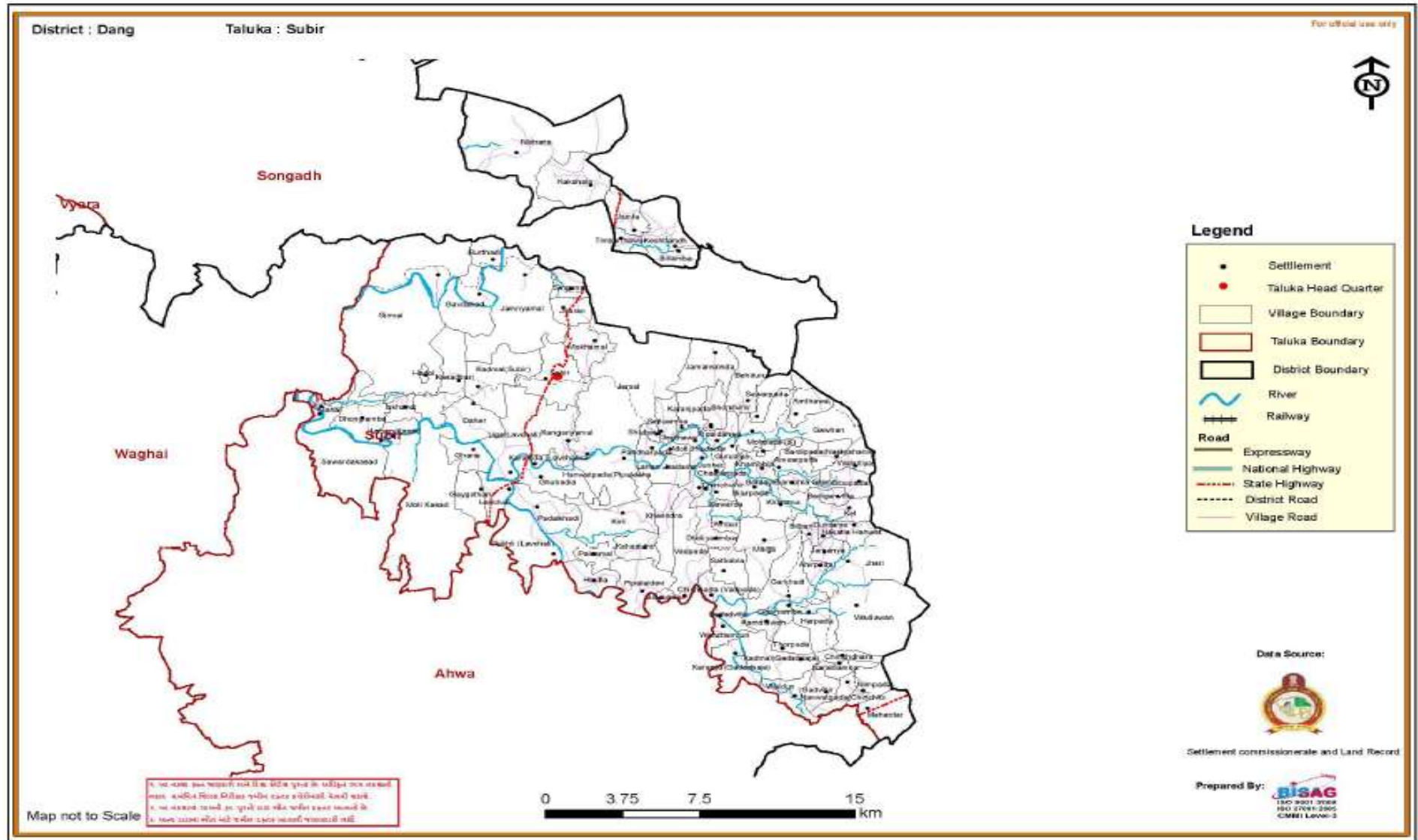
Dang District Map



Map Of Ahwa Taluka



Map Of Subir Taluka



Map Of Waghai Taluka

